DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 416 104 SE 061 472

AUTHOR Keiser, Kellie K.; Nelson, Jennifer E.; Norris, Norma A.;

Szyszkiewicz, Stephen

TITLE NAEP 1996 Science Cross-State Data Compendium for the Grade

8 Assessment. Findings from the National Assessment of Educational Progress for the State Science Assessment. Educational Testing Service, Princeton, NJ.; National

Assessment of Educational Progress, Princeton, NJ.

SPONS AGENCY National Center for Education Statistics (ED), Washington,

DC.

REPORT NO NCES-98-482

ISBN-0-16-049565-2

PUB DATE 1998-05-00

NOTE 121p.

INSTITUTION

AVAILABLE FROM U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of

Documents, Mail Stop: SSOP, Washington, DC 20402-9328.

PUB TYPE Reports - Research (143) EDRS PRICE MF01/PC05 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS *Academic Achievement; Academic Standards; Educational

Change; *Grade 8; Hands on Science; Junior High Schools; *National Competency Tests; Problem Solving; *Science Education; Science Process Skills; Sex Differences; *Standardized Tests; *Student Evaluation; Tables (Data)

*Standardized Tests; *Student Evaluation; Tables (Data)

IDENTIFIERS National Assessment of Educational Progress; *State Science

Assessment (NAEP)

ABSTRACT

This compendium presents eighth grade cross-state results of the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) 1996 state assessment in science along with national and regional results from the NAEP 1996 National Assessment in science without interpretations of the data. Tables of cross-state information for the variables discussed in the NAEP 1996 Science Report Card for the Nation and States and the NAEP 1996 Science State Report are included. This document is intended as a companion to the Science Report Card and the Science State Report. The results for the nation and regions of the country are based on the nationally and regionally representative samples of public and nonpublic school students assessed as part of the national NAEP program. Chapter 1 presents the results for the nation, the four regions, and the participating jurisdictions in the context of the overall average science scale scores and scale scores for the fields of science and the type of school. Chapter 2 presents scale score information for selected population subgroups. Chapters 3 through 7 contain results broken down by background information collected from students, teachers, and school characteristics. (DDR)



NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

NAEP 1996 SCIENCE

Cross-State Data Compendium for the Grade 8 Assessment



Findings from the National Assessment of Educational Progress for the State Science Assessment

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Office of Educational Research and Improvement EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)

- This document has been reproduced as received from the person or organization originating it.
- ☐ Minor changes have been made to improve reproduction quality.
- Points of view or opinions stated in this document do not necessarily represent official OERI position or policy.



What is The Nation's Report Card?

THE NATION'S REPORT CARD, the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), is the only nationally representative and continuing assessment of what America's students know and can do in various subject areas. Since 1969, assessments have been conducted periodically in reading, mathematics, science, writing, history/geography, and other fields. By making objective information on student performance available to policymakers at the national, state, and local levels, NAEP is an integral part of our nation's evaluation of the condition and progress of education. Only information related to academic achievement is collected under this program. NAEP guarantees the privacy of individual students and their families.

NAEP is a congressionally mandated project of the National Center for Education Statistics, the U.S. Department of Education. The Commissioner of Education Statistics is responsible, by law, for carrying out the NAEP project through competitive awards to qualified organizations. NAEP reports directly to the Commissioner, who is also responsible for providing continuing reviews, including validation studies and solicitation of public comment, on NAEP's conduct and usefulness.

In 1988, Congress established the National Assessment Governing Board (NAGB) to formulate policy guidelines for NAEP. The Board is responsible for selecting the subject areas to be assessed from among those included in the National Education Goals; for setting appropriate student performance levels; for developing assessment objectives and test specifications through a national consensus approach; for designing the assessment methodology; for developing guidelines for reporting and disseminating NAEP results; for developing standards and procedures for interstate, regional, and national comparisons; for determining the appropriateness of test items and ensuring they are free from bias; and for taking actions to improve the form and use of the National Assessment.

The National Assessment Governing Board

Mark D. Musick, Chair

President

Southern Regional Education Board Atlanta, Georgia

Mary R. Blanton, Vice Chair

Attorney

Salisbury, North Carolina

Patsy Cavazos

Principal

W.G. Love Accelerated School Houston, Texas

Catherine A. Davidson

Secondary Education Director Central Kitsap School District Silverdale, Washington

Edward Donley

Former Chairman

Air Products & Chemicals, Inc. Allentown, Pennsylvania

Honorable James Edgar

Member Designate Governor of Illinois Springfield, Illinois

James E. Ellingson

Fourth-Grade Classroom Teacher Probstfield Elementary School Moorhead, Minnesota

Thomas H. Fisher

Director, Student Assessment Services Florida Department of Education Tallahassee, Florida

Michael J. Guerra

Executive Director National Catholic Education Association Washington, DC

Edward H. Haertel

Professor of Education Stanford University Stanford, California

Lvnn Marmer

President

Cincinnati Board of Education Cincinnati, Ohio

William J. Moloney

Commissioner of Education State of Colorado Denver, Colorado

Honorable Annette Morgan

Former Member

Missouri House of Representatives Jefferson City, Missouri

Mitsugi Nakashima

First Vice-Chairperson Hawaii State Board of Education Honolulu, Hawaii

Michael T. Nettles

Professor of Education & Public Policy University of Michigan Ann Arbor, Michigan and Director Frederick D. Patterson Research Institute

United Negro College Fund

Honorable Norma Paulus

Superintendent of Public Instruction Oregon State Department of Education Salem, Oregon

Jo Ann Pottorff

Kansas House of Representatives Wichita, Kansas

Honorable William T. Randall

Former Commissioner of Education State of Colorado Denver, Colorado

Diane Ravitch

Member Designate Senior Research Scholar New York University New York, New York

Honorable Roy Romer

Governor of Colorado Denver, Colorado

Fannie L. Simmons

Mathematics Coordinator District 5 of Lexington/Richland County Ballentine, South Carolina

Adam Urbanski

President

Rochester Teachers Association Rochester, New York

Deborah Voltz

Assistant Professor Department of Special Education University of Louisville Louisville, Kentucky

Marilyn A. Whirry

Twelfth-Grade English Teacher Mira Costa High School Manhattan Beach, California

Dennie Palmer Wolf

Senior Research Associate Harvard Graduate School of Education Cambridge, Massachusetts

Ricky T. Takai (Ex-Officio)

Acting Assistant Secretary of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement U.S. Department of Education Washington, DC

Roy Truby

Executive Director, NAGB Washington, DC



NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

NAEP 1996 Science Cross-State Data Compendium for the Grade 8 Assessment

Findings from the
National Assessment of Educational Progress
for the State Science Assessment

Kellie K. Keiser Jennifer E. Nelson Norma A. Norris Stephen Szyszkiewicz

May 1998

Prepared by Educational Testing Service under a cooperative agreement with the National Center for Education Statistics

U.S. Department of Education
Office of Educational Research and Improvement NCES 98-482





U.S. Department of Education

Richard W. Riley Secretary

Office of Educational Research and Improvement

Ricky T. Takai Acting Assistant Secretary

National Center for Education Statistics

Pascal D. Forgione, Jr. Commissioner

Education Assessment Group

Gary W. Phillips Associate Commissioner

May 1998

SUGGESTED CITATION

Keiser, K.K., Nelson, J.E., Norris, N.A., Szyszkiewicz, S., NAEP 1996 science cross-state data compendium for the grade 8 assessment.

Washington, DC: National Center for Education Statistics, (1998).

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Contact: Arnold A. Goldstein 202-219-1741

For ordering information on this report, write:

National Library of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement U.S. Department of Education 555 New Jersey Avenue, NW Washington, D.C. 20208-5641

or call 1-800-424-1616 (in the Washington, DC, metropolitan area call 202-219-1651).

This report also is available on the World Wide Web: http://nces.ed.gov/naep.

The work upon which this publication is based was performed for the National Center for Education Statistics, Office of Educational Research and Improvement, by Educational Testing Service.

Educational Testing Service is an equal opportunity, affirmative action employer.

Educational Testing Service, ETS, and the ETS logo are registered trademarks of Educational Testing Service. The modernized ETS logo is a trademark of Educational Testing Service.



Table of Contents

INTRODUC	TION 1
	Scores for the Nation, the Regions, and the States ge Science Composite Scale Score and Selected Percentiles: Grade 8 Public School Students
	Average Science Composite Scale Score and Selected Percentiles:
Table 1.2	
Table 1.3	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Type of School: 1996 Grade 8 Students in Public, Nonpublic, and Combined Schools 8
CHAPTER 2	2: Scale Scores by Population Subgroups
Overview	9
Table 2.1	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Gender: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 2.2	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Race/Ethnicity: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 2.3	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Parents' Education Level: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 2.4	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Title I Participation: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 2.5	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Program Eligibility: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
CHAPTER 3	3: School Characteristics Related to Science Instruction
Overview	
Table 3.1	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Schools' Focus on Science: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 3.2	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Schools' Identification of Science as a Priority: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students



Table 3.3	by Schools' Reports on District or State Science Curriculum Standards: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 3.4	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Schools' Reports on Frequency of Science Instruction: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 3.5	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Availability of Resources: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 3.6	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Availability of Curriculum Specialists to Help or Advise: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 3.7	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Schools' Reports on Involving Parents as Aides in Classrooms: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 3.8	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Schools' Reports on Student Absenteeism: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
	: Classroom Practices Related to Science Instruction
Overview	
Table 4.1	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Time Spent on Earth Science: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.2	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Time Spent on Physical Science: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.3	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Time Spent on Life Science: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.4	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Their Current Science Course: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.5	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Time Spent Studying Science in School: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.6	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Instructional Emphasis on Knowing Science Facts and Terminology: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students



Table 4.7	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Instructional Emphasis on Understanding Key Science Concepts: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.8	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Instructional Emphasis on Developing Science Problem-Solving Skills: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students 34
Table 4.9	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Instructional Emphasis on Effectively Communicating Science Ideas: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students 35
Table 4.10	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Time Spent on the Discussion of Science in the News: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.11	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Time Spent on the Discussion of Science in the News: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.12	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Expected Time Spent on Homework: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.13	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Time Spent on Homework: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.14	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Using Computers at Home: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.15	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on The Availability of Computers: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.16	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on The Use of Computers for Instruction in Science: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.17	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on The Frequency of Computer Use: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 4.18	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Student s' Reports on The Frequency of Computer Use: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students



CHAPTER 5: Hands-On Science Tasks

Overview	
Table 5.1	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Emphasis on Developing Laboratory Skills and Techniques: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 5.2	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Emphasis on Developing Data Analysis Skills: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 5.3	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Frequency of Science Demonstrations: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 5.4	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Frequency of Science Demonstrations: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 5.5	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on Frequency of Hands-On Activities or Investigations in Science: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students 56
Table 5.6	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Frequency of Hands-On Activities or Investigations in Science: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 5.7	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Teachers' Reports on The Assignment of Long-Term Science Projects: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 5.8	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Working on Long-Term Science Projects: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 5.9	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Frequency of Independent Science Investigations: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
CHAPTER 6	: Influences Beyond School That Facilitate Learning Science
Table 6.1	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Discussing Studies at Home: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 6.2	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Literacy Materials in the Home: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 6.3	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Television Viewing Habits: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students



Table 6.4	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Schools' Reports on Parental Support: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 6.5	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Mobility: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 6.6	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on The Usefulness of Science: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 6.7	Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score by Students' Reports on Their Views that Learning Science is Mostly Memorizing: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students 67
CHAPTER 7	: Teacher Preparation
Overview	69
Table 7.1	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Highest Academic Degree: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 7.2	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Undergraduate Majors: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 7.3	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Graduate Majors: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 7.4	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Certification in Their Main Assignment Field: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 7.5	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Certification Recognized by Their State: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 7.6	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Total Number of Years Teaching Experience: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 7.7	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Total Number of Years of Science Teaching Experience: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 7.8	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Recent Course Taking in Science or Science Education: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students



Table 7.9	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Professional Development Activities in Science or Science Education: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 7.10	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Professional Development in Technical Areas Related to Science: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 7.11	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Time Spent on Professional Development in Science: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Table 7.12	Percentage of Students by Teachers' Membership in Professional Organizations: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
rechnica)	L APPENDIX
ACKNOWI I	EDCMENTS



Introduction

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) is a congressionally mandated project of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) that has, for more than a quarter of a century, continually collected and reported information on what American students know and can do. It is the nation's only ongoing, comparable, and representative assessment of student achievement. Its assessments are based on a national probability sample of public and nonpublic school students enrolled in grades 4, 8, or 12. Results are provided only for group performance. NAEP is forbidden by law to report results at an individual or school level. The assessment questions are written around a framework prepared for each content area — reading, writing, mathematics, science and others — that represents the consensus of groups of curriculum experts, educators, and members of the general public on what should be covered in such a test. In addition, students, their teachers, and their schools are asked to fill out questionnaires, to gather information on student demographics, teacher preparation, instructional practices, school policies, and out-of-school activities related to educational achievement.

In response to legislation passed by Congress in 1988, the NAEP program includes voluntary state-by-state assessments. This report presents grade 8 science results from the NAEP 1996 state assessment program. The state assessment program was initiated in 1990 on a trial basis with the assessment of mathematics achievement of eighth-grade students in public schools. The 1992 Trial State Assessment (TSA) assessed public school students in fourth- and eighth-grade mathematics and fourth-grade reading. In 1994, 44 jurisdictions participated in a fourth-grade reading assessment. Because of the positive evaluations of the 1990, 1992, and 1994 TSAs, the "trial" designation has been removed from the 1996 state-level NAEP assessment. The NAEP 1996 science state assessment program was comprised of a state-by-state science assessment of eighth-grade students enrolled in both public and nonpublic schools, with 47 jurisdictions participating in this assessment program.

Because the NAEP state assessments are voluntary, the participating jurisdictions have the final authority to release or withhold their results. In 1996 all jurisdictions gave permission to have their results released. To help ensure valid state-by-state results, the 1996 state assessment program continued the use of minimum school and student participation rate standards (see the Technical Appendix for details) for its reporting activities. Results are not reported for jurisdictions that failed to meet these standards. Three states — Nevada, New Hampshire, and New Jersey — did not meet the minimum school participation standards for public schools; therefore, their grade 8 public school results are not presented in this report. Several other states failed to meet a second set of more stringent participation rate guidelines



12

intended to alert the reader of the possibility of significant nonresponse bias. Results for these jurisdictions are included in the report and are noted in the relevant tables in the Technical Appendix. The participants included:

Figure 1.1

Participating Jurisdictions in the NAEP 1996 State Assessment Program in Science, Grade 8



Alabama	Indiana	Nebraska	Texas
Alaska ^b	lowa ^b	Nevadaº	Utah
Arizona	Kentucky	New Hampshire ^a	Vermont ^b
Arkansas ^b	Louisiana	New Jersey ^o	Virginia
California	Maine	New Mexico	Washington
Colorado	Maryland ^b	New York ^b	West Virginia
Connecticut	Massachusetts	North Carolina	Wisconsin ^b
Delaware	Michigan ^b	North Dakota	Wyoming
District of Columbia	Minnesota	Oregon	DDESS
Florida	Mississippi	Rhode Island	DoDDS
Georgia	Missouri	South Carolinab	Guam
Hawaii	Montana ^b	Tennessee	

Failed to meet the initial school participation rate of 70 percent for public schools; public school results not reported.

This compendium presents eighth-grade cross-state results of the NAEP 1996 state assessment in science along with national and regional results from the NAEP 1996 National Assessment; no interpretations of the data are made in this document. It contains tables of cross-state information for the variables discussed in the NAEP 1996 Science Report Card for the Nation and States and the NAEP 1996 Science State Report and is intended to be used as a companion document to these reports. The results for the nation and the regions of the country are based on the nationally and regionally representative samples of public and nonpublic school students who were assessed as part of the national NAEP program. Using the regional and national results from the 1996 national NAEP program is necessary because of the voluntary nature of the state assessment program. Since not every state participated in the program, the aggregated data across states did not necessarily provide representative national and regional results. General information about the instrumentation, sampling, data collection, and analysis procedures for the state assessment program can be found in the NAEP 1996 individual state reports (Appendices A and C), in the Technical Appendix of this report, and in the Technical Report of the NAEP 1996 state assessment program in science.

¹ Allen, N. L., Swinton, S. S., Isham, S. P., & Zelenak, C. A. (1997). *Technical report of the NAEP 1996 state assessment program in science*. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Statistics.



^b Failed to meet one or more participation rate guidelines for public schools; public school results reported with appropriate notation.

Chapter 1 presents the results for the nation, the four regions, and the participating jurisdictions in the context of the overall average science scale scores and scale scores for fields of science and type of school. Chapter 2 presents scale score information for selected population subgroups: gender, race/ethnicity, parents' highest education level, Title I participation and free/reduced-price lunch program eligibility.

Chapters 3 through 7 contain results by breakdowns of background information collected from the student, teacher, and school characteristics and policies questionnaires. In particular, school characteristics related to science instruction are examined in Chapter 3, and Chapter 4 reports on classroom practices related to science instruction. Chapter 5 reports on teacher and school activities related to the use of hands-on tasks in science instruction. Chapter 6 covers potential influences beyond school that facilitate learning science, and Chapter 7 pertains to teacher preparation.

How to Read the Tables in This Report

The title for each table indicates: (1) assessment year, grade, and school-type sample for which results are being presented; (2) the reported statistics (e.g. average scale scores or percentiles); and when appropriate, (3) the variables by which results are broken out. The abbreviation SS found in the column heading of the tables denotes average overall composite science scale score with the exception of Table 1.1, where it denotes the average overall scale score, as well as the scale scores for the indicated percentiles, and Table 1.2, where it denotes the average scale score for the fields of science. The standard error of the percentages and scale scores appears in parentheses and is abbreviated SE. The participating jurisdictions appear in the left margin, as follows: the nation and four regions of the United States; the participating states listed in alphabetical order; and other jurisdictions, including Department of Defense Domestic Dependent Elementary and Secondary Schools (DDESS), Department of Defense Dependents Schools (DoDDS), and Guam.

The results of the 1996 state assessment program provided in the report are based on state-level samples of eighth-grade public school students. The samples were selected based on a two-stage sample design selection of schools within participating states and selection of students within schools. The first-stage samples of schools were selected with probability proportional to the eighth-grade enrollments in the schools. Special procedures were used for states with many small schools, and for jurisdictions having a small number of schools. The national and regional results presented in this report are based on nationally representative probability samples of eighth-grade students. The sample was selected using a complex multistage sampling design involving the sampling of students from selected schools within selected geographic areas across the country.



Cautions in Interpretations

The reader is cautioned against making causal inferences related to population subgroup membership, background variables, effectiveness of public and nonpublic schools, and state educational systems. For example, differences observed among racial/ethnic subgroups can almost certainly be associated with a broad range of socioeconomic and educational factors not discussed in this report and possibly not addressed by the NAEP assessment program. Similarly, differences between public and nonpublic schools may be better understood after accounting for factors such as composition of the student body, parents' education levels, and parental interest. Finally, differences in science performance among states most likely reflect an interaction between the effectiveness of the educational programs within the state and the challenges posed by economic constraints and student demographic demands.



Chapter 1

Scale Scores for the Nation and the States

Overview

Chapter 1 contains the average overall science performance results of eighth grade students for the nation, each of the four regions, and each jurisdiction that participated in the 1996 state assessments in science.

- Table 1.1 provides average overall science scale scores and selected percentiles for grade 8 students.
- Table 1.2 represents the results by fields of science. The three fields of science are: Physical Science, Earth Science, and Life Science.
- Table 1.3 presents overall science performance results for grade 8 public school, nonpublic school, and combined public and nonpublic school students.



TABLE 1.1 POPULATION:

1996 Science Assessment

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Average Science Composite Scale Score and Selected Percentiles



1996 NAEP grade 8 public school student science performance	Average Mathematics Scale Score	10th Percentile	25th Percentile	50th Percentile	75th Percentile	90th Percentile	
JURISDICTIONS	SS (SE)	SS (SE)	SS (SE)	SS (SE)	SS (SE)	SS (SE)	
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	148 (0.9)	102 (1.6)	126 (1.3)	151 (0.9)	172 (1.1)	191 (1.3)	
	149 (2.9)	103 (4.8)	127 (4.5)	151 (3.0)	173 (4.0)	191 (3.0)	
	141 (1.9)	96 (2.9)	118 (2.7)	143 (2.1)	165 (1.9)	183 (1.2)	
	155 (2.7)	109 (3.4)	134 (6.0)	158 (3.8)	178 (2.7)	196 (2.3)	
	148 (2.2)	101 (3.3)	127 (3.1)	151 (2.0)	172 (1.7)	190 (3.7)	
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY	139 (1.6)	95 (2.3)	117 (1.5)	140 (1.8)	163 (1.8)	180 (1.8)	
	153 (1.3)	111 (2.9)	133 (1.9)	156 (1.4)	175 (1.6)	192 (1.7)	
	145 (1.6)	102 (2.9)	124 (2.3)	147 (1.7)	168 (1.7)	184 (2.5)	
	144 (1.3)	100 (2.6)	123 (1.7)	147 (1.8)	168 (1.4)	184 (2.1)	
	138 (1.7)	89 (1.6)	115 (3.3)	140 (1.9)	164 (1.8)	183 (1.4)	
	155 (0.9)	114 (1.9)	136 (1.2)	157 (1.0)	176 (1.4)	192 (0.9)	
	155 (1.3)	110 (2.5)	135 (1.8)	158 (1.5)	179 (1.2)	195 (1.1)	
	142 (0.8)	96 (2.9)	90 (1.8)	144 (0.9)	165 (0.8)	183 (0.9)	
	113 (0.7)	71 (3.2)	120 (2.8)	112 (1.0)	135 (1.4)	156 (1.7)	
	142 (1.6)	98 (2.5)	120 (2.8)	144 (1.6)	166 (1.6)	184 (1.7)	
	142 (1.4)	97 (2.8)	120 (1.4)	143 (1.4)	166 (1.9)	184 (1.7)	
	135 (0.7)	90 (1.9)	114 (1.5)	137 (0.9)	158 (0.9)	176 (1.5)	
	153 (1.4)	115 (2.0)	133 (1.6)	155 (1.2)	174 (1.7)	190 (1.9)	
	158 (1.2)	121 (1.2)	140 (1.5)	160 (1.0)	178 (1.0)	193 (0.7)	
	147 (1.2)	107 (2.7)	127 (1.6)	149 (1.3)	168 (1.1)	185 (1.2)	
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	132 (1.6)	86 (2.4)	110 (2.1)	135 (1.4)	157 (2.2)	175 (2.7)	
	163 (1.0)	128 (1.6)	145 (1.6)	164 (1.2)	182 (1.0)	196 (1.0)	
	145 (1.5)	99 (3.4)	123 (1.5)	148 (2.2)	170 (2.0)	189 (1.9)	
	157 (1.4)	114 (2.6)	137 (2.5)	160 (2.0)	179 (1.0)	196 (1.3)	
	153 (1.4)	111 (2.0)	133 (2.3)	156 (1.3)	176 (1.2)	192 (1.6)	
	159 (1.3)	121 (3.1)	140 (1.6)	161 (1.4)	179 (1.2)	194 (2.9)	
	133 (1.4)	91 (3.0)	111 (1.6)	134 (1.5)	155 (1.3)	174 (1.5)	
	151 (1.2)	109 (2.7)	132 (1.8)	154 (1.1)	172 (1.2)	189 (1.6)	
	162 (1.2)	127 (2.6)	146 (1.7)	164 (1.2)	180 (0.6)	194 (1.9)	
	157 (1.0)	118 (1.5)	139 (1.2)	159 (1.0)	178 (1.2)	193 (1.3)	
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	141 (1.0)	99 (1.0)	119 (1.7)	142 (1.3)	164 (1.3)	182 (1.7)	
	146 (1.6)	96 (2.9)	122 (2.5)	149 (2.0)	172 (1.4)	190 (1.3)	
	147 (1.2)	104 (1.9)	125 (1.5)	148 (1.2)	169 (1.7)	187 (1.0)	
	162 (0.8)	127 (1.3)	146 (1.5)	164 (0.7)	181 (1.1)	195 (1.0)	
	155 (1.6)	115 (3.3)	136 (2.3)	157 (1.4)	176 (1.2)	192 (1.4)	
	149 (0.8)	108 (1.4)	129 (0.9)	150 (1.0)	171 (1.2)	189 (1.1)	
	139 (1.5)	96 (2.2)	116 (1.9)	139 (1.8)	161 (1.9)	180 (1.9)	
	143 (1.8)	98 (3.4)	121 (2.3)	146 (1.8)	167 (1.2)	185 (2.1)	
	145 (1.8)	102 (2.5)	123 (2.6)	147 (1.7)	169 (1.7)	185 (1.6)	
	156 (0.8)	120 (2.0)	138 (1.3)	158 (0.7)	175 (1.1)	190 (1.2)	
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	157 (1.6)	119 (2.2)	139 (1.5)	158 (1.2)	177 (1.4)	193 (2.3)	
	149 (1.6)	106 (3.1)	128 (2.6)	151 (2.8)	172 (1.8)	190 (2.1)	
	150 (1.3)	108 (2.3)	130 (2.2)	152 (1.5)	172 (1.6)	189 (1.4)	
	147 (0.9)	112 (2.1)	129 (1.5)	148 (1.2)	166 (1.0)	182 (1.1)	
	160 (1.7)	120 (2.8)	141 (1.9)	162 (1.6)	181 (1.0)	196 (1.0)	
	158 (0.6)	122 (1.3)	140 (0.8)	158 (0.8)	176 (0.8)	192 (0.8)	
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	153 (1.1)	117 (2.4)	135 (1.5)	153 (1.6)	172 (1.9)	188 (2.1)	
	155 (0.7)	118 (0.9)	137 (1.4)	157 (0.9)	175 (1.0)	190 (0.9)	
	120 (1.1)	74 (2.2)	96 (1.9)	121 (1.8)	146 (2.2)	165 (1.8)	

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



TABLE 1.2

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students
Average Science Scale Scores by Fields of Science

REPORTED STATISTICS:



Field of science	Physical Science	Earth Science	Life Science
JURISDICTIONS	SS (SE)	SS (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation			
NATION	149 (1.0)	149 (1.0)	148 (1.1)
NORTHEAST	149 (2.2)	146 (3.1)	152 (3.8)
SOUTHEAST	141 (2.2)	142 (2.2)	141 (2.0)
CENTRAL	157 (3.5)	156 (2.9)	154 (2.4)
WEST	148 (2.1)	149 (2.1)	147 (2.6)
States			
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT	138 (1.8)	138 (1.9)	139 (1.6)
	153 (1.5)	154 (1.3)	152 (1.3)
	144 (1.7)	145 (1.7)	145 (1.6)
	144 (1.5)	144 (1.3)	145 (1.6)
	137 (2.0)	139 (1.7)	138 (1.9)
	155 (1.1)	156 (1.0)	153 (1.2)
	155 (1.3)	155 (1.5)	155 (1.5)
DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	142 (0.9)	142 (0.9)	141 (1.0)
	112 (0.9)	112 (0.9)	114 (0.8)
	143 (1.7)	142 (1.9)	142 (1.7)
GEORGIA	140 (1.7)	142 (1.7)	143 (1.5)
HAWAII	135 (0.7)	135 (1.0)	135 (0.9)
INDIANA	154 (1.3)	153 (1.6)	153 (1.7)
IOWA†	159 (1.2)	160 (1.3)	156 (1.5)
KENTUCKY	146 (1.4)	148 (1.4)	148 (1.3)
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	131 (2.1)	132 (1.6)	134 (1.5)
	165 (1.4)	164 (1.1)	161 (1.2)
	145 (1.6)	145 (1.8)	146 (1.6)
	157 (1.4)	156 (1.6)	157 (1.5)
	154 (1.6)	153 (1.7)	152 (1.5)
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	159 (1.4)	159 (1.5)	158 (1.4)
	132 (1.6)	134 (1.6)	133 (1.6)
	151 (1.4)	152 (1.4)	151 (1.4)
	163 (1.2)	162 (1.3)	161 (1.5)
	158 (1.1)	159 (1.1)	156 (1.3)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	142 (1.0)	142 (1.2)	140 (1.0)
	146 (1.9)	144 (1.6)	147 (1.7)
	147 (1.3)	147 (1.2)	146 (1.4)
	162 (0.8)	163 (0.9)	162 (1.0)
	155 (1.6)	156 (1.6)	154 (1.8)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	150 (0.8)	150 (1.1)	148 (0.9)
	138 (1.8)	139 (1.9)	139 (1.6)
	143 (2.0)	143 (1.9)	144 (1.9)
	145 (2.0)	147 (1.9)	144 (1.8)
	157 (1.0)	156 (0.9)	155 (1.1)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	159 (1.0)	157 (0.9)	156 (1.3)
	150 (1.9)	148 (1.8)	150 (1.6)
	150 (1.5)	150 (1.3)	148 (1.8)
	147 (1.3)	147 (0.9)	147 (1.2)
	160 (1.8)	161 (1.6)	159 (1.9)
WYOMING	159 (0.7)	157 (0.8)	156 (0.9)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS	152 (1.3)	154 (1.2)	153 (1.4)
	155 (0.7)	156 (1.0)	154 (1.0)

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



TABLE 1.3

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Students in Public, Nonpublic, and Combined Schools

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

BREAKDOWNS BY:

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Type of School



Type of school	Public Schools		Nonpublic Schools		All Schools	
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States ARKANSAS† CAUFORNIA† GEORGIA IOWA† KENTUCKY† LOUISIANA† MASSACHUSETTS† MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA† MINNESOTA† MISSOURI MONTANA NEBRASKA† NEVADA NEW HAMPSHIRE NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH DAKOTA† TEXAS† VERMONT† WASHINGTON	89 (1.4) 79 (5.1) 92 (2.3) 88 (2.8) 94 (1.5) 96 (1.1) 92 (1.0) 94 (1.8) 91 (1.4) 91 (1.3) 83 (1.8) 85 (1.4) 88 (1.0) 92 (1.0) 88 (1.7) 95 (1.1) 89 (1.4) — (—)a 93 (1.4) 84 (1.5) 94 (1.4) 95 (0.8) 95 (0.8) 93 (1.1)	148 (0.9) 149 (2.9) 141 (1.9) 155 (2.7) 148 (2.2) 144 (1.3) 138 (1.7) 142 (1.4) 158 (1.2) 147 (1.2) 132 (1.6) 157 (1.4) 153 (1.4) 159 (1.3) 151 (1.2) 162 (1.2) 157 (1.0) () 141 (1.0) 146 (1.6) 162 (0.8) 145 (1.8) 157 (1.0) 150 (1.3)	11 (1.4) 21 (5.1) 8 (2.3) 12 (2.8) 6 (1.5) 4 (1.1) 8 (1.0) 6 (1.8) 9 (1.4) 9 (1.3) 17 (1.8) 15 (1.4) 12 (1.0) 8 (1.0) 12 (1.7) 5 (1.1) 11 (1.4) 5 (1.2) 7 (1.3) 7 (1.4) 16 (1.5) 6 (1.4) 5 (0.8) 5 (0.8) 7 (1.1)	162 (2.5) 160 (4.9)! 164 (3.6)! 163 (2.0)! 165 (6.0)! 167 (4.4)! 161 (4.3) 166 (5.2)! 167 (3.2) 159 (3.7) 156 (3.2) 161 (3.3) 158 (4.0) 166 (2.4) 167 (4.2) 158 (8.6)! 165 (2.5) 159 (7.0)! 176 (3.6) 164 (6.6)! 149 (4.7) 168 (4.5)! 176 (9.2) 168 (4.6) 165 (6.0)	100 (···) 100 (···)	150 (0.9) 151 (2.6) 143 (1.9) 156 (2.5) 149 (2.2) 145 (1.3) 140 (1.6) 143 (1.4) 159 (1.0) 148 (1.1) 136 (1.6) 157 (1.4) 159 (1.2) 153 (1.2) 162 (1.2) 158 (1.0) — (—)p 142 (1.4) 146 (1.4) 162 (0.8) 147 (1.8) 158 (0.9) 151 (1.3)
Other Jurisdictions GUAM†	80 (0.8)	120 (1.1)	20 (0.8)	147 (1.8)	100 ()	125 (0.9)

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).



^{...} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

[!] Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

Nevada and New Hampshire did not satisfy the 1996 public school participation rates necessary for reporting results (see Appendix A).
 SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.

Chapter 2

Scale Scores by Population Subgroups

Overview

Results for the nation and participating jurisdictions are provided in Chapter 2 for various population subgroups. This includes classifications by gender, race/ethnicity, parents' education level, Title I participation, and eligibility for the free/reduced-price lunch component of the National School Lunch Program (NSLP). There is one table for each of these demographic categories, presented in the order listed above.

The Title I legislation provides funds to state and local educational agencies to support projects aimed at assisting economically disadvantaged students attending public and nonpublic schools. This information was first collected at the student level for the NAEP assessment in 1996. In previous NAEP assessments, principals and other school administrators were asked to report the percentage of students in their schools who received Title I services. Therefore, comparable results are not available from previous assessments.

The free/reduced-price lunch component of the NSLP is offered through the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). Eligibility for this program is determined through the USDA's Income Eligibility Guidelines. NAEP first collected information on student-level eligibility for this federally funded program in 1996. Therefore, results are not available from previous assessments.

¹ As a result of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act reauthorized by Congress in 1994, the federal program formerly know as Chapter 1 was renamed Title I.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

BREAKDOWNS BY: Gender



What is your gender?	M	ale	Fer	nale
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
JURISDICTIONS Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA†	PCT (SE) 51 (1.2) 51 (4.5) 49 (0.8) 53 (2.1) 51 (1.7) 49 (0.9) 50 (1.6) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.3) 49 (0.9) 51 (1.2) 49 (1.3) 53 (0.9) 50 (1.0) 52 (1.3) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.3) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.3) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.3) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 51 (1.2) 52 (1.0) 50 (1.1) 51 (1.1) 49 (1.5)	SS (SE) 149 (1.1) 149 (2.5) 142 (2.1) 158 (3.1) 147 (2.2) 138 (2.0) 155 (1.5) 147 (1.8) 147 (1.8) 140 (2.0) 156 (1.2) 156 (1.2) 156 (1.4) 143 (1.4) 113 (1.2) 144 (1.6) 144 (1.8) 135 (1.0) 154 (1.7) 159 (1.3) 148 (1.5) 136 (1.9) 165 (1.2) 146 (1.9) 159 (1.7) 156 (1.6) 161 (1.4) 134 (1.8) 152 (1.3) 164 (1.7)	PCT (SE) 49 (1.2) 49 (4.5) 51 (0.8) 47 (2.1) 49 (1.7) 51 (0.9) 50 (1.6) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.3) 51 (0.9) 49 (1.2) 51 (1.3) 47 (0.9) 50 (1.0) 48 (1.3) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.3) 50 (1.0) 48 (1.3) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.2) 50 (1.1) 50 (1.1) 51 (1.5)	SS (SE) 148 (1.2) 149 (5.2) 140 (1.9) 153 (2.8) 149 (2.6) 139 (1.7) 150 (1.8) 143 (1.7) 142 (1.5) 136 (1.9) 153 (1.1) 155 (1.5) 140 (1.0) 113 (1.4) 140 (2.0) 139 (1.5) 135 (1.0) 152 (1.5) 157 (1.4) 147 (1.3) 129 (1.7) 161 (1.2) 145 (1.5) 150 (1.7) 157 (1.5) 152 (1.5) 157 (1.4) 147 (1.3)
NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS	50 (0.9) 50 (1.0) 50 (1.0) 50 (1.0) 50 (1.0) 52 (0.9) 49 (1.2) 50 (1.3) 49 (1.1) 52 (1.3) 50 (1.1) 48 (1.0) 49 (1.4) 51 (1.1) 51 (1.0) 51 (0.9) 49 (1.2) 52 (1.1)	160 (1.2) 143 (1.3) 148 (2.5) 149 (1.5) 163 (0.9) 157 (2.0) 150 (1.1) 141 (1.9) 144 (2.0) 147 (1.6) 159 (1.2) 158 (1.3) 150 (1.7) 152 (1.6) 148 (1.3) 161 (1.9) 159 (1.0)	50 (0.9) 50 (1.0) 50 (1.0) 50 (1.0) 50 (1.0) 48 (0.9) 51 (1.2) 50 (1.3) 51 (1.1) 48 (1.3) 50 (1.1) 52 (1.0) 51 (1.4) 49 (1.1) 49 (1.0) 49 (0.9) 51 (1.2) 48 (1.1)	155 (1.3) 139 (1.1) 143 (1.3) 145 (1.3) 161 (0.9) 153 (1.5) 148 (1.2) 136 (1.5) 142 (2.1) 143 (2.4) 154 (0.8) 156 (1.1) 148 (1.7) 147 (1.4) 147 (1.1) 158 (1.7) 156 (0.9)
DoDDS GUAM	49 (1.0) 50 (1.4)	157 (1.1) 120 (1.6)	51 (1.0) 50 (1.4)	154 (0.9) 120 (1.6)

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

BREAKDOWNS BY:

Race/Ethnicity



Which best describes your race or your ethnic background?	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian/ Pacific Islander	American Indian
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE) SS (S	E) PCT (SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE) SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	68 (0.4) 159 (1 62 (5.5) 162 (2 65 (3.8) 153 (1 82 (1.9) 161 (2 65 (2.9) 158 (2	6) 25 (3.8) 122 (1.9)! 2) 26 (3.3) 116 (1.8) 9) 9 (1.9) 118 (5.5)!	8 (1.3) 126 (4.2) 5 (1.1) 129 (3.9)!	2 (0.3) 150 (3.3) 2 (0.8) () 1 (0.3) () 1 (0.5) () 4 (0.8) 147 (3.1)	2 (0.3) 148 (4.2) 2 (0.5) () 1 (0.4) () 2 (0.6) () 2 (0.9) 152 (5.0)!
States	55 (2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA	61 (1.9) 151 (1 66 (1.6) 162 (1 57 (1.9) 157 (1 73 (1.9) 154 (1 38 (2.1) 156 (1	2) 4 (0.6) () 3) 4 (0.6) 124 (3.3) 5) 20 (1.7) 116 (2.5)	4 (0.4) 107 (7.6) 7 (0.8) 137 (4.6) 31 (1.6) 129 (2.1) 4 (0.6) 122 (5.8) 39 (1.8) 121 (1.9)	1 (0.3) () 7 (1.0) 152 (3.8) 2 (0.4) () 1 (0.4) () 13 (1.4) 148 (3.6)	2 (0.4) () 16 (1.4) 129 (3.4) 6 (1.5) 121 (8.6)! 1 (0.3) () 2 (0.3) ()
COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	70 (1.3) 162 (6 75 (1.4) 165 (1 64 (1.2) 152 (6 3 (0.3) (. 55 (2.1) 155 (1	0)	20 (1.2) 135 (2.3) 11 (0.9) 122 (2.6) 7 (0.7) 116 (4.1) 11 (0.8) 98 (3.3) 22 (2.0) 129 (2.2)	3 (0.5) 155 (4.8) 3 (0.4) 163 (3.7) 2 (0.3) () 1 (0.4) () 2 (0.4) ()	3 (0.4) 142 (4.3) 1 (0.2) () 2 (0.3) () 1 (0.2) () 1 (0.2) ()
GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY	56 (2.3) 155 (1 17 (0.7) 146 (1 81 (1.8) 158 (1 91 (1.0) 160 (1 86 (0.9) 151 (1	8) 3 (0.4) 128 (4.4) 3) 11 (1.4) 125 (3.3) 1) 3 (0.6) 131 (3.6)	5 (0.4) 128 (4.2) 22 (0.8) 121 (1.8) 5 (0.7) 139 (2.1) 3 (0.5) 140 (4.6) 3 (0.4) 113 (6.2)	2 (0.4) () 54 (1.3) 138 (1.1) 1 (0.2) () 2 (0.3) () 1 (0.2) ()	1 (0.3) () 2 (0.3) () 2 (0.4) () 1 (0.2) () 1 (0.2) ()
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	55 (1.8) 148 (1 92 (0.7) 164 (0 56 (2.0) 160 (1 81 (1.7) 163 (1 76 (2.0) 161 (1	.9) 1 (0.2) () .4) 32 (2.1) 124 (1.4) .2) 6 (1.0) 126 (3.3)	6 (0.6) 104 (5.7) 3 (0.5) 141 (4.6) 6 (0.6) 121 (4.1) 8 (0.7) 126 (3.9) 4 (0.4) 134 (4.9)	1 (0.3) () 1 (0.3) () 4 (0.6) 161 (3.6) 4 (0.8) 152 (7.3)! 2 (0.5) ()	1 (0.3) () 2 (0.3) () 2 (0.3) () 1 (0.2) () 2 (0.3) ()
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	86 (1.9) 162 (1 50 (2.1) 149 (1 78 (1.5) 158 (1 83 (1.9) 166 (0 85 (1.2) 161 (0	.2)	1 4 (0.6) 134 (5.3) 6 (0.6) 105 (3.8) 5 (0.6) 130 (5.0) 5 (0.5) 147 (2.7) 7 (0.9) 134 (3.1)	4 (0.9) 152 (9.7)! 0 (0.1) () 1 (0.3) () 1 (0.2) () 1 (0.2) ()	2 (0.5) () 1 (0.2) () 2 (0.4) () 10 (1.7) 139 (2.7) 2 (0.3) ()
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	38 (1.5) 159 (160 (2.6) 161 (170 (2.6) 162 (2.0) 157 (170 (2.0) 164 (2.0) 158 (1.5) 158 (170 (2.0) 158 (1.5) 158 (170 (2.0) 158 (2.0) 158 (170 (2.0) 158 (2.0)	.4)		1 (0.2) () 5 (0.9) 155 (5.4) 1 (0.3) () 1 (0.2) () 4 (0.5) 157 (3.3)	8 (0.6) 126 (2.4) 2 (0.5) () 3 (1.4) 136 (4.1)! 3 (0.7) 137 (6.9)! 4 (0.8) 142 (7.9)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	77 (0.8) 155 (0.8) 155 (0.9) 153 (1.9) 153 (1.9) 151 (1.9) 161 (1.9) 161 (1.9) 159 (0.9)	.6) 40 (1.9) 122 (1.6) .7) 17 (1.5) 117 (3.1) .2) 12 (1.3) 127 (2.4)	3 (0.5) 104 (6.2) 36 (2.1) 129 (2.7)	4 (0.4) 142 (3.1) 1 (0.3) () 1 (0.2) () 3 (0.5) 157 (3.6) 3 (0.4) 143 (3.2)	1 (0.2) () 2 (0.3) () 1 (0.3) () 1 (0.2) () 1 (0.3) ()
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	90 (0.9) 159 (0.64 (2.0) 158 (74 (1.9) 156 (90 (0.7) 149 (0.8) 161 (0.8) 161 (0.8)	.4) 24 (1.9) 126 (2.3) .1) 4 (0.7) 127 (4.2) .9) 4 (0.5) 127 (3.2) .1) 6 (1.1) 115 (5.3)	5 (0.6) 132 (4.2) 10 (1.1) 125 (3.5) 3 (0.3) 122 (4.3) 6 (0.7) 141 (4.6)	1 (0.3) () 5 (0.6) 165 (3.2) 7 (0.9) 149 (3.3) 1 (0.2) () 2 (0.4) () 1 (0.2) ()	3 (0.5) () 1 (0.3) () 4 (0.6) 130 (4.3) 2 (0.3) () 2 (0.5) () 4 (0.4) 138 (2.5)
WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	04 (0.0)	1 (0.2) ()	11 (0.0) 140 (1.7)	1, 0.27	100 (2.5)
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	47 (1.7) 162 (45 (0.9) 164 (8 (0.9) 138 (.2) 19 (0.8) 140 (1.2)	17 (0.8) 146 (1.6)	3 (0.9) () 14 (0.7) 156 (1.4) 69 (1.6) 122 (1.4)	2 (0.5) () 2 (0.3) () 0 (0.2) ()

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

[!] Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

BREAKDOWNS BY:

Parents' Education Level



What is the highest level of education either your mother or father obtained?	Did Not Finish High School	High Schoo Graduate		ome Education ter High School	College (College Graduate		I Don't Know	
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE) SS (S) PCT (SE) SS (SE) PCT	(SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	7 (0.5) 131 (2 5 (1.4) (10 (0.6) 133 (2 5 (0.8) (7 (0.9) 127 (3) 23 (3.6) 148 (5) 26 (2.0) 134 () 20 (1.8) 143 (3.6) 19 (2.9) 19 (3.2) 21	(0.7) 155 (1.2) (1.3) 152 (3.8) (1.5) 147 (2.3) (1.8) 163 (3.6) (1.6) 156 (1.9)	42 (1.3) 42 (2.4) 37 (2.1) 45 (3.0) 44 (2.3)	157 (1.3) 154 (4.7) 150 (2.0) 163 (2.6) 159 (2.7)	10 (0.6) 10 (2.4) 8 (0.7) 9 (1.1) 10 (0.9)	133 (2.6) 138 (10.3)! 124 (3.1) 144 (4.8) 127 (2.9)	
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	8 (0.7) 130 (3 4 (0.7) (9 (0.8) 121 (3 9 (1.0) 129 (3 10 (0.9) 118 (2 5 (0.5) 133 (3 5 (0.5) 129 (3 5 (0.6) 121 (4 6 (0.6) 106 (3	25 (1.0) 129 () 15 (1.2) 141 (1) 17 (1.2) 136 (3) 25 (1.2) 136 (7) 17 (1.1) 129 (9) 16 (0.9) 142 (8) 18 (1.0) 140 (5) 26 (1.1) 135 (2.0) 18 3.1) 24 2.1) 22 1.1.9) 24 2.5) 16 1.9) 20 2.3) 18 1.8) 20	(0.9) 145 (1.7) (1.3) 155 (1.5) (1.0) 151 (1.7) (1.1) 150 (1.9) (0.9) 144 (2.0) (1.0) 157 (1.6) (0.8) 155 (1.7) (1.0) 146 (1.4) (0.7) 120 (2.5)	42 (1.9) 46 (1.4) 40 (1.8) 33 (1.7) 40 (1.9) 51 (1.5) 52 (1.4) 41 (1.2) 37 (1.2)	147 (2.3) 163 (1.3) 158 (1.4) 154 (2.0) 153 (2.0) 163 (0.9) 167 (1.2) 151 (1.4) 121 (1.6)	8 (0.7) 11 (1.0) 12 (0.9) 10 (0.7) 17 (1.1) 8 (0.6) 9 (0.5) 9 (0.8) 14 (1.0)	122 (2.7) 132 (4.1) 128 (2.6) 133 (4.2) 118 (2.8) 136 (2.3) 132 (2.9) 122 (4.9) 100 (2.2)	
FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA	7 (0.7) 127 (3 8 (0.7) 127 (2 4 (0.4) 119 (5 5 (0.5) 139 (2 4 (0.5) 141 (3 11 (0.6) 130 (2 9 (0.6) 123 (3	4) 19 (1.1) 132 (4) 24 (1.3) 129 (3) 24 (1.0) 120 (9) 27 (1.1) 144 (4) 20 (1.0) 150 (1) 27 (1.1) 143 (1) 29 (1.1) 128 ((2.3) 21 (2.1) 19 (2.3) 18 (1.9) 21 (1.5) 20 (1.5) 23 (1.9) 20	(1.1) 148 (1.5) (1.0) 145 (1.6) (0.9) 139 (1.9) (1.2) 156 (1.7) (0.8) 160 (1.7) (1.0) 151 (1.6) (0.8) 141 (2.1)	42 (1.4) 43 (2.0) 39 (0.9) 41 (1.9) 48 (1.5) 32 (1.5) 35 (1.5)	150 (2.0) 153 (2.2) 147 (1.1) 162 (1.9) 165 (1.2) 158 (1.8) 136 (2.3)	11 (0.8) 7 (0.5) 15 (1.0) 6 (0.6) 8 (0.7) 8 (0.5) 8 (0.6)	127 (2.5) 128 (2.8) 129 (1.9) 135 (3.8) 141 (3.5) 134 (2.6) 124 (3.0)	
MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA†	4 (0.6) 141 (2 5 (0.5) 126 (3 4 (0.5) 134 (4 4 (0.5) 137 (5 3 (0.3) 137 (5 8 (0.6) 125 (2 7 (0.6) 136 (2 5 (0.5) 139 (3	6) 20 (1.2) 136 (7) 17 (1.0) 145 (3) 20 (1.0) 144 (5) 18 (1.1) 151 (5) 24 (0.9) 126 (8) 25 (1.1) 144 (2.0)	(1.1) 164 (1.7) (0.8) 147 (2.0) (0.9) 156 (2.0) (1.1) 156 (1.6) (1.1) 161 (1.7) (0.7) 142 (1.8) (1.0) 156 (1.4) (0.8) 164 (1.5)	48 (1.5) 48 (1.7) 56 (1.8) 46 (1.7) 50 (1.8) 42 (1.3) 39 (1.5) 48 (1.4)	171 (1.1) 153 (2.0) 166 (1.3) 161 (1.7) 165 (1.4) 138 (1.9) 159 (1.3) 168 (1.3)	6 (0.6) 8 (0.6) 8 (0.7) 9 (0.7) 7 (0.6) 10 (0.5) 7 (0.6) 6 (0.6)	148 (2.6) 134 (2.6) 134 (2.8) 135 (3.2) 142 (3.9) 119 (2.6) 135 (3.2) 147 (3.6)	
NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	4 (0.5) 133 (2 9 (0.7) 119 (2 6 (0.7) 123 (5 7 (0.5) 126 (2 3 (0.4) 148 (3 6 (0.7) 137 (3	8)	(1.8) 18 (1.8) 20 (3.6) 19 (1.7) 21 (1.9) 18 (2.0) 22	(0.8) 161 (1.5) (0.6) 147 (1.5) (1.1) 147 (2.0) (0.8) 150 (1.7) (0.8) 160 (1.6) (1.0) 157 (1.5)	50 (1.1) 39 (1.2) 49 (1.4) 42 (1.5) 57 (1.0) 47 (1.6)	165 (1.2) 154 (1.2) 157 (1.7) 158 (1.4) 167 (0.9) 164 (1.7)	8 (0.6) 10 (0.7) 11 (0.8) 8 (0.7) 6 (0.6) 9 (0.9)	136 (2.8) 125 (2.3) 124 (2.4) 133 (2.3) 146 (3.5) 135 (4.1)	
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT†	8 (0.6) 123 (2 7 (0.7) 125 (3 10 (0.8) 127 (2 13 (0.9) 128 (2 2 (0.4) 129 (5 5 (0.6) 132 (4	7)	(1.8) 17 (2.2) 21 (2.4) 19 (1.5) 20	(0.9) 154 (1.8) (1.0) 145 (2.1) (0.9) 149 (2.2) (1.0) 152 (1.8) (0.8) 156 (1.5)	45 (1.3) 41 (1.5) 36 (1.9) 39 (1.5) 54 (1.0) 50 (1.4)	160 (1.0) 148 (2.1) 154 (2.2) 157 (1.5) 162 (0.8) 167 (1.1)	12 (0.8) 9 (0.7) 6 (0.6) 10 (0.8) 8 (0.4) 6 (0.6)	130 (2.6) 127 (3.0) 129 (3.6) 125 (3.3) 138 (1.9) 143 (3.4)	
VERMONT VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	5 (0.6) 132 (4 7 (0.7) 127 (2 6 (0.8) 128 (4 9 (0.6) 130 (2 4 (0.4) 140 (4 5 (0.4) 139 (2	33) 20 (1.1) 136 (22) 15 (0.9) 141 (33) 29 (1.1) 142 (33) 23 (1.3) 155 ((2.1) 18 (2.3) 21 (1.2) 21 (2.3) 24	(0.9) 157 (1.8) (0.7) 152 (1.9) (0.7) 154 (1.7) (0.8) 152 (1.3) (1.0) 161 (1.8) (1.0) 159 (1.3)	47 (1.6) 48 (1.6) 33 (1.0) 40 (1.7) 46 (1.0)	167 (1.1) 161 (1.9) 158 (1.4) 156 (1.3) 169 (1.6) 165 (0.9)	8 (0.8) 11 (0.9) 7 (0.5) 8 (0.7) 8 (0.6)	137 (3.5) 133 (3.2) 134 (2.8) 138 (3.6) 143 (3.1)	
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	3 (0.8) (1 (0.2) (7 (0.9) 106 (3) 15 (1.5) 142 () 12 (0.8) 144 (3.0) 24 (1.9) 23	(1.5) 153 (2.0) (0.8) 159 (1.3) (0.9) 130 (2.4)	51 (2.3) 53 (1.0) 34 (1.5)	158 (1.7) 158 (1.0) 128 (2.1)	7 (1.2) 10 (0.7) 14 (1.3)	() 146 (2.0) 110 (3.3)	

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate. Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: BREAKDOWNS BY:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Title I Participation



Title I participation	Partic	cipated	Did Not Participate			
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)		
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States	13 (2.3) 15 (8.5) 13 (3.0) 8 (2.7) 15 (4.3)	127 (4.9) 132 (20.3)! 113 (3.3)! 120 (6.7)! 134 (6.6)!	87 (2.3) 85 (8.5) 87 (3.0) 92 (2.7) 85 (4.3)	152 (1.2) 152 (3.7) 145 (2.0) 159 (3.3) 151 (2.2)		
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	16 (2.5) 4 (1.8) 16 (2.5) 17 (2.3) 26 (3.2) 2 (0.6) 4 (1.1) 0 (0.1) 15 (0.7) 9 (2.8)	117 (3.3) () 125 (4.2) 124 (3.3) 112 (2.6) () 127 (3.6)! () 101 (2.9) 115 (5.5)!	84 (2.5) 96 (1.8) 84 (2.5) 83 (2.3) 74 (3.2) 98 (0.6) 96 (1.1) 100 (0.1) 85 (0.7) 91 (2.8)	143 (1.7) 155 (1.2) 149 (1.7) 148 (1.6) 147 (1.6) 155 (0.8) 156 (1.4) 142 (0.8) 115 (0.8) 145 (1.4)		
GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	11 (1.3) 8 (0.5) 2 (0.7) 1 (0.4) 20 (2.3) 14 (2.4) 4 (0.8) 2 (0.8) 11 (1.8) 15 (1.9) 3 (0.7) 33 (3.0) 8 (1.4) 9 (1.1) 2 (0.7)	115 (4.5) 111 (1.8) () () 132 (2.1) 119 (4.0) 143 (2.7) () 125 (3.8) 129 (4.7) 131 (5.7)! 120 (2.1) 116 (5.2) 137 (2.7) ()	89 (1.3) 92 (0.5) 98 (0.7) 99 (0.4) 80 (2.3) 86 (2.4) 96 (0.8) 98 (0.8) 89 (1.8) 85 (1.9) 97 (0.7) 67 (3.0) 92 (1.4) 91 (1.1) 98 (0.7)	145 (1.6) 137 (0.8) 154 (1.3) 158 (1.2) 151 (1.3) 135 (1.7) 164 (1.0) 146 (1.4) 161 (1.5) 157 (1.6) 159 (1.4) 139 (1.6) 154 (1.0) 164 (1.3) 158 (1.0)		
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	2 (0.7) 15 (1.7) 16 (2.6) 6 (2.0) 6 (0.8) 4 (0.9) 9 (0.5) 8 (2.7) 5 (2.0) 22 (2.8) 3 (0.6) 6 (0.8) 1 (0.4) 8 (1.4) 8 (1.6) 9 (2.3) 4 (0.4)	117 (2.2) 115 (3.2) 123 (4.1)! 129 (3.1) 128 (4.3) 115 (2.0) 123 (3.9)! 112 (7.0)! 124 (2.1) 121 (4.5) 131 (3.1) () 128 (5.4) 125 (3.2)! 120 (5.8)! 135 (2.0)	98 (0.7) 85 (1.7) 84 (2.6) 94 (2.0) 94 (0.8) 96 (0.9) 91 (0.5) 92 (2.7) 95 (2.0) 78 (2.8) 97 (0.6) 94 (0.8) 99 (0.4) 92 (1.4) 92 (1.6) 91 (2.3) 96 (0.4)	158 (1.0) 145 (0.9) 152 (1.8) 148 (1.2) 164 (0.7) 156 (1.5) 152 (0.8) 140 (1.5) 145 (1.9) 151 (2.2) 157 (0.8) 159 (0.9) 150 (1.6) 151 (1.2) 149 (0.9) 164 (1.1) 158 (0.7)		
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	0 (···) 2 (0.3) 0 (···)	() () ()	100 () 98 (0.3) 100 ()	153 (1.1) 155 (0.7) 120 (1.1)		

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

BREAKDOWNS BY: Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Program Eligibility

CARD 1996 State Assessment

HE NATION'S

Free/reduced-price lunch Information Not Available Eligible Not Eligible program eligibility... SS (SE) SS (SE) SS (SE) PCT (SE) **JURISDICTIONS** PCT (SE) PCT (SE) Nation 155 (1.3) 20 (4.4) 154 (3.6)! 29 (1.6) 133 (1.7) 51 (3.6) NATION 1 (0.4) **NORTHEAST** 138 (3.0) 56 (3.2) 158 (4.2) ... 1 ... 1 43 (3.0) 26 (9.9) 152 (3.4)! 122 (2.0) 41 (7.5) 150 (1.6)! **SOUTHEAST** 32 (4.3) 18 (9.5) 159 (5.7)! 20 (3.5) 137 (4.9) 62 (7.4) 160 (3.2) CENTRAL 28 (8.6) 154 (7.6)! 25 (3.1) 134 (3.2) 47 (6.9) 152 (1.7) WEST States 121 (1.9) 58 (2.0) 150 (1.7) 3 (1.2) 151 (9.3)! 39 (1.9) **ALABAMA** 159 (1.8) 47 (1.8) 131 (3.7) 34 (1.4) 157 (1.7) **ALASKA**† 20 (1.6) 144 (2.0) 28 (2.5) 127 (2.8) 52 (3.7) 155 (1.7) 20 (3.9) ARIZONA 155 (9.0)! 152 (1.3) 6 (3.1) **ARKANSAS**† 33 (1.8) 128 (1.7) 60 (2.8) 17 (3.1) 137 (4.0) 120 (2.0) 47 (3.0) 152 (2.0) CALIFORNIA 36 (2.6) 11 (2.5) 157 (3.1)! COLORADO 24 (1.8) 137 (1.9) 65 (2.5) 160 (1.0) 127 (3.3) 74 (2.1) 163 (1.1) 5 (1.6) 154 (10.9)! 21 (1.5) CONNECTICUT 119 (2.3) 22 (0.4) 137 (1.4) 152 (0.9) **DELAWARE** 22 (1.1) 56 (1.0) 30 (0.9) 124 (1.8) 15 (0.8) 114 (2.3) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 55 (1.2) 107 (1.2) 8 (2.6) 127 (1.9) 53 (2.9) 154 (1.5) 138 (5.0)! 39 (1.9) **FLORIDA** 146 (5.7)! 54 (2.7) 151 (1.6) 14 (3.5) 124 (1.6) **GEORGIA** 32 (2.3) 125 (1.7) 66 (1.0) 141 (0.9) 5 (0.3) 115 (2.1) 29 (1.0) **HAWAII** 136 (2.3) 79 (1.6) 158 (1.3) 1 (0.3) ... 1 ... 1 INDIANA 21 (1.5) 155 (2.7)! 144 (1.9) 73 (2.4) 162 (1.2) 6 (2.2) IOWAT 21 (1.3) 7 (2.5) 142 (3.3)! 155 (1.3) 34 (2.1) 135 (1.6) 59 (2.3) KENTUCKY 128 (7.5)! LOUISIANA 145 (1.5) 7 (2.0) 121 (1.9) 45 (1.9) 48 (2.1) 5 (1.8) 164 (3.4)! 167 (1.0) 24 (1.3) 152 (1.7) 71 (1.8) MAINE MARYLANDT 154 (1.7) 5 (2.2) 143 (6.6)! 26 (1.9) 122 (2.1) 69 (2.6) 73 (3.0) 9 (2.8) 149 (6.8)! 164 (1.2) **MASSACHUSETTS** 18 (1.5) 133 (1.8) MICHIGANT 19 (1.8) 139 (1.9) 66 (3.8) 159 (1.5) 14 (4.2) 144 (8.3)! 145 (2.4) 64 (3.1) 162 (1.1) 16 (3.1) 162 (5.0) 20 (1.5) **MINNESOTA** 42 (2.0) 148 (1.5) 6 (2.5) 134 (5.6)! MISSISSIPPI 52 (1.9) 121 (1.5) 138 (1.9) 65 (2.6) 157 (1.0) 8 (2.7) 144 (8.0)! MISSOURI 27 (1.6) 165 (1.9) 150 (2.0) 60 (2.8) 166 (1.2) 16 (2.8) MONTANAT 25 (1.8) 161 (5.3)! 69 (1.8) 162 (0.9) 5 (1.0) 27 (1.6) 144 (1.6) NEBRASKA 16 (1.5) 143 (2.4) 41 (1.5) 130 (1.5) 43 (1.9) 151 (1.1) **NEW MEXICO** 159 (1.8) 9 (2.6) 153 (7.1)! 37 (2.3) 124 (1.9) 54 (2.8) **NEW YORK**† 144 (3.4)! 156 (1.2) 8 (24) 62 (2.1) NORTH CAROLINA 31 (1.8) 128 (1.4) 20 (1.1) 157 (1.5) 70 (1.7) 165 (0.7) 10 (1.6) 155 (3.6) **NORTH DAKOTA** 159 (1.5) 13 (3.0) 151 (5.6)! **OREGON** 23 (1.5) 145 (2.0) 64 (3.0) 71 (0.7) 157 (0.9) 4 (0.2) 125 (3.1) 25 (0.8) 131 (1.4) **RHODE ISLAND** 126 (1.8) 54 (2.0) 149 (1.4) 1 (...) ... (...) SOUTH CAROLINAT 45 (2.2) 8 (2.3) 144 (5.3)! 151 (2.0) 125 (2.4) 64 (2.5) **TENNESSEE** 28 (2.3) 56 (2.6) 127 (15.1)! 157 (1.3) 6 (2.0) 37 (2.2) 130 (1.7) **TEXAS** 157 (2.0) 149 (1.7) 69 (1.7) 158 (0.9) 11 (1.6) **UTAH** 20 (1.3) 7 (1.8) 157 (2.9)! 146 (2.1) 73 (1.7) 160 (0.9) 20 (1.1) **VERMONT**† 150 (4.5)! 12 (3.0) VIRGINIA 21 (1.7) 125 (2.2) 67 (2.8) 157 (1.6) 24 (1.6) 73 (2.1) 154 (1.2) 3 (1.5) 155 (3.7)! WASHINGTON 135 (2.1) 151 (4.8)! 4 (1.9) **WEST VIRGINIA** 35 (1.5) 138 (1.3) 61 (2.0) 152 (1.0) **WISCONSINT** 140 (3.5) 65 (4.0) 166 (1.2) 14 (4.0) 161 (3.8)! 21 (2.0) 148 (1.2) 75 (0.8) 160 (0.8) 5 (0.4) 155 (4.8) WYOMING 20 (0.8) Other Jurisdictions 150 (2.1) 33 (0.8) **DDESS** 24 (1.9) 148 (2.0) 43 (1.9) 158 (1.8) 44 (0.4) 156 (1.1) 146 (2.4) 49 (0.7) 156 (0.9) 7 (0.5) DoDDS 125 (1.1) 1 (0.2) 18 (1.2) 101 (2.2) 81 (1.3) **GUAM**

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



t State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

[!] Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

Chapter 3

School Characteristics Related to Science Instruction

Overview

NAEP collected information on school programs and conditions, instructional practices, and resource availability. Such characteristics have been associated with students' success in science.

The variables reported in Chapter 3 reflect information from the questionnaires completed by principals and teachers of the public school students in the NAEP 1996 science assessment. Principals were asked whether science receives special emphasis in school-wide goals and objectives, how much instruction a typical eighth-grade student receives in science, if the school uses parents as aides in classrooms, and the degree to which student absenteeism is a problem in their school. Teachers were asked about the availability of instructional materials and curriculum specialists.

In all cases, analyses are done at the student level. School and teacher-reported results are given in terms of the percentage of students who attend schools or who have teachers reporting particular practices.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

SCHOOLS' REPORTS ON: Their Focus on Science



Is this a school with a special focus on science?	Y	es	No	
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	8 (2.7) 5 (···) 18 (8.4) 2 (···) 8 (3.9)	137 (5.0)! () () () 137 (4.9)!	92 (2.7) 95 (···) 82 (8.4) 98 (···) 92 (3.9)	150 (1.1) 152 (2.6) 141 (1.8) 157 (3.3) 150 (2.4)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE	2 (1.4) 2 (0.1) 1 (···) 6 (2.8) 7 (2.4) 0 (···) 2 (0.1) 4 (0.2) 24 (1.1) 5 (2.9) 3 (1.4) 4 (0.2) 1 (···) 9 (3.1) 4 (1.7) 2 (1.2) 14 (2.4) 6 (2.7) 7 (3.1) 4 (···) 3 (1.7) 2 (···) 2 (1.2) 2 (1.2) 3 (1.4) 9 (3.0) 3 (1.6) 2 (0.9) 3 (1.8) 3 (0.2) 4 (1.8) 6 (2.6)	() () () 151 (6.0)! 135 (5.7)! () () () 110 (1.9) () () () () 142 (5.2)! 129 (18.4)! () 126 (3.5) 139 (9.0)! 126 (3.7)! () 145 (13.2)! () () () () 123 (4.0)! () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	98 (1.4) 98 (0.1) 99 (···) 94 (2.8) 93 (2.4) 100 (···) 98 (0.1) 96 (0.2) 76 (1.1) 95 (2.9) 97 (1.4) 96 (0.2) 99 (···) 97 (···) 91 (3.1) 96 (1.7) 98 (1.2) 86 (2.4) 94 (2.7) 93 (3.1) 96 (···) 97 (1.7) 98 (···) 98 (1.2) 98 (1.2) 98 (1.0) 98 (1.4) 91 (3.0) 97 (1.6) 98 (0.9) 97 (1.8) 97 (0.2) 96 (1.8) 94 (2.6) 98 (···)	140 (1.8) 151 (1.5) 146 (1.8) 145 (1.8) 145 (1.8) 137 (1.9) 154 (1.0) 157 (1.9) 141 (0.9) 113 (1.2) 141 (1.5) 141 (1.7) 137 (0.8) 154 (1.5) 158 (1.2) 148 (1.3) 133 (1.9) 163 (1.0) 149 (1.7) 155 (1.9) 158 (1.2) 133 (1.4) 152 (1.4) 162 (1.3) 158 (1.1) 142 (1.0) 149 (2.3) 147 (1.2) 162 (0.8) 155 (1.6) 151 (0.8) 138 (1.6) 144 (1.9) 147 (2.0)
TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	2 (···) 3 (0.1) 0 (···) 4 (1.9) 5 (2.4) 3 (1.3) 2 (···)	··· (···) ··· (···) ··· (···) ··· (···) 143 (15.4)! ··· (···) ··· (···)	97 (0.1) 100 (···) 96 (1.9) 95 (2.4) 97 (1.3) 98 (···)	155 (0.9) 157 (0.9) 150 (1.5) 150 (1.4) 147 (1.0) 160 (1.8) 157 (0.7)
WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	0 (0.1) 0 (···) 8 (0.3) 0 (···)	() () ()	100 (0.1) 100 () 92 (0.3) 100 ()	152 (1.3) 155 (0.8) 119 (1.3)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



[!] Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: SCHOOLS' REPORTS ON:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

The Identification of Science as a Priority



Has your school identified science as a priority in the last two years?	Y	es es		No				
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)				
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	43 (6.8)	147 (3.3)	57 (6.8)	151 (1.7)				
	59 (23.1)	143 (8.3)!	41 (23.1)	()				
	49 (11.2)	140 (3.5)!	51 (11.2)	142 (3.2)!				
	35 (12.7)	157 (4.9)!	65 (12.7)	159 (3.6)!				
	36 (10.0)	150 (8.1)!	64 (10.0)	149 (1.9)				
States	33 (1.0.5)	100 (0.1).	0-410.01	147 (1.7)				
ALABAMA	39 (6.1)	137 (3.0)	61 (6.1)	141 (2.5)				
ALASKA†	37 (2.7)	151 (3.1)	63 (2.7)	151 (2.0)				
ARIZONA	47 (5.3)	146 (2.5)	53 (5.3)	146 (2.6)				
ARKANSAS†	45 (6.7)	143 (2.4)	55 (6.7)	145 (2.9)				
CALIFORNIA	57 (5.8)	140 (2.9)	43 (5.8)	134 (3.2)				
COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	30 (4.5)	151 (2.6)	70 (4.5)	155 (1.3)				
	37 (5.2)	164 (2.2)	63 (5.2)	152 (2.6)				
	37 (0.4)	136 (0.9)	63 (0.4)	143 (1.2)				
	79 (0.6)	113 (1.1)	21 (0.6)	110 (1.9)				
	55 (4.9)	141 (3.0)	45 (4.9)	143 (2.4)				
GEORGIA	51 (5.9)	144 (2.4)	49 (5.9)	139 (2.5)				
HAWAII	36 (0.5)	134 (1.2)	64 (0.5)	138 (1.1)				
INDIANA	30 (5.6)	154 (2.7)	70 (5.6)	153 (1.8)				
IOWA†	18 (4.2)	158 (2.0)!	82 (4.2)	158 (1.3)				
KENTUCKY	75 (4.9)	147 (1.7)	25 (4.9)	149 (3.2)!				
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	43 (5.4)	129 (3.0)	57 (5.4)	135 (3.0)				
	41 (4.4)	165 (1.5)	59 (4.4)	162 (1.3)				
	49 (6.5)	142 (3.4)	51 (6.5)	151 (3.1)				
	44 (4.9)	157 (2.5)	56 (4.9)	158 (2.3)				
	63 (5.4)	151 (2.8)	37 (5.4)	156 (2.7)				
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	30 (5.2)	162 (2.9)	70 (5.2)	157 (1.5)				
	39 (5.0)	133 (2.4)	61 (5.0)	135 (1.9)				
	37 (4.9)	147 (3.6)	63 (4.9)	152 (1.9)				
	25 (3.5)	165 (2.3)	75 (3.5)	161 (1.5)				
	27 (2.5)	153 (1.8)	73 (2.5)	160 (1.1)				
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	53 (3.2)	141 (1.4)	47 (3.2)	145 (1.5)				
	49 (6.9)	138 (4.0)	51 (6.9)	156 (2.8)				
	35 (5.5)	147 (2.5)	65 (5.5)	147 (1.5)				
	19 (2.5)	161 (1.8)	81 (2.5)	163 (0.9)				
	36 (5.0)	161 (2.4)	64 (5.0)	150 (2.1)				
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	31 (0.5)	155 (1.4)	69 (0.5)	146 (1.0)				
	55 (6.2)	139 (2.0)	45 (6.2)	139 (2.5)				
	45 (5.3)	141 (2.9)	55 (5.3)	146 (2.3)				
	36 (5.3)	146 (2.6)	64 (5.3)	148 (3.2)				
	43 (2.9)	158 (1.2)	57 (2.9)	154 (1.5)				
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	35 (3.0)	158 (1.4)	65 (3.0)	157 (1.3)				
	44 (4.9)	152 (2.7)	56 (4.9)	147 (1.9)				
	44 (5.4)	151 (2.4)	56 (5.4)	149 (2.1)				
	45 (4.9)	147 (1.6)	55 (4.9)	147 (1.1)				
	21 (4.5)	154 (3.6)!	79 (4.5)	162 (1.9)				
WYOMING	26 (0.5)	159 (1.1)	74 (0.5)	157 (0.8)				
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	62 (1.1)	155 (1.8)	38 (1.1)	147 (2.6)				
	50 (0.5)	156 (1.0)	50 (0.5)	154 (1.2)				
	50 (0.7)	115 (1.6)	50 (0.7)	122 (1.8)				

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.
 Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

POPULATION:

REPORTED STATISTICS: SCHOOLS' REPORTS ON: 1996 Science Assessment

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

District or State Science Curriculum Standards



Does your district or state have a curriculum in science

Yes No

that your school is expected to follow?	'	e 5	.``	,0
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	94 (2.0) 100 () 100 () 80 (8.9) 96 (2.1)	149 (1.0) 150 (3.1) 141 (1.8) 156 (3.7) 150 (2.3)	6 (2.0) 0 (···) 0 (···) 20 (8.9) 4 (2.1)	151 (5.7)! () () 155 (6.9)! ()
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	99 () 95 (2.3) 93 (3.6) 94 () 95 (2.1) 93 (2.3) 88 (3.0) 90 (0.4) 100 ()	139 (1.7) 152 (1.5) 146 (1.8) 145 (1.8) 137 (1.8) 154 (1.0) 156 (2.1) 141 (0.9) 112 (0.9)	1 (···) 5 (2.3) 7 (3.6) 6 (···) 5 (2.1) 7 (2.3) 12 (3.0) 10 (0.4) 0 (···)	() () () () 143 (7.0)! 159 (3.1)! 160 (3.8)! 148 (2.8) ()
FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE	97 (1.9) 93 (2.7) 89 (0.2) 89 (3.5) 76 (4.2) 71 (5.4) 98 (1.4) 78 (2.7)	142 (1.7) 142 (1.7) 136 (0.8) 153 (1.7) 157 (1.3) 148 (1.5) 134 (1.8) 163 (1.2)	3 (1.9) 7 (2.7) 11 (0.2) 11 (3.5) 24 (4.2) 29 (5.4) 2 (1.4) 22 (2.7)	() 132 (6.2)! 136 (1.7) 159 (3.7)! 160 (2.4) 146 (3.1) () 162 (1.6)
MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	97 (1.7) 85 (3.4) 94 (2.8) 65 (5.8) 95 (2.0) 86 (3.7) 87 (3.2) 70 (3.3)	146 (1.6) 155 (1.9) 153 (1.9) 160 (1.9) 134 (1.5) 151 (1.7) 162 (1.4) 158 (1.1)	3 (1.7) 15 (3.4) 6 (2.8) 35 (5.8) 5 (2.0) 14 (3.7) 13 (3.2) 30 (3.3)	() 168 (4.3)! 157 (4.9)! 157 (2.2) 129 (4.0)! 150 (5.3)! 160 (2.1)! 157 (2.1)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	96 (1.2) 93 (3.3) 98 (1.2) 82 (2.6) 93 (2.4)	142 (1.1) 148 (2.1) 147 (1.3) 162 (0.7) 154 (1.7)	4 (1.2) 7 (3.3) 2 (1.2) 18 (2.6) 7 (2.4)	() 141 (14.2)! () 164 (2.5) 163 (7.2)!
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	88 (0.3) 84 (3.7) 98 (···) 91 (3.6) 100 (···)	149 (0.9) 140 (1.6) 144 (2.0) 147 (2.2) 156 (0.9) 157 (1.1)	12 (0.3) 16 (3.7) 2 (···) 9 (3.6) 0 (···) 23 (3.1)	156 (1.6) 132 (3.9)! () 142 (6.0)! () 158 (2.0)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	77 (3.1) 98 (···) 82 (4.2) 98 (···) 86 (4.0) 90 (0.3)	157 (1.17 149 (1.5) 150 (1.5) 147 (1.0) 161 (1.9) 157 (0.7)	23 (3.1) 2 (···) 18 (4.2) 2 (···) 14 (4.0) 10 (0.3)	158 (2.0) () 150 (4.7)! () 157 (6.1)! 157 (1.8)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS	87 (0.6) 97 (0.2)	152 (1.4) 155 (0.8)	13 (0.6) 3 (0.2)	151 (3.8) ()
GUAM	77 (0.7)	119 (1. <u>4)</u>	23 (0.7)	117 (2.2)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

SCHOOLS' REPORTS ON:

Frequency of Science Instruction



How often does a typical eighth-grade student in your school receive instruction in science?	Not Taught or Twice a Week or Less		1	or Four a Week	Every	, Day
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	0 (···) 2 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	() () () ()	8 (2.7) 5 () 1 () 1 () 18 (7.7)	147 (4.8)! () () ()	92 (2.7) 93 (···) 99 (···) 99 (···) 82 (7.7)	150 (1.2) 153 (3.2) 142 (1.8) 157 (3.3) 149 (3.4)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA	2 (1.6) 1 () 2 (1.2) 0 () 5 (2.5) 0 () 2 () 0 () 10 (0.7) 2 () 0 () 31 (0.4) 1 () 0 () 0 () 1 () 0 () 0 () 1 () 0 () 1 () 0 () 1 () 0 () 1 () 0 () 1 (0.2) 5 (0.2) 0 () 3 (1.7) 0 () 0 () 0 () 3 (2.3) 1 () 2 (0.1) 0 () 9 (3.0) 1 (0.1)	() ()	0 () 23 (2.7) 4 (2.3) 1 () 8 (3.1) 3 (1.2) 1 () 0 () 11 (1.0) 9 (3.5) 1 () 35 (0.5) 0 () 35 (0.5) 0 () 34 (2.1) 0 () 14 (3.0) 4 (2.3) 3 (1.7) 4 (2.1) 0 () 9 (3.1) 7 (3.2) 15 (4.0) 1 () 2 (1.3) 0 () 6 (3.1) 3 (1.8) 1 () 17 (3.9) 2 (0.1) 5 (2.2) 0 () 22 (4.3) 5 (1.1) 16 (2.4) 8 (2.7) 9 (3.2) 1 ()	() 150 (3.9) () () 137 (6.0)! () () 106 (3.0) 126 (2.4)! () 136 (1.6) () () () () 164 (3.3)! () () 158 (4.2)! 129 (4.9)! 147 (4.5)! () () 139 (14.3)! () 154 (2.8)! () 154 (2.8)! () 158 (6.6)! () 158 (1.7) 144 (3.3)! 146 (5.2)! ()	98 (1.6) 75 (2.8) 94 (2.6) 99 () 87 (3.9) 97 (1.2) 97 () 100 () 79 (1.1) 89 (4.0) 99 () 97 (1.7) 96 (2.2) 100 () 86 (3.0) 96 (2.3) 96 (1.9) 100 () 87 (4.0) 93 (3.2) 84 (3.9) 98 () 96 (1.3) 95 (0.2) 94 (3.1) 94 (2.5) 99 (0.7) 83 (3.9) 98 (0.1) 95 (2.2) 97 (2.3) 77 (4.5) 93 (1.1) 84 (2.4) 92 (2.7) 82 (4.2) 98 (1.0)	139 (1.8) 152 (1.9) 146 (1.9) 145 (1.7) 137 (2.0) 154 (1.1) 157 (1.4) 142 (0.8) 114 (1.0) 144 (1.9) 142 (1.6) 133 (1.4) 154 (1.5) 138 (1.2) 147 (1.5) 133 (1.6) 163 (1.0) 146 (1.7) 157 (1.7) 153 (1.7) 160 (1.5) 134 (1.6) 151 (1.4) 162 (1.3) 158 (1.1) 142 (1.1) 147 (2.3) 146 (1.4) 163 (0.8) 155 (2.0) 149 (0.8) 139 (1.6) 144 (2.0) 149 (0.8) 139 (1.6) 156 (1.0) 157 (1.0) 150 (1.6) 150 (1.6) 150 (1.6) 150 (1.6) 150 (1.6) 150 (1.6)
WISCONSINT WYOMING	0()	··· (···) ··· (···)	0()	()	100 ()	158 (0.7)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	0 () 0 ()	··· (···) ··· (···)	0 (···) 6 (0.4) 0 (···)	() 159 (2.0) ()	100 (···) 94 (0.4) 100 (···)	152 (1.3) 155 (0.8) 119 (1.3)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Availability of Resources TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

THE NATION'S REPORT CARO 1996 L

State Assessment

How well ore you provided	_		<u> </u>				
with instructional materials	I Get Some o	r None of the	I Get Mo	ost of the	I Get A	II of the	
ond the resources you need to	Resources I Need		Resource	es I Need	Resources I Need		
teoch?							
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	
<u>Nation</u>							
NATION	37 (4.1)	144 (2.0)	52 (4.1)	153 (2.1)	11 (3.1)	154 (5.4)!	
NORTHEAST	44 (9.9)	141 (5.9)!	41 (12.0)	()	14 ()	()	
SOUTHEAST	47 (9.5)	143 (3.6)!	39 (7.0)	143 (3.1)!	14 (5.2)	139 (4.9)!	
CENTRAL WEST	18 (7.7) 39 (7.0)	148 (6.7)! 146 (3.0)	73 (7.3) 54 (7.1)	160 (4.5) 152 (3.8)!	9 (5.5) 7 (3.0)	()	
States	37 (7.0)	140 (3.0)	34 (7.17	132 (3.01:	7 (3.0)	,,	
	40 (40)	124 / 251	25 / 40\	141 (3.4)	5 (1.9)	146 (10.7)!	
ALABAMA ALASKA†	60 (4.9)	136 (2.5) 147 (3.2)	35 (4.9) 48 (2.9)	155 (1.7)	8 (2.0)	149 (4.3)!	
ARIZONA	49 (5.1)	147 (3.27	46 (4.9)	146 (2.5)	5 (1.3)	153 (3.9)!	
ARKANSAS†	41 (4.9)	142 (3.1)	44 (4.8)	147 (2.0)	15 (4.1)	144 (4.5)!	
CALIFORNIA	46 (4.1)	136 (2.6)	44 (3.9)	142 (2.6)	11 (2.5)	148 (6.2)!	
COLORADO	30 (3.6)	153 (2.0)	63 (3.8)	156 (1.6)	7 (1.5)	153 (3.2)!	
CONNECTICUT	38 (3.7)	147 (3.0)	54 (3.9)	161 (1.4)	8 (1.8)	169 (3.4)!	
DELAWARE	61 (1.0)	142 (1.2)	34 (1.0)	142 (1.7)	5 (0.5)	137 (6.1)	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	92 (0.7)	110 (1.0)	8 (0.7)	115 (3.0)	0 ()	()	
FLORIDA	45 (4.5)	141 (2.4)	46 (4.1)	142 (2.3)	9 (2.1)	143 (7.0)!	
GEORGIA	41 (3.2)	136 (2.4)	43 (3.3)	147 (2.1)	17 (2.9)	144 (3.6)	
HAWAII	63 (1.2)	139 (1.4)	33 (1.1)	133 (2.5)	4 (0.4)	()	
INDIANA	35 (4.5)	149 (2.4)	57 (4.3)	155 (1.8)	7 (2.0)	166 (2.5)!	
IOWA†	22 (3.4)	155 (2.8)	75 (3.7)	159 (1.3)	3 (1.5)	167 (3.6)!	
KENTUCKY	24 (4.3)	150 (2.4)	56 (5.1)	147 (2.4)	19 (4.2)	150 (3.1)!	
LOUISIANA	60 (3.9)	131 (2.1)	33 (3.8)	138 (2.8)	7 (2.5)	136 (8.9)!	
MAINE	47 (3.8)	161 (1.6)	45 (3.8)	164 (1.3) 150 (2.4)	8 (2.5) 10 (2.3)	170 (2.1)! 142 (6.8)!	
MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS	47 (4.8) 49 (3.8)	143 (2.6) 153 (2.0)	43 (4.4) 43 (3.9)	160 (2.4)	7 (1.9)	168 (5.2)!	
MICHIGANT	34 (4.6)	151 (2.9)	61 (4.6)	158 (2.0)	5 (1.5)	162 (5.3)!	
MINNESOTA	37 (5.1)	156 (2.9)	52 (4.7)	161 (1.4)	11 (3.1)	164 (2.8)!	
MISSISSIPPI	47 (4.7)	134 (2.4)	43 (4.5)	135 (2.4)	10 (2.4)	138 (2.6)!	
MISSOURI	36 (4.1)	151 (2.1)	53 (3.7)	154 (1.7)	11 (2.5)	153 (4.3)!	
MONTANAT	31 (4.0)	161 (1.8)	59 (4.3)	164 (1.1)	10 (3.8)	158 (5.6)!	
NEBRASKA	20 (2.6)	155 (1.3)	67 (2.8)	158 (1.3)	13 (1.5)	162 (2.3)	
NEW MEXICO	54 (2.3)	142 (1.3)	37 (2.4)	146 (1.5)	10 (2.4)	145 (2.3)!	
NEW YORK†	39 (4.4)	138 (3.4)	50 (3.6)	153 (2.7)	11 (3.2)	164 (3.3)!	
NORTH CAROLINA	55 (4.4)	145 (1.7)	42 (4.2)	149 (1.4)	4 (1.2)	145 (4.4)!	
NORTH DAKOTA	32 (2.8)	160 (1.4)	60 (2.7)	163 (1.0)	8 (1.4)	166 (1.9)	
OREGON	48 (4.7)	155 (2.2)	47 (4.2)	157 (2.0)	5 (1.7)	157 (4.7)!	
RHODE ISLAND	54 (1.0)	148 (1.2)	37 (1.1)	151 (1.2)	9 (0.4)	156 (2.0)	
SOUTH CAROLINAT	48 (4.8)	136 (2.2)	43 (4.4)	141 (2.1)	9 (2.5)	145 (5.9)! 148 (4.2)!	
TENNESSEE TEXAS	52 (5.3) 29 (3.4)	141 (2.4) 138 (2.5)	39 (5.0) 50 (3.6)	150 (2.7) 148 (1.5)	8 (2.3) 21 (3.4)	154 (2.8)	
UTAH	43 (2.8)	152 (1.3)	47 (2.6)	159 (1.1)	10 (2.6)	158 (3.3)!	
VERMONT†	43 (3.0)	156 (1.4)	50 (3.0)	158 (1.6)	7 (0.9)	158 (4.8)	
VIRGINIA	35 (3.2)	144 (2.9)	56 (3.2)	153 (2.2)	9 (1.6)	153 (6.0)	
WASHINGTON	38 (4.1)	148 (2.7)	53 (4.5)	152 (1.8)	9 (2.0)	153 (4.3)!	
WEST VIRGINIA	55 (4.1)	149 (1.5)	40 (3.8)	146 (1.6)	5 (1.6)	145 (3.2)!	
WISCONSINT	41 (5.2)	161 (2.5)	51 (5.4)	162 (2.3)	7 (2.2)	155 (5.8)!	
WYOMING	29 (0.7)	156 (1.2)	65 (0.8)	159 (0.8)	6 (0.3)	167 (2.6)	
Other Jurisdictions						ļ	
DDESS	44 (1.6)	153 (1.7)	51 (1.6)	148 (1.7)	5 (0.2)	()	
DoDDS	24 (1.0)	153 (1.6)	59 (1.3)	156 (1.0)	17 (0.8)	156 (1.6)	
GUAM	81_(1.0)	118 (1.4)	19 (1.0)	124 (3.6)	0()	()	

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score Availability of Curriculum Specialists to Help or Advise



Is there a curriculum specialist available to help or advise you in science?	
<u></u>	

Is there a curriculum specialist available to help or advise you in science?	,	es	N	lo
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	43 (3.9) 27 (8.2) 58 (8.0) 52 (10.7) 35 (6.3)	148 (2.7) () 142 (3.1) 157 (3.6)! 151 (7.6)!	57 (3.9) 73 (8.2) 42 (8.0) 48 (10.7) 65 (6.3)	152 (1.5) 156 (4.0) 144 (2.6)! 159 (5.1)! 149 (2.0)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII	44 (4.8) 46 (2.9) 50 (4.8) 30 (3.8) 43 (4.4) 46 (3.8) 46 (3.9) 44 (0.9) 57 (1.7) 65 (3.3) 69 (3.3) 49 (1.0)	136 (3.4) 153 (1.9) 145 (2.3) 140 (3.1) 138 (2.9) 153 (1.7) 157 (1.8) 142 (1.6) 109 (1.4) 142 (1.8) 142 (1.9) 135 (2.0)	56 (4.8) 54 (2.9) 50 (4.8) 70 (3.8) 57 (4.4) 54 (3.8) 54 (3.9) 56 (0.9) 43 (1.7) 35 (3.3) 31 (3.3) 51 (1.0)	140 (2.5) 149 (2.1) 145 (2.5) 146 (1.5) 141 (2.3) 157 (1.5) 156 (2.4) 141 (1.4) 113 (1.4) 140 (2.5) 142 (2.6) 137 (1.7)
INDIANA IOWAT KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLANDT MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGANT MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANAT	49 (1.0) 27 (4.0) 57 (5.1) 48 (3.9) 64 (4.7) 23 (3.6) 73 (4.1) 45 (4.9) 47 (4.2) 31 (4.3) 43 (4.5) 33 (4.3) 27 (3.8)	135 (2.0) 152 (2.8) 159 (1.5) 148 (2.5) 134 (2.6) 167 (1.5) 143 (1.8) 157 (2.6) 154 (2.4) 160 (2.0) 134 (2.1) 152 (2.1) 162 (2.1)	73 (4.0) 43 (5.1) 52 (3.9) 36 (4.7) 77 (3.6) 27 (4.1) 55 (4.9) 53 (4.2) 69 (4.3) 57 (4.5) 67 (4.3) 73 (3.8)	155 (1.6) 158 (2.2) 149 (1.4) 133 (3.3) 162 (1.2) 154 (3.3) 157 (2.2) 158 (1.7) 159 (1.8) 135 (2.0) 153 (1.6) 163 (1.5)
NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	40 (3.0) 27 (2.1) 35 (4.4) 62 (3.6) 20 (1.9) 23 (3.7) 27 (1.0) 56 (4.5) 37 (4.2) 57 (4.0) 67 (2.8)	154 (1.7) 145 (1.8) 143 (4.1) 146 (1.6) 164 (1.3) 155 (2.5) 149 (1.6) 139 (1.8) 141 (3.2) 148 (1.9) 156 (0.9)	60 (3.0) 73 (2.1) 65 (4.4) 38 (3.6) 80 (1.9) 77 (3.7) 73 (1.0) 44 (4.5) 63 (4.2) 43 (4.0) 33 (2.8)	161 (1.1) 143 (1.3) 152 (2.4) 147 (2.0) 162 (0.9) 156 (2.0) 151 (1.0) 139 (2.5) 147 (2.1) 146 (2.4) 156 (1.8)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	14 (2.0) 63 (4.0) 32 (4.7) 61 (3.9) 39 (4.2) 28 (1.0) 42 (1.8) 41 (1.3) 44 (1.3)	159 (2.2) 154 (2.1) 152 (1.9) 147 (1.2) 156 (3.0) 160 (1.4) 149 (1.9) 155 (1.2) 121 (1.8)	86 (2.0) 37 (4.0) 68 (4.7) 39 (3.9) 61 (4.2) 72 (1.0) 58 (1.8) 59 (1.3) 56 (1.3)	157 (1.1) 143 (2.6) 149 (1.8) 147 (1.4) 165 (1.7) 158 (0.7) 154 (1.6) 155 (1.0) 117 (2.0)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: SCHOOLS' REPORTS ON:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Involving Parents as Aides in Classrooms



Does your school use parents as aides in classrooms?	No		Yes, Occ	asionally	Yes, Ro	outinely
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	43 (6.0) 64 (19.8) 44 (9.1) 38 (13.0) 30 (6.1)	146 (2.4) 152 (5.2)! 138 (3.2)! 153 (3.5)! 141 (2.4)!	46 (6.3) 26 (···) 42 (10.7) 43 (13.4) 65 (7.0)	150 (2.7) () 138 (3.6)! 157 (5.0)! 151 (3.4)	11 (3.6) 11 (7.4) 14 (7.8) 19 (8.6) 5 (···)	152 (6.9)! () () 164 (5.5)! ()
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA	47 (5.6) 9 (3.0) 23 (5.9) 57 (6.1) 28 (4.5) 13 (3.1) 47 (5.4) 48 (0.5) 48 (1.1)* 24 (5.0) 48 (5.5)	141 (2.8) 126 (7.1)! 147 (5.8)! 144 (2.8) 135 (5.0) 144 (5.2)! 160 (1.9) 140 (1.3) 116 (1.7) 135 (3.3)!	49 (6.0) 62 (2.8) 63 (6.0) 40 (6.2) 56 (5.4) 57 (4.4) 51 (5.7) 41 (0.4) 34 (0.9)* 59 (5.2) 45 (5.4)	138 (2.4) 151 (2.5) 145 (2.5) 146 (2.7) 136 (2.5) 154 (1.4) 152 (3.5) 144 (1.6) 111 (1.5) 144 (2.4) 143 (2.9)	4 (2.4) 28 (2.0) 14 (3.9) 3 (2.0) 16 (4.3) 29 (4.5) 2 () 11 (0.2) 18 (1.5)* 16 (3.6) 7 (2.9)	() 159 (2.1) 146 (4.6)! () 143 (6.6)! 158 (1.9) () () 98 (3.6) 151 (6.0)! 155 (4.3)!
HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	41 (0.5) 47 (6.3) 37 (4.9) 32 (4.9) 38 (4.9) 17 (2.6) 19 (4.7) 53 (6.0) 37 (5.9)	135 (1.5) 152 (1.9) 159 (2.2) 147 (2.6) 135 (3.1) 163 (2.5) 143 (5.7)! 153 (2.4) 150 (3.7)	56 (0.5) 44 (5.9) 57 (4.7) 56 (5.2) 52 (5.0) 71 (4.0) 70 (5.4) 43 (6.0) 57 (6.1)	136 (1.1) 157 (2.2) 157 (1.5) 147 (2.6) 129 (2.8) 163 (1.0) 146 (2.0) 162 (2.8) 155 (2.6)	3 (0.2) 9 (3.0) 7 (2.5) 12 (3.3) 9 (2.7) 12 (2.9) 11 (3.4) 4 (2.1) 6 (2.9)	() 157 (4.1)! 157 (2.9)! 147 (1.9)! 146 (4.4)! 162 (3.4)! 152 (7.8)! () 148 (9.7)!
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	29 (4.6) 55 (5.3) 45 (5.2) 49 (3.9) 53 (3.1) 40 (3.9) 68 (6.9) 38 (4.6) 63 (2.6) 10 (3.3)	158 (3.6) 133 (2.0) 146 (2.8) 162 (1.7) 158 (1.4) 138 (1.5) 146 (2.8) 145 (2.5) 164 (1.1) 148 (5.7)!	55 (4.9) 41 (4.9) 47 (5.1) 41 (4.3) 44 (3.0) 52 (3.6) 23 (6.8) 50 (5.0) 30 (2.3) 59 (5.3)	161 (1.6) 131 (2.5) 153 (2.4) 162 (1.8) 158 (1.3) 144 (1.7) 151 (6.2)! 146 (1.7) 162 (1.6) 153 (2.3)	16 (3.8) 5 (2.8) 8 (3.2) 10 (3.5) 3 (0.9) 7 (1.4) 9 (4.0) 12 (2.8) 7 (1.4) 31 (4.6)	155 (4.0)! () 155 (5.7)! 161 (4.9)! () 152 (4.1)! 150 (9.5)! 153 (4.6)! 155 (4.8) 160 (1.9)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	71 (0.6) 36 (5.9) 33 (5.5) 38 (5.2) 32 (3.6) 35 (2.0) 30 (4.2) 8 (2.9) 35 (5.3) 35 (5.6) 29 (0.5)	149 (1.1) 138 (2.7) 143 (3.5) 145 (5.2) 154 (1.7) 157 (1.6) 143 (3.4) 146 (4.8)! 146 (1.5) 159 (3.5) 156 (1.3)	57 (5.5) 52 (5.6) 52 (5.5) 56 (5.7) 56 (3.2) 53 (2.1) 61 (4.2) 76 (5.0) 40 (5.4) 57 (5.8) 64 (0.8)	133 (2.3) 148 (1.1) 141 (2.1) 144 (2.4) 149 (2.1) 156 (1.1) 158 (1.3) 153 (2.2) 152 (1.7) 147 (1.9) 161 (1.9) 159 (0.8)	4 (0.3) 12 (4.1) 5 (2.2) 6 (3.0) 12 (2.7) 13 (1.2) 9 (2.9) 16 (4.5) 25 (4.2) 8 (3.1) 7 (0.7)	133 (5.3)! () 133 (5.3)! () 138 (5.3)! 157 (2.0)! 155 (2.7) 147 (4.5)! 142 (3.6)! 148 (2.6) 166 (1.9)! 153 (1.7)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	5 (0.2) 18 (0.3) 100 (···)	() 150 (2.0) 119 (1.3)	71 (0.8) 59 (0.8) 0 (···)	150 (1.4) 154 (1.0) ()	24 (0.8) 23 (0.8) 0 (···)	151 (3.1) 161 (1.4) ()

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



^{...} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

Interpret with caution — more than 15 percent of the respondents did not answer this question.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

SCHOOLS' REPORTS ON: Student Absenteeism



To what degree is student absenteeism a problem in your school?	Not a Problem				A Moderate to Serious Problem		
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	28 (4.8) 67 (11.6) 7 (3.9) 30 (11.2) 16 (8.5)	156 (3.1) () () 162 (4.9)! 164 (10.4)!	50 (4.9) 21 (10.6) 56 (6.4) 49 (12.5) 65 (8.5)	149 (1.5) () 144 (3.0) 154 (4.3)! 149 (1.7)	22 (3.7) 12 (7.0) 37 (6.0) 21 (11.5) 19 (5.7)	140 (3.0) () 138 (2.5)! () 138 (7.9)!	
States ALABAMA ALASKAT ARIZONA ARKANSAST CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWAT KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLANDT MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGANT MINNESOTA MISSISIPPI MISSOURI MONTANAT NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORKT NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINAT TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONTT VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSINT	20 (4.5) 25 (1.9) 11 (3.2) 13 (4.0) 24 (4.3) 27 (4.5) 28 (5.0) 34 (0.4) 22 (1.1) 27 (5.0) 15 (4.2) 8 (0.2) 40 (5.9) 25 (5.2) 21 (4.9) 19 (3.9) 31 (3.8) 16 (5.2) 28 (5.1) 30 (5.1) 30 (5.8) 7 (2.5) 21 (4.6) 24 (3.2) 29 (3.2) 9 (2.4) 37 (5.4) 12 (3.2) 32 (2.6) 16 (3.8) 45 (0.5) 22 (5.2) 16 (3.8) 45 (0.5) 22 (5.2) 16 (3.8) 24 (4.8) 10 (2.2) 35 (2.7) 29 (4.4) 15 (4.3) 21 (3.9) 32 (5.2)	147 (4.4)! 156 (3.1) 161 (5.5)! 151 (3.2)! 145 (4.4) 159 (2.1) 168 (2.0) 142 (1.3) 141 (2.5) 148 (4.1)! 146 (5.3)! () 159 (1.8) 159 (2.7)! 157 (3.3)! 133 (4.5)! 165 (1.8) 161 (3.6)! 162 (3.5) 166 (2.1) 164 (2.7)! 138 (8.4)! 153 (2.9)! 163 (2.1) 161 (1.5) 162 (1.8)! 154 (3.5) 156 (4.0)! 162 (1.8)! 154 (3.5) 156 (4.0)! 157 (4.3)! 161 (2.7)! 160 (1.8)! 157 (4.3)! 161 (2.7)! 160 (1.8)! 157 (4.3)! 161 (2.7)! 160 (1.8)! 155 (3.0)! 147 (1.8) 155 (3.0)! 147 (1.8)	51 (6.2) 54 (3.0) 49 (5.8) 53 (6.2) 47 (5.0) 52 (4.9) 57 (5.4) 40 (0.4) 56 (0.9) 33 (4.7) 47 (6.0) 56 (5.5) 45 (5.5) 48 (5.3) 52 (4.3) 45 (5.7) 62 (5.7) 38 (5.6) 52 (6.3) 52 (5.1) 50 (5.1) 47 (3.7) 55 (3.4) 38 (4.0) 50 (5.2) 49 (4.4) 62 (2.7) 45 (5.2) 48 (0.5) 40 (5.9) 41 (5.4) 47 (6.0) 67 (3.5) 52 (5.4) 51 (6.1)	139 (3.1) 153 (2.5) 150 (2.4) 146 (2.5) 142 (2.5) 156 (1.6) 153 (2.9) 142 (1.3) 108 (1.3) 148 (2.5) 146 (2.7) 136 (1.0) 152 (2.2) 161 (1.5) 147 (1.8) 140 (1.9) 161 (1.4) 152 (2.1) 157 (2.2) 158 (2.7) 160 (1.8) 135 (2.0) 156 (1.4) 145 (1.8) 146 (3.3) 148 (1.6) 163 (0.8) 158 (2.0) 149 (1.0) 144 (1.9) 142 (2.7) 146 (3.7) 159 (1.2) 156 (1.2) 151 (2.0) 149 (1.0) 149 (1.1) 151 (2.0) 149 (1.2) 151 (2.1) 151 (2.0) 149 (1.4) 161 (2.1)	29 (5.0) 21 (2.9) 40 (5.4) 34 (6.5) 29 (4.6) 22 (3.8) 16 (3.2) 26 (0.4) 22 (0.8) 40 (5.2) 38 (5.8) 37 (0.5) 15 (3.8) 19 (4.5) 34 (5.1) 33 (4.5) 17 (3.3) 39 (4.8) 9 (2.5) 32 (5.4) 18 (4.5) 41 (4.9) 29 (4.4) 29 (3.8) 16 (2.6) 53 (3.8) 13 (3.9) 38 (5.0) 6 (1.4) 40 (4.6) 7 (0.4) 38 (5.7) 43 (5.4) 29 (3.8) 13 (3.9) 38 (5.7) 43 (5.7) 43 (5.4) 29 (3.8) 17 (4.2)	136 (3.6) 139 (5.8) 136 (3.1) 141 (3.3)! 123 (4.0) 144 (2.6) 147 (4.2)! 141 (2.0) 96 (1.9) 133 (2.9) 134 (2.6) 133 (1.7) 147 (4.1)! 149 (2.4)! 142 (2.1) 121 (3.9) 165 (2.5) 132 (2.8) 145 (4.1)! 136 (3.8) 148 (2.7)! 131 (2.6) 140 (3.8) 155 (2.9) 156 (2.4) 137 (1.5) 128 (8.8)! 143 (2.1) 158 (5.8)! 149 (2.8) () 132 (2.7) 141 (2.5) 135 (2.3) 146 (2.3) 149 (1.6) 138 (3.0) 146 (3.4) 144 (2.0) 144 (4.6)!	
WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	11 (0.6)	157 (1.9)	67 (1.0)	157 (0.9)	22 (0.8)	159 (1.5)	
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	17 (0.8) 55 (0.4) 0 (···)*	160 (2.5) 156 (1.3) ()	83 (0.8) 35 (0.4) 34 (0.7)*	150 (1.5) 155 (1.5) 126 (2.7)	0 (···) 10 (0.3) 66 (0.7)*	() 154 (1.7) 120 (1.5)	

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

Interpret with caution — more than 15 percent of the respondents did not answer this question.

Chapter 4

Classroom Practices Related to Science Instruction

Overview

NAEP collected information about instructional approaches and strategies used in the classroom by surveying students and their teachers about specific activities employed. For several tables, student- and teacher-reported results are presented for similar questions, discussion of science in the news, amount of time spent on homework and computer use. Some discrepancies may exist between student- and teacher-reported percentages. No attempt is made to offer conclusive reasons for these discrepancies.

As with all NAEP results, the unit of analysis is the student. Therefore, teacher background question results are reported in terms of the students whose teachers report particular instructional practices.



TABLE 4.1

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Time Spent on Earth Science



How much time do you spend on the area of earth science in this class?	No	None		ittle	Some		A	Lot
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	7 (1.8)* 24 (6.1)* 6 (2.8)* 1 () 4 (2.0)	153 (4.4)! () () ()	11 (3.1)* 25 (9.4)* 9 (4.6)* 13 (5.7) 5 (2.8)	153 (5.6)! () () 153 (4.9)! ()	41 (5.0)* 14 (9.0)* 45 (9.1)* 45 (12.1) 48 (9.5)	151 (2.1) () 147 (2.6)! 162 (5.3)! 149 (2.6)	41 (5.6)* 36 (12.6)* 40 (6.4)* 41 (12.8) 44 (10.7)	149 (2.9) 153 (3.8)! 138 (3.4) 156 (4.9)! 151 (7.3)!
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON	0 () 5 (2.0)* 8 (2.3)* 1 () 3 (1.0) 14 (3.1)* 19 (3.9)* 4 (0.2) 23 (1.4)* 11 (2.6)* 0 () 1 (0.2) 14 (3.2)* 6 (2.5)* 1 (0.7) 4 (1.4) 21 (3.3)* 9 (2.4)* 13 (3.8)* 16 (3.2)* 5 (3.2)* 6 (1.9)* 2 () 32 (4.7)* 8 (1.5)* 2 (0.3)* 27 (5.5)* 1 () 1 () 9 (2.7) 13 (1.0)* 2 (1.3) 3 (1.0) 0 () 11 (1.2)* 16 (3.6)* 38 (4.1)* 11 (2.7)*	() () () 157 (4.2)! () 152 (3.5)! 160 (3.2)! () 101 (1.7) 148 (4.5)! () 155 (3.3)! 158 (6.1)! () 134 (6.0)! 163 (2.2) 139 (5.4)! 159 (2.8)! 163 (2.4)! 172 (14.2)! 136 (3.0)! () 161 (1.9) () 168 (6.9)! () 156 (2.3)! 156 (2.1) () 156 (2.3)! 156 (2.1) () 151 (2.3) 154 (4.2)! 150 (2.4)	1 (0.3) 7 (0.8)* 22 (4.1)* 0 () 15 (3.2) 20 (3.7)* 23 (4.1)* 11 (0.9) 44 (1.7)* 16 (3.6)* 0 (0.2) 5 (0.3) 14 (4.2)* 13 (3.0)* 2 (1.0) 2 (1.1) 20 (3.6)* 19 (3.5)* 8 (2.8) 15 (2.5)* 9 (2.8) 27 (3.6)* 19 (2.6)* 13 (1.1)* 24 (5.0)* 1 (0.9) 3 (1.2) 11 (2.8) 20 (0.9)* 2 (0.9)* 2 (0.9) 5 (1.8) 1 (0.4) 11 (1.8)* 32 (2.3)* 42 (4.6)* 10 (2.5)*	() 161 (2.3) 149 (2.4) () 149 (3.7)! 159 (3.4) 162 (3.3) 142 (2.9) 117 (2.0) 142 (3.1)! () 157 (3.9)! 165 (2.9)! () 164 (2.9) 150 (6.3)! 165 (3.8)! 165 (3.8)! 165 (3.8)! 164 (4.2)! 167 (3.2)! 167 (3.2)! 168 (3.2) 159 (4.7) 155 (4.3)! 163 (3.2) 152 (3.0) 144 (2.2) 160 (3.4)! () 164 (3.4)! 149 (2.1) () 151 (5.2)! () 157 (2.8) 160 (1.8) 148 (2.9) 152 (3.7)!	18 (2.8) 42 (3.3)* 38 (4.7)* 10 (2.0) 43 (4.8) 31 (4.4)* 30 (4.2)* 17 (1.1) 25 (1.3)* 49 (4.1)* 3 (1.2) 15 (0.7) 40 (5.1)* 26 (4.3)* 23 (3.5) 5 (2.1) 35 (3.9)* 26 (3.7)* 26 (3.6)* 30 (4.2)* 4 (1.6) 59 (4.0)* 39 (4.1) 24 (4.1)* 20 (2.3)* 16 (2.0)* 10 (3.6)* 50 (4.1) 2 (1.1) 31 (4.1) 29 (0.6)* 7 (2.7) 51 (4.9) 17 (2.6) 14 (2.2)* 33 (3.1)* 13 (2.9)* 32 (4.8)*	134 (4.5) 148 (2.5) 143 (2.6) 139 (6.8) 140 (2.1) 152 (2.7) 161 (2.5) 131 (4.0) 104 (3.2) 141 (3.0) 145 (7.4)! 132 (4.1) 148 (3.0) 157 (2.2) 141 (4.2) 147 (3.1) 152 (3.3) 149 (6.6)! 138 (1.9) 151 (1.9) 164 (1.9) 164 (1.9) 164 (1.9) 165 (1.7) 141 (2.4) 145 (6.8)! 146 (1.7) 167 (3.8)! 156 (3.1) 146 (1.5) 125 (4.3)! 142 (2.2) 142 (3.7) 157 (2.2) 142 (3.7) 157 (2.2) 157 (1.9) 148 (5.9)! 149 (3.1)	81 (2.9) 45 (3.3)* 31 (4.5)* 89 (2.3) 40 (4.4) 35 (5.4)* 28 (3.7)* 69 (0.7) 7 (0.7)* 25 (3.7)* 97 (1.2) 79 (0.8) 31 (4.6)* 55 (5.2)* 74 (3.7) 89 (2.8) 24 (4.3)* 52 (4.6)* 39 (5.8)* 35 (5.1)* 84 (4.5) 20 (3.3)* 50 (4.7) 16 (4.1)* 53 (3.4)* 69 (2.2)* 38 (5.6)* 48 (4.1) 94 (1.9) 49 (5.0) 38 (0.8)* 89 (3.3) 41 (5.0) 82 (2.6) 64 (3.1)* 19 (1.9)* 7 (3.0)* 47 (4.7)*	140 (1.9) 154 (2.9) 143 (4.0) 144 (1.6) 137 (3.2) 159 (1.8) 152 (3.7) 145 (1.3) () 140 (3.7) 143 (1.6) 137 (1.7) 161 (1.9) 160 (1.6) 149 (1.8) 133 (1.7) 166 (1.6) 155 (2.2) 161 (3.0) 158 (1.9) 158 (1.4) 131 (2.6) 153 (2.1) 158 (5.0)! 161 (1.5) 144 (1.5) 138 (4.3) 148 (1.5) 162 (0.9) 154 (2.3) 150 (1.5) 139 (1.6) 147 (3.3) 149 (1.4) 156 (1.2) 155 (2.4) 150 (7.6)! 152 (2.1)
WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSINT WYOMING	0 (···) 10 (2.7)* 15 (1.2)*	() 168 (2.4)! 160 (1.8)	1 () 14 (3.7)* 23 (0.8)*	() 164 (3.0)! 160 (1.5)	59 (4.1) 18 (4.2)* 23 (1.1)*	149 (1.2) 149 (7.4)! 162 (1.7)	39 (4.0) 58 (5.2)* 38 (0.8)*	145 (1.7) 163 (2.2) 160 (1.2)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	0 ()	··· (···) ··· (···)	13 (1.0) 1 (0.0) 0 (···)	151 (3.2) () ()	8 (1.1) 55 (0.8) 0 (···)	() 157 (1.0) ()	79 (1.0) 44 (0.7) 100 (···)	152 (1.4) 153 (1.0) 119 (1.3)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic. Interpret with caution — more than 15 percent of the respondents did not answer this question.

POPULATION:

REPORTED STATISTICS:

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

1996 Science Assessment

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Time Spent on Physical Science



How much time do you spend on the area of physical science in this class?	No	None		ittle	So	me	A	Lot
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	3 (1.2)* 9 (5.1)* 0 ()* 0 () 3 (2.2)	141 (9.5)! () () ()	12 (3.6)* 3 (2.2)* 9 (2.7)* 16 () 16 (4.7)	152 (4.4)! () () () 154 (4.0)!	36 (4.9)* 17 (10.3)* 41 (7.9)* 49 (13.3) 33 (7.6)	152 (2.8) () 149 (2.9)! 158 (5.2)! 152 (4.2)!	49 (4.9)* 71 (10.1)* 50 (7.8)* 35 (9.8) 48 (9.1)	151 (1.8) 161 (5.0) 142 (2.5)! 156 (4.3)! 146 (2.6)!
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA	10 (3.0) 3 (1.5)* 8 (2.1)* 5 (2.3) 1 (1.0) 3 (1.1)* 6 (2.1)* 6 (0.5) 0 ()* 3 (1.1)* 15 (2.8) 6 (0.5) 0 ()* 4 (2.4)* 5 (2.0) 12 (3.3)	143 (5.9)! () 162 (8.1)! 143 (6.1)! () 148 (10.1)! 130 (4.2) () () 139 (5.0)! () () 154 (10.0)! 140 (3.1)!	22 (3.2) 10 (2.9)* 12 (2.7)* 43 (5.6) 2 (1.0) 6 (2.2)* 6 (1.8)* 24 (1.1) 7 (1.3)* 4 (1.3)* 33 (3.5) 21 (1.4) 5 (1.7)* 12 (3.4)* 13 (3.0) 43 (5.6)	137 (3.8) 130 (13.2)! 141 (4.4)! 144 (2.3) () 151 (4.4)! 160 (4.1)! 139 (2.9) () 147 (6.3)! 141 (3.1) 141 (4.3) 152 (4.3)! 162 (3.1)! 142 (3.6)! 131 (3.8)	55 (4.5) 28 (3.7)* 30 (4.5)* 35 (4.7) 39 (4.2) 26 (3.7)* 24 (4.0)* 35 (1.3) 16 (0.7)* 34 (3.7)* 42 (3.8) 52 (1.5) 33 (4.5)* 30 (4.5)* 53 (4.6) 27 (5.2)	136 (2.6) 152 (3.2) 144 (3.2) 142 (4.1) 140 (2.7) 154 (3.3) 162 (2.4) 138 (2.4) 103 (2.4) 139 (3.2) 144 (2.4) 133 (2.2) 151 (3.4) 158 (1.5) 147 (1.4) 136 (3.6)!	13 (3.8) 59 (3.2)* 50 (4.7)* 16 (5.0) 57 (4.2) 65 (4.5)* 64 (4.2)* 35 (1.1) 77 (1.3)* 59 (3.8)* 9 (2.1) 21 (1.4) 62 (4.8)* 54 (5.2)* 28 (4.6) 19 (3.8)	144 (5.5)! 153 (1.8) 143 (2.7) 154 (4.4)! 141 (2.1) 156 (1.3) 160 (2.0) 139 (2.3) 112 (1.0) 143 (1.9) 143 (5.8)! 143 (3.5) 155 (1.6) 158 (2.0) 152 (2.0) 144 (2.2)!
MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	1 (0.1)* 5 (2.7)* 5 (1.7)* 4 (1.6)* 13 (3.4) 0 ()* 2 (1.2) 1 ()* 7 (1.8)*	155 (5.4)! 166 (5.9)! 163 (5.8)! 151 (4.4)! () () 156 (4.2)!	9 (2.7)* 5 (1.6)* 12 (2.8)* 8 (2.7)* 37 (4.7) 2 (0.9)* 15 (3.2) 6 (2.8)* 18 (3.2)*	158 (2.4)! 156 (7.7)! 159 (6.5)! 158 (4.0)! 158 (2.4) () 150 (2.5)! 159 (1.6)! 162 (2.5)	29 (3.4)* 32 (3.2)* 29 (3.9)* 28 (3.9)* 30 (4.5)* 45 (4.5)* 39 (4.9) 12 (3.2)* 31 (3.5)*	165 (1.5) 147 (2.4) 150 (3.0) 152 (3.0) 159 (2.1) 136 (2.4) 154 (2.1) 158 (5.7)! 159 (1.5)	61 (4.4)* 58 (4.5)* 54 (5.4)* 61 (4.4)* 20 (5.6) 53 (4.5)* 43 (4.9) 81 (4.0)* 45 (3.5)*	163 (1.5) 142 (2.6) 161 (2.2) 158 (1.9) 167 (3.9)! 134 (2.1) 153 (1.9) 163 (1.3) 154 (1.5)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS	4 (0.9)* 4 (1.5)* 0 () 18 (3.6) 3 (1.5) 4 (0.3)* 12 (2.6) 1 (0.7) 6 (1.7)	() 137 (8.5)! () 162 (2.0)! () 158 (4.3) 129 (5.3)! () 138 (4.5)!	19 (1.3)* 6 (2.0)* 3 (1.2) 50 (4.0) 22 (4.4) 16 (0.8)* 27 (4.0) 8 (2.3) 31 (4.0)	139 (2.8) 153 (7.6)! 154 (4.2)! 162 (1.8) 154 (3.0)! 153 (2.1) 140 (3.2) 143 (7.8)! 153 (2.6) 159 (4.2)!	40 (2.8)* 17 (4.0)* 42 (4.1) 30 (3.0) 38 (4.5) 30 (0.7)* 45 (4.6) 45 (4.9) 51 (4.1) 15 (2.4)*	142 (2.0) 143 (6.4)! 145 (2.0) 162 (2.0) 155 (3.0) 149 (1.8) 139 (2.5) 140 (2.7) 145 (2.2) 158 (2.3)	37 (2.7)* 73 (4.6)* 54 (4.4) 2 (1.1) 36 (4.2) 49 (0.7)* 16 (4.2) 46 (4.7) 11 (2.7) 75 (1.9)*	148 (1.8) 155 (3.5) 148 (1.6) () 158 (2.6) 149 (1.1) 138 (4.2)! 151 (2.7) 145 (5.3)! 156 (1.0)
UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	5 (1.4)* 7 (1.5)* 1 ()* 5 (2.1)* 0 () 6 (2.1)*	151 (4.6)! 154 (3.6)! () () () 163 (3.2)! 160 (2.9)	5 (1.4)* 4 (1.4)* 1 (0.6)* 19 (4.4)* 5 (1.0) 24 (5.0)* 16 (0.5)*	168 (5.4)! () 149 (3.5)! 144 (2.8)! 162 (2.9)!	20 (3.1)* 2 (0.7)* 32 (4.5)* 60 (3.8) 26 (4.8)* 36 (1.1)*	158 (2.3) 157 (2.3) () 150 (2.1) 148 (1.1) 152 (5.3) 159 (1.0)	69 (3.4)* 96 (1.0)* 44 (5.1)* 35 (3.7) 43 (5.6)* 43 (1.0)*	156 (1.3) 149 (1.9) 149 (2.8) 147 (2.1) 164 (1.9) 158 (0.8)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	6 (0.6) 0 (···) 2 (0.5)	() () ()	24 (1.1) 4 (0.3) 27 (0.9)	154 (2.1) () 118 (2.2)	26 (1.5) 62 (1.0) 71 (0.9)	145 (2.6) 157 (0.9) 120 (1.9)	44 (1.2) 34 (1.0) 0 (···)	156 (1.9) 155 (1.0) ()

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic. Interpret with caution — more than 15 percent of the respondents did not answer this question.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: **Time Spent on Life Science**



How much time do you spend on the area of life science in this class?	No	None		ittle	So	me 	A	Lot			
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)			
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	17 (5.1)* 55 (15.3)* 12 (5.7)* 13 () 7 (2.7)	155 (5.0)! () 151 (2.9)! () 151 (9.3)!	22 (4.1)* 17 (8.6)* 23 (7.5)* 23 (8.3) 24 (8.1)	152 (3.5) () 144 (2.7)! 162 (5.2)! 155 (7.7)!	41 (6.1)* 14 ()* 51 (11.9)* 48 (14.3) 42 (8.8)	149 (2.5) () 147 (3.6)! 156 (5.2)! 150 (2.8)!	19 (4.7)* 13 (8.2)* 14 (4.2)* 16 (7.6) 27 (10.0)	147 (2.7)! () 140 (4.0)! 158 (5.4)! 144 (3.4)!			
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA	16 (3.9) 8 (1.5)* 9 (2.2)* 13 (4.2) 9 (2.3) 20 (3.4)* 17 (3.2)* 34 (0.8) 29 (1.6)* 13 (2.6)* 34 (4.0) 28 (1.0) 22 (4.1)*	147 (4.0)! 150 (4.9) 148 (9.5)! 147 (5.4)! 134 (6.6)! 156 (2.9) 158 (4.8) 143 (1.8) 111 (2.1) 151 (3.7) 140 (3.4) 141 (3.9) 154 (2.7)	30 (4.3) 29 (3.5)* 16 (3.1)* 49 (6.2) 21 (3.8) 29 (4.4)* 24 (3.4)* 33 (1.4) 20 (1.2)* 26 (3.6)* 50 (4.1) 39 (1.5) 20 (3.8)*	139 (3.2) 152 (5.4) 147 (2.6)! 147 (2.7) 138 (3.8) 160 (1.6) 161 (3.7) 135 (1.9) 119 (2.4) 139 (3.6) 143 (2.2) 135 (2.4) 158 (2.8)	43 (4.0) 38 (3.6)* 32 (3.7)* 32 (5.2) 40 (4.1) 25 (3.3)* 32 (4.2)* 26 (1.1) 19 (1.0)* 47 (4.1)* 11 (2.8) 25 (1.2) 36 (4.8)*	133 (3.3) 146 (2.2) 146 (2.8) 140 (4.3) 140 (2.6) 150 (2.3) 161 (2.7) 141 (3.2) 108 (3.2) 140 (2.9) 142 (5.1)! 134 (4.1) 150 (3.4)	11 (2.5) 25 (3.1)* 43 (4.8)* 6 (2.2) 30 (4.3) 26 (3.4)* 27 (4.7)* 6 (0.6) 31 (1.7)* 15 (3.4)* 5 (1.9) 8 (1.1) 22 (5.3)*	139 (6.3)! 151 (4.3) 144 (2.8) 136 (5.3)! 146 (3.5) 149 (3.1) 151 (4.0) 121 (4.9) 107 (2.7) 142 (3.4)! 153 (7.2)! () 157 (4.2)!			
IOWAT KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLANDT MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGANT MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANAT NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORKT NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA	14 (3.8)* 21 (3.9) 31 (6.5) 20 (3.0)* 28 (5.4)* 24 (4.8)* 27 (5.4) 7 (2.2)* 5 (2.1) 32 (4.9)* 21 (3.3)* 24 (1.9)* 35 (6.3)* 5 (1.8) 26 (3.7)	160 (2.9)! 153 (3.5) 131 (4.2)! 162 (1.8) 145 (3.7)! 167 (3.6)! 160 (1.9) 161 (4.3)! 136 (2.6)! 153 (5.7)! 163 (2.0) 157 (3.5) 142 (2.0) 147 (5.9)! 150 (4.7)! 161 (2.2)!	35 (5.4)* 33 (5.3) 36 (6.0) 24 (4.2)* 25 (4.9)* 27 (4.5)* 28 (3.5)* 46 (5.5) 12 (2.1)* 20 (3.8) 36 (4.8)* 45 (3.6)* 31 (2.1)* 32 (4.8)* 19 (2.9) 46 (3.8)	158 (2.3) 150 (1.9) 137 (3.8) 164 (2.9) 152 (3.7) 159 (2.7) 159 (2.4) 161 (2.0) 130 (4.5) 154 (3.5) 164 (2.6) 159 (1.5) 144 (1.5) 155 (4.3) 148 (2.2) 162 (2.1)	29 (4.5)* 35 (4.3) 24 (5.2) 33 (3.9)* 38 (4.4)* 25 (4.4)* 33 (3.6)* 19 (3.5) 59 (4.0)* 46 (4.9) 19 (4.6)* 17 (2.5)* 24 (2.2)* 16 (3.8)* 62 (3.6) 19 (2.8)	159 (2.3) 146 (1.8) 138 (4.1)! 163 (1.7) 145 (2.8) 151 (3.2) 154 (3.1) 156 (2.6) 136 (2.2) 152 (1.7) 160 (4.6)! 155 (1.9) 139 (2.7) 152 (4.2)! 147 (1.6) 155 (3.2)	22 (4.5)* 11 (2.9) 9 (3.6) 23 (2.6)* 9 (2.6) 24 (4.9)* 20 (3.9)* 9 (3.2) 23 (3.4)* 29 (4.1) 13 (4.5)* 17 (3.2)* 20 (3.0)* 17 (5.1)* 13 (2.6) 10 (2.7) 25 (4.6)	162 (2.7)! 141 (5.6)! 121 (17.4)! 166 (2.2) 140 (5.3)! 147 (4.6)! 150 (3.5)! 157 (6.5)! 135 (2.9) 152 (2.0) 157 (3.7)! 160 (2.8) 144 (3.0) 142 (9.4)! 149 (3.3)! 162 (2.2)!			
OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	14 (2.9) 21 (1.0)* 28 (3.7) 3 (1.2) 10 (2.2) 41 (3.7)* 23 (3.4)* 51 (4.4)* 17 (3.9)* 2 (1.0) 16 (3.9)* 13 (0.5)*	154 (4.0)! 154 (2.0) 138 (3.3) () 150 (5.2)! 153 (1.7) 153 (3.1) 153 (2.4) 147 (2.9)! () 166 (2.8)! 159 (1.9)	29 (4.4) 31 (1.2)* 47 (4.3) 18 (3.7) 43 (3.5) 39 (3.7)* 29 (2.7)* 37 (4.4)* 22 (4.0)* 9 (1.8) 36 (4.9)* 29 (0.7)*	156 (2.7) 151 (1.7) 141 (2.3) 154 (3.5)! 148 (2.2) 158 (1.4) 158 (1.9) 148 (3.2) 150 (3.7) 148 (4.0)! 163 (3.2) 160 (1.3)	31 (4.4) 25 (0.8)* 22 (4.1) 46 (4.5) 37 (3.7) 15 (2.8)* 27 (3.5)* 11 (3.5)* 34 (4.8)* 68 (3.5) 25 (4.7)* 28 (0.9)*	155 (3.2) 146 (2.2) 131 (3.6)! 142 (2.6) 145 (3.0) 157 (2.5) 159 (2.3) 134 (4.1)! 152 (2.0) 148 (1.2) 152 (5.5)! 160 (1.3)	25 (4.6) 22 (0.8)* 2 (1.3) 34 (4.4) 10 (2.6) 4 (1.9)* 22 (2.9)* 1 (0.3)* 27 (4.9)* 22 (3.6) 23 (4.9)* 31 (1.0)*	157 (3.9)! 149 (2.1) () 144 (3.4) 145 (4.1)! () 158 (2.5) () 150 (3.5)! 144 (2.7) 159 (4.1)! 158 (1.6)			
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	24 (1.0) 4 (0.1) 27 (0.8)	159 (1.9) 159 (3.2) () 107 (2.9)	26 (1.6) 7 (0.5) 20 (1.6)	148 (2.3) 154 (2.3) 130 (3.3)	29 (1.6) 52 (1.1) 53 (1.5)	148 (2.2) 156 (1.1) 121 (2.1)	22 (0.9) 36 (1.1) 0 (···)	153 (3.1) 156 (1.2) ()			

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic. Interpret with caution - more than 15 percent of the respondents did not answer this question.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

STUDENTS' REPORTS ON:

Their Current Science Course



Notion Notice N	Which best describes the science course you are taking?		I Am Not Taking Science This Year		cience	Physical	Science
NATION 31 0.91 120 130 120 130 133 3.5 25 120 154 1.6 1.0	JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
ALABAMA 1 0.31 12 0.99 121 12.6 33 0.4 116 7.01 ALASKA† 5 0.77 10 1.6 132 1.59 21 1.6 1.59 1.20 ARIZONA 5 0.99 125 6.311 19 1.88 1.44 1.30 7 1.44 1.37 6.011 31 3.0 3.	NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL	8 (4.4) 2 (0.4) 1 (0.3)	() () ()	9 (1.6) 11 (1.5) 13 (4.7)	126 (5.0)! 122 (2.9)! 144 (6.9)!	55 (5.5) 27 (4.8) 13 (3.6)	160 (4.2) 146 (3.0)! 152 (4.1)!
LOUISIANA	ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA†	5 (0.7) 5 (0.9) 1 (0.4) 5 (1.4) 2 (0.3) 2 (0.3) 2 (0.5) 4 (0.5) 2 (0.3) 2 (0.3) 2 (0.3) 2 (0.3) 2 (0.3) 2 (0.3) 2 (0.3)	() 125 (6.3)! () 114 (5.5)! () () () () () () () ()	10 (1.6) 19 (1.8) 11 (1.0) 13 (1.7) 11 (1.2) 14 (1.3) 13 (0.9) 13 (0.8) 13 (1.2) 12 (1.0) 8 (0.6) 8 (1.0) 13 (1.6)	132 (5.9) 144 (3.0) 134 (3.3) 138 (4.6) 145 (2.7) 139 (2.9) 126 (2.6) 106 (2.7) 133 (2.8) 129 (2.8) 120 (3.4) 139 (2.5) 151 (2.8)	21 (1.6) 14 (1.9) 7 (1.4) 18 (1.7) 31 (2.8) 32 (2.6) 10 (0.7) 42 (1.1) 38 (3.2) 5 (0.8) 7 (0.5) 21 (3.1) 20 (2.9)	159 (2.0) 143 (3.0) 137 (6.0)! 137 (2.8) 159 (1.4) 163 (2.1) 140 (3.3) 117 (1.6) 149 (2.5) 134 (5.3) 127 (3.9) 156 (2.1) 160 (2.9)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORKT NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINAT TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONTT VIRGINIA VERMONTT VIRGINIA VERMONTT VIRGINIA VISCONSINT VISCONSINT VISCONSINT VIXONET NO. () NEW MEXICO 3 (0.5) () 1 (1.1) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.1) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.1) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.1) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.3) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.5) 1 (2.5) 2 (0.3) () 1 (1.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.5) 2 (0.3) () 1 (1.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (2.0) 1 (3.5) 2 (0.3) () 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (2.0) 1 (3.5) 2 (0.3) () 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (2.0) 1 (3.5) 2 (0.3) () 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (2.0) 1 (3.5) 2 (0.3) () 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (2.0) 1 (3.5) 2 (0.3) () 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (2.0) 1 (3.5) 2 (0.3) () 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (2.0) 1 (3.5) 2 (0.3) () 1 (2.0) 2 (0.3) () 1 (1.4) 1 (2.1) 1 (2.1) 1 (3.8) 1 (3.8) 1 (3.8) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (3.8) 1 (2.1) 2 (0.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (2.0) 1 (3.8) 1 (2.1) 2 (0.8) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (3.8) 1 (2.1) 2 (0.8) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (3.8) 1 (2.1) 2 (0.8) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (1.1) 1 (1.4) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (1.4) 1 (2.7) 1 (1.1) 1 (1.4) 1 (MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA†	2 (0.4) 2 (0.3) 2 (0.8) 2 (0.5) 2 (0.4) 2 (0.4) 2 (0.4) 1 (0.4)	() () () () () () () ()	11 (1.1) 11 (1.1) 14 (2.0) 9 (1.1) 13 (1.9) 7 (0.9) 15 (1.5) 10 (1.1)	157 (2.4) 130 (3.0) 142 (2.7) 137 (4.0) 146 (4.0) 126 (4.0) 140 (2.5) 153 (2.9)	33 (2.7) 33 (2.8) 29 (3.5) 30 (3.3) 12 (3.0) 36 (2.8) 13 (1.9) 58 (2.8)	167 (1.8) 146 (2.4) 162 (2.3) 161 (2.2) 166 (5.1)! 130 (2.0) 150 (2.6) 166 (1.3)
WASHINGTON 7 { 1.1} 134 { 3.8} 17 { 2.2} 144 { 2.6} 15 { 2.6} 153 { 3.1} WEST VIRGINIA 3 { 0.4} 130 { 4.7} 9 { 0.8} 136 { 2.1} 6 { 0.6} 143 { 2.9} WISCONSIN† 2 { 0.4} 11 { 1.6} 149 { 3.7} 18 { 3.0} 159 { 2.5} WYOMING 9 { 0.5} 145 { 3.0} 17 { 0.8} 158 { 1.3} 29 { 0.9} 159 { 1.0}	NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT†	3 (0.5) 2 (0.5) 3 (0.4) 1 (0.3) 4 (0.9) 2 (0.3) 1 (0.3) 4 (0.4) 1 (0.2) 4 (0.6) 2 (0.4)	() () 121 (4.9) () 133 (6.0)! () () 112 (4.8) () 135 (3.5) ()	14 (1.1) 13 (1.3) 5 (0.5) 11 (1.4) 17 (2.0) 11 (0.8) 14 (1.0) 7 (0.8) 14 (1.0) 8 (0.9) 13 (1.7) 9 (0.6)	126 (1.9) 134 (4.4) 122 (3.5) 151 (2.5) 150 (3.5) 134 (2.9) 125 (1.9) 126 (3.8) 136 (2.4) 145 (3.1) 152 (3.2) 131 (2.8)	15 (1.4) 38 (3.2) 12 (1.2) 2 (0.3) 20 (2.4) 29 (0.8) 8 (1.8) 11 (1.4) 5 (0.8) 40 (2.2) 35 (2.4) 72 (1.5)	144 (2.0) 156 (3.8) 143 (2.7) () 159 (2.1) 152 (1.4) 139 (4.3)! 145 (5.4) 131 (3.8) 157 (1.1) 163 (1.6) 153 (1.7)
DoDDS 2 (0.3) () 9 (0.7) 144 (2.9) 6 (0.5) 152 (3.8) (0.4) (0.7	WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS	7 (1.1) 3 (0.4) 2 (0.4) 9 (0.5)	134 (3.8) 130 (4.7) () 145 (3.0) ()	17 (2.2) 9 (0.8) 11 (1.6) 17 (0.8)	144 (2.6) 136 (2.1) 149 (3.7) 158 (1.3) ()	15 (2.6) 6 (0.6) 18 (3.0) 29 (0.9)	153 (3.1) 143 (2.9) 159 (2.5) 159 (1.0) 157 (3.2) 152 (3.8)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).



^{...} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

TABLE 4.4 (continued)

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

STUDENTS' REPORTS ON: Their Current Science Course



Which best describes the science course you are taking?	Earth Science		Genera	l Science	Integrate	d Science
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	23 (3.1) 15 (7.0) 23 (4.2) 31 (7.5) 23 (6.2)	148 (3.6) 140 (4.5)! 137 (3.5)! 153 (5.1)! 153 (8.8)!	19 (1.5) 6 (1.4) 16 (3.2) 25 (4.7) 24 (2.4)	156 (1.7) () 145 (3.7)! 165 (3.1) 157 (1.9)	17 (1.8) 6 (2.6) 21 (4.9) 17 (3.1) 20 (3.3)	156 (1.6) () 153 (2.2)! 166 (3.6) 152 (2.5)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	58 (2.8) 24 (1.9) 16 (2.0) 71 (2.4) 19 (1.7) 17 (2.3) 15 (1.7) 53 (1.1) 7 (0.8) 14 (1.8) 72 (1.6) 32 (1.0) 16 (1.9) 30 (3.3) 44 (2.6) 66 (2.4) 14 (2.5) 28 (3.0) 27 (3.4) 19 (2.6) 61 (3.8) 13 (1.2) 28 (3.0) 14 (2.8) 39 (3.0)	143 (1.9) 154 (2.7) 144 (4.4) 148 (1.6) 129 (3.2) 158 (2.8) 148 (2.4) 151 (1.2) 90 (3.2) 140 (2.7) 147 (1.7) 140 (1.5) 151 (3.2) 161 (1.6) 153 (1.8) 139 (1.8) 139 (1.8) 164 (2.4) 156 (2.5) 162 (3.0) 152 (2.7) 162 (1.3) 122 (2.8) 154 (1.9) 156 (3.9) 162 (1.4)	4 (0.7) 21 (1.7) 27 (2.3) 4 (0.7) 25 (1.8) 20 (1.4) 23 (1.8) 13 (0.7) 27 (0.9) 20 (1.7) 3 (0.4) 4 (0.4) 32 (2.6) 23 (2.3) 16 (1.3) 3 (0.4) 24 (1.4) 15 (1.6) 26 (2.5) 8 (1.6) 12 (1.0) 27 (2.1) 11 (1.6) 14 (1.7)	137 (5.6) 161 (2.2) 150 (2.4) 146 (5.4) 150 (2.0) 154 (1.7) 162 (1.9) 137 (2.3) 128 (1.7) 140 (2.6) 138 (4.3) 142 (4.2) 156 (1.8) 159 (1.9) 152 (1.8) 126 (6.3) 163 (1.7) 148 (2.6) 159 (2.7) 155 (2.2) 162 (2.9) 143 (2.7) 158 (1.7)	21 (2.6) 20 (1.5) 20 (1.3) 6 (1.1) 21 (1.3) 19 (1.4) 14 (1.3) 8 (0.6) 8 (0.6) 13 (1.4) 7 (1.2) 3 (0.3) 19 (1.4) 13 (1.4) 13 (1.4) 13 (1.1) 2 (0.4) 16 (1.1) 11 (1.0) 13 (1.3) 14 (1.2) 4 (0.7) 30 (2.4) 15 (1.2) 5 (0.7) 9 (0.8)	143 (2.4) 161 (2.0) 155 (2.3) 150 (3.5) 148 (2.3) 155 (2.0) 160 (2.9) 143 (3.0) 119 (3.0) 149 (4.2) 147 (4.4) () 157 (2.4) 159 (2.5) 154 (2.0) () 165 (1.6) 149 (3.1) 157 (2.6) 157 (2.0) 163 (3.5) 141 (2.0) 158 (1.8) 160 (2.9) 160 (2.3)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	46 (1.9) 26 (2.9) 15 (1.2) 84 (1.5) 27 (3.3) 30 (1.0) 69 (1.8) 10 (1.1) 61 (2.6) 36 (1.9) 11 (1.2) 6 (1.3) 32 (3.1) 19 (1.3) 37 (3.5) 23 (0.7)	145 (1.5) 145 (2.9) 136 (2.1) 165 (0.8) 158 (2.2) 151 (1.5) 143 (1.8) 130 (3.4) 150 (1.5) 158 (1.1) 149 (2.8) 145 (3.6) 151 (2.1) 138 (2.0) 164 (2.1) 162 (1.3)	12 (0.8) 13 (1.8) 26 (1.1) 2 (0.5) 17 (1.7) 18 (0.9) 4 (0.9) 51 (2.0) 9 (1.1) 5 (0.7) 21 (1.6) 7 (0.8) 16 (1.9) 37 (1.2) 20 (1.9) 12 (0.6)	146 (1.7) 152 (4.4) 153 (1.5) () 156 (2.1) 152 (1.6) 137 (4.2)! 148 (2.0) 153 (4.2) 161 (3.0) 156 (2.9) 156 (2.9) 156 (2.3) 153 (1.1) 165 (1.8) 155 (2.1)	11 (1.0) 7 (1.0) 38 (1.4) 1 (0.3) 15 (1.3) 10 (0.7) 4 (0.6) 17 (1.4) 9 (1.0) 7 (0.6) 17 (1.3) 5 (0.8) 13 (1.7) 26 (1.2) 12 (1.3) 10 (0.7)	149 (2.3) 144 (4.5) 153 (1.4) () 156 (2.9) 156 (2.5) 133 (4.6) 153 (2.1) 149 (3.1) 160 (3.3) 162 (2.3) 148 (4.7) 154 (2.3) 155 (1.3) 161 (3.2) 160 (1.5)
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	40 (1.9) 15 (0.8) 58 (1.6)	153 (1.9) 152 (1.7) 127 (1.7)	9 (1.3) 37 (1.1) 8 (0.9)	() 159 (1.4) 128 (3.7)	20 (1.5) 32 (1.1) 9 (1.2)	156 (3.0) 159 (0.8) ⁽ 123 (3.6)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).



[·] Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: STUDENTS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Time Spent Studying Science in School



About how often do you study science in school?	Never	Less than Once a Week	One or Two Times A Week	Three or Four Times a Week	Every Day
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE) SS (SE	PCT (SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE) SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	4 (0.5) 126 (3.2 6 (2.5) (4 (0.7) 116 (5.7 3 (0.6) (4 (0.4) 133 (4.7	6 (1.1) () 4 (0.4) 128 (4.8) 5 (0.7) ()	7 (0.8) 138 (2.6) 8 (1.3) () 8 (0.9) 133 (4.8) 6 (1.2) 141 (6.4)! 8 (1.9) 140 (4.7)!	13 (1.9) 146 (2.2) 18 (4.2) 145 (4.7)! 10 (0.8) 138 (2.5) 10 (1.1) 145 (4.4) 16 (5.2) 151 (3.8)!	71 (2.7) 153 (1.3) 62 (4.9) 155 (4.7) 75 (1.9) 145 (2.1) 77 (2.1) 160 (2.8) 70 (7.6) 151 (3.4)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII	2 (0.4) (3 (0.6) (3 (0.9) 138 (4.1 2 (0.3) (4 (1.1) 125 (6.2 2 (0.3) (4 (0.6) 117 (5.9 4 (0.5) (3 (0.4)	3 (0.9) () 19	6 (0.5) 121 (4.7) 6 (0.7) 139 (4.7) 5 (0.6) 139 (3.0) 6 (0.6) 133 (3.4) 7 (0.9) 129 (4.2) 6 (0.9) 144 (3.4) 5 (0.4) 138 (3.9) 8 (0.8) 133 (3.5) 11 (0.9) 106 (2.5) 7 (0.7) 129 (2.7) 6 (0.6) 125 (2.7) 7 (0.6) 129 (3.7)	7 (0.6) 132 (2.8) 28 (1.8) 158 (2.3) 9 (1.1) 146 (4.1) 8 (0.9) 141 (4.1) 14 (2.0) 142 (3.3) 13 (1.6) 158 (2.4) 7 (0.7) 145 (3.2) 11 (0.6) 141 (2.6) 19 (1.1) 116 (1.9) 13 (1.9) 139 (2.8) 11 (1.1) 132 (2.6) 20 (0.9) 139 (1.8)	82 (1.0) 142 (1.6) 60 (2.1) 155 (1.6) 78 (1.8) 147 (1.5) 81 (1.4) 147 (1.5) 72 (2.8) 141 (1.8) 78 (1.9) 156 (0.9) 82 (1.0) 159 (1.2) 73 (1.1) 146 (0.9) 62 (1.4) 116 (1.1) 73 (2.4) 146 (1.8) 78 (1.5) 146 (1.5) 25 (0.8) 139 (2.0)
INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	2 (0.3) (3 (0.4) 139 (4.5) 4 (0.4) 145 (4.2) 2 (0.3) () 4 (0.4) 120 (5.5) 2 (0.3) () 3 (0.4) 136 (4.2) ! 2 (0.3) () 3 (0.4) () 4 (0.5) 145 (4.3) 5 (0.5) 117 (4.3) 3 (0.3) () 2 (0.3) ()	5 (0.6) 140 (3.5) 6 (0.6) 146 (3.8) 5 (0.7) 139 (2.6) 11 (0.7) 126 (3.0) 5 (0.5) 149 (3.2) 7 (0.7) 128 (3.3) 5 (0.5) 142 (3.1) 6 (0.6) 146 (3.5) 7 (0.5) 151 (2.8) 10 (0.8) 121 (2.5) 7 (0.9) 147 (3.3) 6 (0.6) 158 (3.1) 5 (0.5) 146 (4.3)	8 (0.9) 146 (2.4) 9 (1.1) 157 (2.6) 13 (2.1) 146 (2.8) 10 (0.7) 126 (3.6) 18 (2.4) 166 (2.0) 8 (1.3) 144 (5.9) 10 (1.6) 144 (4.4) 7 (0.8) 144 (3.0) 12 (1.8) 159 (2.3) 13 (1.3) 133 (2.5) 17 (2.5) 153 (2.6) 7 (0.9) 157 (3.3) 6 (0.8) 154 (4.4)	81 (1.5) 156 (1.4) 79 (1.6) 161 (1.1) 77 (2.4) 150 (1.5) 72 (1.2) 137 (1.4) 73 (2.6) 165 (1.1) 78 (1.7) 148 (1.5) 79 (1.8) 161 (1.3) 82 (1.2) 156 (1.4) 73 (2.1) 162 (1.5) 70 (1.7) 137 (1.5) 71 (2.9) 153 (1.3) 84 (1.2) 164 (1.2) 83 (1.3) 160 (0.9)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	3 (0.4) 124 (4.3 3 (0.5) (3 (0.5) 126 (4.8 3 (0.4) 146 (4.2 4 (0.6) 133 (5.6 4 (0.4) 135 (3.7 3 (0.4) (3 (0.5) 108 (7.9 3 (0.4) 135 (5.3 5 (0.7) 146 (3.3	3 (0.6) () 2 (0.3) 134 (5.0) 4 (0.5) 159 (3.0) 2 (0.6) () 3 (0.5) 138 (5.2) 4 (0.4) 127 (3.6) 3 (0.4) () 3 (0.4) 134 (4.7) 3 (0.7) 149 (3.4)!	5 (0.5) 123 (3.5) 9 (0.8) 137 (4.0) 6 (0.6) 138 (3.1) 8 (0.6) 152 (2.9) 8 (1.4) 150 (2.6) 6 (0.5) 135 (3.3) 11 (1.0) 126 (2.4) 5 (0.7) 141 (4.1) 10 (1.2) 138 (3.2) 5 (0.4) 141 (2.9)	9 (0.6) 136 (2.8) 14 (2.4) 140 (4.7) 9 (1.2) 143 (2.5) 8 (0.6) 158 (2.1) 20 (2.5) 152 (2.5) 8 (0.6) 144 (2.7) 14 (1.7) 139 (3.1) 10 (1.5) 140 (4.4) 19 (2.4) 145 (2.9) 10 (0.6) 149 (2.0)	80 (0.7) 144 (1.0) 69 (2.9) 151 (1.7) 79 (1.7) 149 (1.2) 77 (1.1) 165 (0.8) 66 (2.9) 158 (1.6) 78 (0.9) 152 (1.0) 69 (2.7) 142 (1.7) 78 (1.8) 146 (1.7) 65 (3.2) 149 (1.5) 77 (1.1) 159 (0.9)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	2 (0.4) () 4 (0.4) 129 (3.9) 8 (1.0) 135 (3.2) 3 (0.4) 125 (4.5) 3 (0.4) () 10 (0.7) 141 (2.9)	4 (0.4) 137 (2.9) 3 (0.4) 129 (3.3) 3 (0.3) 134 (3.4) 4 (0.4) 147 (3.9) 3 (0.4) 149 (2.8)	7 (0.6) 143 (3.1) 8 (0.7) 140 (3.0) 6 (0.7) 143 (3.5) 4 (0.5) 136 (3.6) 6 (0.5) 151 (3.4) 4 (0.6) 148 (3.3)	20 (1.7) 158 (1.7) 12 (1.9) 149 (2.8) 10 (1.4) 151 (4.5) 5 (0.5) 142 (2.5) 8 (0.8) 152 (4.1) 7 (0.5) 151 (1.8)	68 (1.7) 160 (1.0) 72 (2.1) 153 (1.6) 72 (2.0) 153 (1.4) 85 (0.8) 149 (0.8) 81 (1.2) 163 (1.6) 76 (1.0) 161 (0.7)
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	2 (0.6) () 2 (0.4) () 3 (0.5) ()	4 (0.4) 145 (3.4)	9 (1.0) () 6 (0.5) 146 (2.6) 7 (0.9) 103 (5.2)	7 (1.1) () 13 (0.6) 158 (1.7) 10 (0.8) 119 (4.0)	79 (1.5) 155 (1.4) 74 (0.8) 157 (0.8) 76 (1.4) 124 (1.4)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).



^{...} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

[!] Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Instructional Emphasis on Knowing Science Facts and Terminology TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:



In your plane for science		indi Empiresis o					
In your plans for science instruction during the year, about how much emphasis will you give to knowing science focts and terminology as an objective for your students?	Little or No Emphasis		Moderate	Emphasis	Heavy Emphasis		
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	5 (2.3)	154 (4.0)!	57 (3.4)	153 (1.4)	38 (3.9)	145 (2.6)	
	3 (···)	()	56 (10.0)	159 (4.8)	42 (11.2)	145 (6.4)!	
	0 (···)	()	47 (6.8)	144 (2.5)!	52 (6.8)	141 (2.9)	
	7 (···)	()	68 (8.7)	161 (2.7)	25 (7.7)	150 (7.5)!	
	8 (5.9)	156 (2.5)!	56 (5.1)	149 (2.6)	36 (7.3)	149 (6.7)!	
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA	1 (···) 6 (0.4) 9 (3.4) 0 (···) 5 (1.4) 4 (1.5)	() () 148 (4.5)! () 137 (4.1)! 152 (2.9)!	31 (4.5) 67 (3.0) 67 (4.6) 36 (4.1) 72 (3.2) 69 (3.3)	138 (3.3) 152 (2.4) 145 (2.1) 146 (2.7) 140 (2.0) 157 (1.3)	68 (4.6) 26 (2.9) 24 (4.1) 64 (4.1) 23 (3.0) 27 (3.0)	138 (2.6) 148 (4.3) 144 (3.7) 143 (1.8) 138 (4.2) 151 (2.4)	
COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	3 (1.0)	167 (3.3)!	72 (3.1)	158 (1.7)	25 (3.0)	150 (3.0)	
	5 (0.5)	136 (3.9)	55 (0.9)	141 (1.6)	40 (1.0)	144 (1.3)	
	0 ()	()	45 (1.5)	113 (1.5)	55 (1.5)	108 (1.0)	
	5 (2.0)	129 (11.9)!	51 (2.9)	144 (2.1)	44 (3.2)	141 (1.9)	
GEORGIA	1 (···)	()	48 (3.1)	143 (1.8)	51 (3.3)	142 (2.3)	
HAWAII	0 (···)	()	64 (1.2)	135 (1.2)	36 (1.2)	138 (2.7)	
INDIANA	4 (1.3)	152 (5.2)!	57 (4.6)	155 (1.9)	40 (4.5)	153 (2.5)	
IOWA†	4 (1.4)	159 (5.9)!	66 (4.3)	159 (1.3)	31 (4.1)	157 (2.5)	
KENTUCKY	3 (1.7)	()	59 (4.0)	149 (1.8)	38 (4.5)	146 (1.9)	
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	1 (0.9)	()	39 (4.7)	134 (2.5)	60 (4.8)	133 (2.4)	
	4 (1.4)	166 (3.9)!	69 (3.6)	163 (1.2)	27 (3.2)	164 (2.0)	
	4 (1.4)	164 (4.4)!	63 (3.9)	146 (2.2)	33 (3.7)	142 (2.5)	
	4 (1.3)	152 (9.3)!	59 (3.4)	155 (1.9)	37 (3.5)	160 (2.1)	
	2 (1.1)	()	60 (3.8)	158 (1.9)	38 (3.8)	153 (2.2)	
MINNESOTA	5 (1.3)	153 (5.1)!	68 (4.4)	159 (1.5)	27 (4.6)	160 (3.2)	
MISSISSIPPI	2 (0.9)	()	37 (4.3)	137 (2.3)	62 (4.3)	133 (2.0)	
MISSOURI	1 (0.6)	()	64 (3.7)	154 (1.6)	35 (3.6)	150 (2.2)	
MONTANA†	4 (1.8)	()	63 (3.5)	161 (1.5)	33 (3.1)	163 (1.8)	
NEBRASKA	3 (0.1)	()	61 (3.4)	157 (1.3)	37 (3.4)	160 (1.4)	
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	2 (0.2)	()	53 (3.1)	144 (1.4)	45 (3.1)	143 (1.9)	
	5 (2.3)	155 (8.2)!	53 (4.8)	149 (3.4)	42 (4.5)	147 (2.6)	
	2 (0.8)	()	59 (3.2)	148 (1.4)	38 (3.1)	144 (1.7)	
	1 (···)	()	43 (2.7)	163 (1.0)	56 (2.8)	162 (1.2)	
	5 (1.4)	157 (5.0)!	65 (3.3)	156 (1.9)	30 (3.2)	157 (3.2)	
RHODE ISLAND	4 (0.5)	136 (4.4)	60 (1.0)	148 (1.2)	36 (0.8)	153 (1.2)	
SOUTH CAROLINA†	1 (0.6)	()	42 (3.9)	141 (2.6)	57 (3.9)	137 (2.1)	
TENNESSEE	2 (···)	()	31 (4.0)	148 (2.8)	67 (4.1)	143 (2.2)	
TEXAS	4 (1.5)	153 (7.8)!	50 (3.9)	146 (2.2)	45 (3.8)	147 (1.7)	
UTAH	5 (1.8)	153 (6.1)!	61 (3.0)	158 (1.0)	34 (2.8)	154 (1.4)	
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	4 (1.3)	159 (1.5)!	64 (2.3)	159 (1.2)	31 (2.3)	154 (2.1)	
	2 (0.8)	()	53 (3.6)	153 (2.0)	45 (3.6)	145 (2.3)	
	8 (2.8)	153 (6.5)!	75 (3.9)	150 (1.6)	17 (3.2)	149 (3.1)!	
	4 (1.0)	155 (4.6)!	60 (3.6)	147 (1.4)	36 (3.6)	147 (1.5)	
	5 (2.1)	158 (8.9)!	61 (4.6)	160 (2.0)	34 (4.4)	162 (3.0)	
WYOMING	5 (0.3)	159 (2.9)	54 (1.0)	159 (0.9)	41 (1.1)	158 (0.9)	
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	11 (0.8)	()	61 (1.7)	156 (1.5)	27 (1.6)	145 (2.9)	
	4 (0.3)	()	62 (1.3)	157 (0.9)	35 (1.2)	151 (1.2)	
	0 (···)	()	34 (1.4)	123 (2.2)	66 (1.4)	117 (1.5)	

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic. GOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

REPORTED STATISTICS: TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Instructional Emphasis on Understanding Key Science Concepts



	In your plans for science
	instruction during the year,
	about how much emphasis
	will you give to understanding
	key science concepts as an
	objective for your students?
İ	

JURISDICTIONS

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLANDT MASSACHUSETTS **MICHIGAN**† **MINNESOTA** MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI **MONTANA**† **NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA** NORTH DAKOTA **OREGON** RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINAT **TENNESSEE TEXAS** UTAH **VERMONT†**

VIRGINIA

WASHINGTON

WEST VIRGINIA

Other Jurisdictions

WISCONSINT

WYOMING

DDESS

DoDDS

GUAM

Nation NATION NORTHEAST **SOUTHEAST** CENTRAL **WEST** States **ALABAMA** ALASKA† **ARIZONA ARKANSAS†** CALIFORNIA **COLORADO** CONNECTICUT **DELAWARE**

ON. INSTRUCTIO	mai Emphasis C	on Understandi	Concebis	Oldie Assessment			
Little or No	e Emphasis	Moderate	Emphasis	Heavy Emphasis			
PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)		
0 (···) 1 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	() () () ()	11 (2.4) 12 (6.4) 18 (8.3) 9 (2.3) 7 (2.0)	143 (2.4)! () 144 (3.3)! () 143 (3.2)!	89 (2.5) 86 (6.9) 82 (8.3) 91 (2.3) 93 (2.0)	151 (1.2) 154 (3.5) 142 (2.4) 159 (3.5) 150 (2.7)		
0 (···) 0 (···) 3 (0.3) 0 (···)	() () () () () () () ()	9 (2.3) 25 (2.9) 19 (3.3) 9 (2.7) 15 (2.6) 13 (2.2) 14 (2.5) 10 (0.8) 10 (1.1) 16 (2.3)	141 (4.5)! 148 (5.2) 148 (3.0) 127 (3.8)! 136 (3.2) 150 (2.9) 152 (3.2) 132 (2.6) 107 (3.2) 138 (3.3)	91 (2.3) 75 (2.9) 81 (3.3) 91 (2.7) 85 (2.6) 87 (2.2) 86 (2.5) 90 (0.8) 88 (1.1) 84 (2.3)	138 (1.8) 152 (1.9) 145 (1.8) 146 (1.5) 140 (2.0) 156 (1.2) 157 (1.7) 143 (0.9) 111 (1.0) 142 (1.6)		
0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	() () () ()	10 (2.0) 19 (0.8) 14 (2.8) 19 (4.7) 12 (2.5)	139 (3.8)! 140 (2.5) 150 (2.9)! 155 (2.4)! 150 (4.5)!	90 (2.0) 81 (0.8) 86 (2.8) 81 (4.7) 88 (2.5)	142 (1.7) 135 (1.5) 155 (1.6) 159 (1.4) 148 (1.3)		
0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	() () () ()	11 (2.6) 21 (3.4) 12 (2.5) 13 (2.0) 8 (2.3)	132 (4.1)! 161 (2.1) 138 (3.2)! 150 (5.4) 150 (4.3)!	89 (2.6) 79 (3.4) 88 (2.5) 87 (2.0) 92 (2.3)	134 (1.8) 163 (1.2) 147 (1.8) 158 (1.5) 157 (1.5)		
O() O() O() O()	··· (···) ··· (···) ··· (···) ··· (···)	10 (2.4) 14 (2.9) 12 (2.2) 14 (2.6) 16 (2.2)	151 (5.4)! 130 (4.1)! 153 (2.7) 161 (2.3) 156 (2.0)	90 (2.4) 86 (2.9) 88 (2.2) 86 (2.6) 84 (2.2)	160 (1.4) 135 (1.6) 153 (1.2) 163 (1.4) 158 (1.1)		
0 (···) 1 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	() () () ()	13 (1.8) 10 (2.3) 16 (3.1) 17 (2.5) 22 (3.6)	141 (3.6) 146 (6.1)! 146 (3.3) 159 (2.3) 150 (3.4)	87 (1.8) 90 (2.5) 84 (3.1) 83 (2.5) 78 (3.6)	144 (1.1) 148 (2.2) 147 (1.2) 163 (0.9) 157 (1.8)		
0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	() () () () ()	18 (0.8) 16 (3.2) 17 (3.2) 14 (2.6) 13 (2.2) 25 (2.2)	149 (1.8) 136 (3.9)! 141 (3.7) 147 (2.8) 161 (2.3) 158 (2.0)	82 (0.8) 84 (3.2) 83 (3.2) 86 (2.6) 87 (2.2) 75 (2.2)	150 (0.9) 139 (1.8) 146 (1.9) 147 (1.5) 155 (0.8)		

11 (2.2)

12 (2.7)

16 (2.9)

12 (2.9)

10 (0.5)

0 (...)

8 (0.3)

21 (0.6)

148 (4.2)!

145 (3.6)!

146 (3.3)

152 (5.4)!

151 (2.2)

... (...)

158 (2.3)

108 (2.9)

1 (...)

0 (...)

0 (...)

01 ... 1

0 (...)

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



33

89 (2.2)

87 (2.8)

84 (2.9)

88 (2.9)

90 (0.5)

100 (...)

92 (0.3)

79 (0.6)

150 (1.8)

151 (1.6)

147 (1.1)

162 (1.9)

160 (0.6)

152 (1.2)

155 (0.8)

122 (1.5)

... (...)

... (...)

... (...)

... (...)

... (...)

... (...)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate. Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Instructional Emphasis on Developing Science Problem-Solving Skills TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:



TEACHERS REPORTS OF Emphasis of Developing Science Problem Solving Skins										
In your plans for science instruction during the year, about how much emphasis will you give to developing science problem-solving skills as an objective for your students?	Little or No Emphasis			Emphasis	. Heavy Emphasis					
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)				
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	3 (1.6) 4 (2.2) 1 () 7 () 0 ()	140 (20.9)! () () ()	28 (3.7) 37 (12.1) 34 (6.0) 20 (7.1) 25 (4.8)	148 (3.4) () 139 (4.6)! 148 (6.2)! 149 (7.0)!	69 (4.3) 59 (12.4) 65 (6.1) 73 (12.1) 74 (4.7)	152 (1.3) 152 (3.3)! 145 (2.2) 160 (4.1) 150 (2.0)				
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE	1 (0.6) 2 (···) 0 (···) 2 (1.1) 1 (0.4) 2 (1.0) 1 (···) 0 (0.0)	() () () () () ()	43 (4.1) 35 (3.3) 30 (4.3) 43 (4.2) 28 (3.1) 22 (3.3) 24 (3.7) 30 (1.0)	138 (3.1) 149 (2.7) 143 (3.4) 141 (2.3) 132 (3.0) 153 (2.8) 154 (3.1) 138 (2.1)	56 (4.2) 62 (3.2) 70 (4.3) 55 (4.2) 72 (2.9) 76 (3.4) 76 (3.7) 70 (1.0)	138 (2.1) 153 (2.5) 146 (1.8) 147 (1.8) 142 (2.2) 155 (1.3) 157 (1.4) 143 (1.1)				
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY	0 (···) 1 (0.3) 1 (0.3) 5 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 0 (···)	() () () () () () ()	24 (0.9) 27 (3.0) 31 (2.9) 24 (1.2) 35 (4.4) 34 (4.3) 24 (3.5)	106 (1.7) 141 (2.8) 138 (2.1) 133 (2.3) 152 (2.4) 156 (1.8) 150 (2.4)	76 (0.9) 73 (3.0) 68 (2.9) 71 (1.2) 64 (4.4) 66 (4.3) 76 (3.5)	112 (1.1) 142 (1.8) 144 (1.9) 138 (1.5) 155 (1.7) 160 (1.5) 148 (1.6)				
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA	2 (1.2) 1 (0.6) 1 () 1 (0.9) 1 (0.7)	() () () () ()	38 (3.4) 33 (3.6) 23 (3.8) 28 (3.2) 30 (4.5) 38 (4.5)	133 (2.7) 161 (1.7) 145 (4.1) 159 (2.8) 157 (1.9) 160 (2.0)	60 (3.3) 66 (3.7) 76 (3.8) 70 (3.3) 69 (4.6) 61 (4.5)	135 (1.9) 164 (1.3) 147 (2.1) 157 (1.7) 156 (2.0) 159 (1.7)				
MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO	2 (1.0) 1 () 1 () 2 (1.2) 0 (0.2)	() () () ()	39 (4.0) 32 (3.9) 31 (4.2) 35 (3.0) 33 (1.7)	132 (2.5) 151 (1.8) 161 (1.8) 160 (1.1) 140 (1.8)	59 (3.9) 67 (4.0) 69 (4.2) 63 (3.0) 66 (1.7)	135 (2.0) 153 (1.5) 163 (1.6) 157 (1.4) 146 (1.2)				
NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND	4 (2.3) 1 (0.8) 3 (0.8) 0 (···)	153 (9.1)! () () ()	33 (4.4) 23 (3.2) 48 (3.5) 37 (3.9) 36 (1.0)	147 (2.8) 144 (2.4) 162 (0.9) 153 (2.5) 149 (1.6)	62 (4.9) 75 (3.2) 49 (3.5) 63 (3.8) 63 (1.0)	149 (2.8) 148 (1.2) 163 (1.5) 157 (1.8) 150 (0.8)				
SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	0 (···) 2 (1.4) 0 (0.3) 1 (···)	() () ()	34 (4.0) 41 (4.5) 26 (3.2) 38 (2.4)	134 (2.8) 143 (2.1) 147 (2.3) 155 (1.4)	66 (4.0) 56 (4.6) 73 (3.1) 60 (2.2)	141 (1.9) 147 (2.3) 147 (1.8) 157 (1.1)				
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	1 (···) 0 (···) 2 (1.1) 2 (1.2) 4 (1.4) 0 (0.0)	··· (···) ··· (···) ··· (···) ··· (···) 158 (5.8)! ··· (···)	29 (2.8) 21 (2.7) 20 (3.5) 24 (3.2) 25 (3.7) 33 (0.9)	154 (2.1) 144 (2.6) 150 (3.2) 145 (2.5) 159 (2.8) 156 (1.3)	70 (2.9) 79 (2.7) 78 (3.6) 74 (3.2) 71 (3.8) 67 (0.9)	159 (1.2) 151 (2.0) 151 (1.7) 148 (1.1) 161 (2.1) 160 (0.8)				
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	0 (···) 2 (0.2) 21 (0.6)	() () 107 (2.9)	22 (1.0) 26 (0.7) 7 (1.0)	148 (2.9) 153 (1.5) ()	78 (1.0) 72 (0.7) 72 (1.2)	153 (1.3) 156 (0.9) 121 (1.6)				

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

[&]quot;OURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

Instructional Emphasis on Effectively Communicating Science Ideas



In your plans for science						
instruction during the year,						
about how much emphasis		_		_ , ,	6.	
will you give to knowing how	Little or No	Emphasis	Moderate	Emphasis	Heavy Er	npnasis
to communicate ideas in						
science effectively as an						
objective for your students?						
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation						
NATION	16 (3.3)	151 (2.7)!	42 (4.3)	149 (2.3)	42 (4.4)	151 (1.5)
NORTHEAST	8 (3.2)	()	44 (12.2)	152 (6.1)!	48 (11.5)	154 (4.5)!
SOUTHEAST	4 (1.4)	()	56 (8.2)	142 (2.6)!	40 (8.3)	144 (3.4)!
CENTRAL	27 (10.4)	152 (5.9)!	38 (9.0)	157 (3.1)!	35 (10.2)	163 (4.5)!
WEST	21 (5.9)	152 (2.3)!	33 (5.8)	150 (7.1)!	46 (6.4)	148 (2.4)
<u>States</u>					20 (2.0)	140 (2.9)
ALABAMA	5 (1.8)	142 (7.5)!	56 (3.9)	137 (2.1)	39 (3.8) 34 (2.2)	155 (2.5)
ALASKAT	11 (2.2)	141 (6.5)!	55 (3.0)	150 (2.5) 146 (2.4)	42 (4.2)	144 (2.4)
ARIZONA	6 (1.7)	146 (4.4)!	52 (4.0) 60 (4.1)	146 (2.41	29 (4.3)	149 (3.2)
ARKANSAST	11 (3.0)	142 (5.6)!	48 (3.8)	139 (2.1)	44 (3.8)	141 (3.0)
CALIFORNIA	8 (1.5)	135 (3.6)	51 (3.9)	155 (1.7)	43 (3.8)	155 (1.7)
COLORADO	7 (1.6)	153 (3.0)! 149 (6.3)!	50 (4.2)	156 (2.0)	42 (4.0)	158 (2.3)
CONNECTICUT	8 (1.9) 8 (0.5)	132 (4.1)	57 (1.0)	143 (1.1)	35 (1.0)	142 (2.0)
DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0 ()	()	53 (1.3)	107 (1.3)	47 (1.3)	115 (1.3)
FLORIDA	6 (1.6)	142 (6.6)!	57 (3.4)	141 (1.5)	37 (3.4)	143 (3.4)
1	6 (1.7)	137 (5.0)!	55 (3.7)	143 (1.8)	39 (3.4)	142 (2.6)
GEORGIA HAWAII	6 (1.1)	149 (4.1)	62 (1.2)	133 (1.8)	31 (0.9)	139 (1.6)
INDIANA	11 (2.6)	151 (4.2)!	56 (4.3)	156 (1. <i>7</i>)	33 (4.5)	151 (3.0)
IOWAT	8 (2.4)	157 (2.5)!	67 (4.5)	158 (1.4)	25 (4.1)	160 (2.6)
KENTUCKY	1 (0.7)	()	56 (4.3)	149 (1.9)	43 (4.3)	148 (1.8)
LOUISIANA	8 (2.0)	134 (7.9)!	55 (3.7)	135 (1.9)	37 (3.9)	131 (3.5)
MAINE	7 (1.8)	166 (3.0)!	54 (4.0)	163 (1.3)	38 (4.1)	163 (1.7)
MARYLANDT	6 (2.1)	146 (5.6)!	48 (3.7)	148 (2.5)	46 (3.3)	144 (2.5)
MASSACHUSETTS	6 (1.4)	150 (6.0)!	46 (4.2)	157 (2.4)	48 (4.1)	158 (2.1)
MICHIGANT	5 (1.6)	155 (5.6)!	51 (3.9)	156 (1.9)	44 (4.2)	157 (2.5)
MINNESOTA	12 (2.6)	161 (3.2)!	57 (4.1)	160 (1.9)	31 (3.7)	156 (1.6)
MISSISSIPPI	6 (1.9)	135 (4.5)!	54 (4.7)	134 (1.9)	40 (4.3) 30 (3.9)	134 (2.5) 155 (1.9)
MISSOURI	9 (2.7)	152 (2.8)!	61 (4.5)	152 (1.7)	35 (2.8)	164 (1.4)
MONTANAT	7 (2.6)	162 (2.6)!	57 (3.8)	162 (1.9) 157 (1.4)	33 (2.7)	157 (1.8)
NEBRASKA	13 (1.8)	165 (1.9)	54 (3.3)	·	41 (3.1)	146 (1.3)
NEW MEXICO	11 (1.8)	142 (2.7)	48 (2.5)	143 (1.4) 148 (2.6)	35 (3.6)	146 (3.1)
NEW YORKT	9 (2.5)	160 (5.5)! 151 (3.8)!	56 (3.4) 49 (3.5)	146 (2.6)	45 (3.4)	147 (1.6)
NORTH CAROLINA	7 (2.0) 17 (2.1)	163 (1.9)	64 (2.7)	162 (1.1)	19 (2.6)	163 (2.2)
NORTH DAKOTA	13 (2.5)	153 (2.9)!	60 (4.2)	155 (2.1)	27 (4.0)	159 (2.2)
OREGON DHODE ISLAND	10 (0.7)	146 (2.4)	54 (0.9)	152 (1.2)	36 (0.9)	148 (1.1)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINAT	6 (1.6)	139 (7.4)!	47 (3.9)	137 (2.2)	47 (4.1)	140 (2.1)
TENNESSEE	6 (2.2)	148 (4.2)!	60 (4.3)	142 (1.9)	34 (4.0)	148 (3.3)
TEXAS	7 (1.7)	144 (6.2)!	54 (4.3)	147 (1.6)	39 (4.3)	147 (2.4)
UTAH	17 (1.7)	157 (2.0)	55 (2.7)	155 (1.2)	28 (2.2)	158 (1.5)
VERMONTT	2 (0.3)	()	51 (2.9)	156 (1.6)	48 (2.9)	158 (1.4)
VIRGINIA	5 (1.7)	148 (5.8)!	46 (3.3)	148 (1.8)	49 (3.5)	151 (2.8)
WASHINGTON	5 (2.0)	150 (5.1)!	52 (4.6)	149 (2.0)	42 (4.9)	152 (2.2)
WEST VIRGINIA	7 (2.2)	141 (5.8)!	57 (3.5)	147 (1.3)	35 (3.4)	149 (1.6) 160 (3.4)
WISCONSINT	13 (2.9)	161 (3.3)!	56 (4.7)	161 (2.4)	32 (4.3)	
WYOMING	5 (0.2)	151 (2.1)	57 (0.8)	159 (0.9)	38 (0.7)	159 (1.1)
Other Jurisdictions			6, 1, 5	150 (1 ()	37 (1.5)	151 (2.0)
DDESS	6 (0.6)	()	56 (1.5)	152 (1.6)	40 (1.1)	156 (1.1)
DoDDS	14 (0.8)	156 (1.5)	46 (1.1) 44 (1.3)	154 (1.1) 118 (1.9)	34 (1.2)	127 (2.5)
GUAM	21 (0.6)	108 (2.9)	44 (1.3)	110 (1.7)		

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

REPORTED STATISTICS:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score





TEACHERS' REPORTS			ussion of Sci			:	1996 State Assessment	
How often do you discuss science in the news with your students?	Never or Hardly Ever		Once or Tw	Once or Twice a Month		vice a Week	Almost E	Every Day
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States	8 (2.6) 17 (10.4) 0 (0.2) 5 (2.4) 9 (4.6)	155 (7.6)! () () () 143 (2.4)!	44 (4.9) 37 (12.5) 56 (9.5) 35 (8.6) 46 (8.9)	150 (2.1) 149 (4.4)! 142 (2.5)! 156 (3.8)! 153 (4.8)!	33 (2.9) 19 (7.9) 27 (5.0) 56 (7.2) 29 (5.4)	149 (2.0) 142 (7.9)! 139 (3.7) 157 (3.9) 148 (4.1)!	16 (4.9) 27 (18.7) 16 (8.3) 4 (···) 16 (7.7)	153 (3.8)! () 153 (1.9)! () 146 (3.7)!
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI	3 (1.2) 12 (2.5) 7 (1.8) 3 (1.4) 10 (1.8) 7 (1.9) 6 (1.8) 10 (0.4) 1 (0.1) 9 (2.2) 3 (0.9) 6 (1.0) 6 (1.9) 2 (1.1) 3 (1.3) 7 (2.0) 8 (2.0) 11 (3.1) 6 (1.7) 9 (2.4) 7 (2.2) 7 (1.9) 9 (2.0)	() 133 (7.9)! 144 (3.5)! () 142 (3.5) 147 (3.7)! 148 (7.5)! 138 (2.8) () 139 (6.2)! 129 (10.6)! () 145 (8.6)! () 129 (7.2)! 162 (3.1)! 145 (7.5)! 150 (6.8)! 154 (5.7)! 159 (3.8)! 125 (5.1)! 157 (4.0)!	28 (3.6) 43 (2.6) 42 (4.2) 32 (4.4) 41 (3.7) 46 (4.2) 46 (4.0) 48 (0.9) 45 (1.3) 38 (3.2) 31 (2.7) 25 (0.9) 38 (4.6) 44 (4.9) 39 (4.1) 31 (3.5) 52 (3.3) 43 (3.6) 47 (3.7) 45 (3.9) 39 (4.1) 40 (4.1) 42 (4.5)	141 (2.8) 150 (2.7) 146 (3.3) 138 (3.4) 142 (2.8) 155 (1.8) 156 (2.0) 141 (1.4) 106 (1.6) 142 (2.0) 142 (2.4) 129 (3.2) 155 (2.4) 159 (1.8) 149 (2.3) 137 (2.7) 163 (1.4) 144 (2.5) 159 (2.0) 156 (2.2) 162 (2.1) 135 (2.0) 152 (2.2)	54 (3.7) 30 (2.5) 43 (4.2) 49 (4.5) 42 (3.5) 40 (3.9) 41 (4.2) 35 (1.0) 41 (1.2) 40 (3.4) 48 (3.1) 56 (1.1) 45 (5.3) 45 (5.0) 41 (4.1) 41 (3.9) 35 (3.4) 38 (4.1) 32 (3.4) 38 (3.5) 46 (4.3) 43 (4.7) 43 (4.7)	139 (2.9) 157 (1.9) 144 (2.3) 148 (2.3) 136 (3.3) 155 (1.8) 157 (3.3) 141 (2.0) 116 (1.3) 142 (2.3) 143 (2.3) 136 (1.4) 154 (2.2) 159 (1.6) 147 (1.3) 132 (2.6) 164 (1.9) 149 (2.4) 156 (3.0) 158 (2.3) 158 (1.7) 137 (2.2) 153 (1.6)	15 (3.5) 16 (1.3) 9 (2.1) 15 (3.8) 7 (1.6) 7 (1.6) 7 (1.9) 8 (0.5) 13 (1.0) 13 (2.4) 19 (2.8) 13 (0.7) 12 (3.6) 9 (2.3) 17 (3.1) 21 (3.4) 5 (1.6) 7 (2.2) 15 (2.8) 8 (2.5) 9 (2.6) 11 (2.9) 7 (2.1)	131 (4.8)! 154 (2.9) 145 (4.1)! 147 (4.9)! 141 (4.3)! 159 (2.3)! 159 (2.3)! 150 (2.1) 109 (2.4) 142 (6.2)! 142 (2.8) 148 (4.4) 156 (3.9)! 157 (3.2)! 146 (4.0) 133 (4.3) 152 (4.9)! 143 (8.1)! 154 (3.6) 155 (6.0)! 151 (5.0)! 150 (5.6)!
MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	6 (2.6) 6 (2.0) 8 (0.8) 9 (2.5) 6 (1.6) 3 (1.2) 5 (1.9) 6 (0.5) 4 (1.7) 6 (2.0) 4 (1.1) 7 (0.6) 13 (2.0) 8 (2.2) 6 (1.5) 6 (1.7) 9 (0.4)	162 (3.5)! 148 (5.8)! 139 (2.5) 150 (4.6)! 146 (5.5)! 150 (11.8)! 149 (6.8)! 148 (3.4) 121 (6.3)! 144 (6.1)! 131 (6.9)! 158 (2.8) 142 (3.3) 145 (5.8)! 149 (4.0)! 155 (6.4)! 151 (1.9)	41 (3.9) 49 (3.3) 35 (2.1) 39 (4.2) 35 (3.7) 33 (3.2) 49 (4.2) 46 (1.1) 28 (3.9) 31 (4.2) 42 (3.4) 44 (2.9) 55 (2.9) 42 (2.9) 37 (4.3) 36 (3.8) 36 (4.4) 50 (0.9)	162 (1.4) 159 (1.0) 141 (1.9) 144 (3.3) 146 (2.0) 164 (1.5) 152 (2.4) 149 (1.2) 142 (2.4) 145 (1.7) 158 (1.3) 158 (1.2) 154 (1.8) 150 (2.7) 149 (1.3) 163 (2.1) 159 (0.8)	44 (5.2) 38 (3.7) 43 (2.7) 45 (3.5) 46 (3.7) 56 (2.9) 38 (4.9) 31 (1.1) 49 (4.1) 45 (4.5) 41 (3.6) 43 (2.6) 36 (3.0) 40 (3.5) 41 (4.4) 43 (4.0) 48 (4.4) 34 (0.9)	162 (2.2) 158 (1.5) 146 (1.4) 152 (2.3) 146 (1.6) 162 (1.1) 160 (1.9) 149 (1.5) 139 (2.4) 149 (2.6) 151 (2.0) 155 (1.3) 157 (2.3) 147 (3.3) 151 (2.1) 148 (1.5) 161 (2.2) 161 (1.2)	8 (2.1) 7 (1.7) 14 (1.9) 7 (1.5) 13 (2.3) 8 (2.1) 8 (3.1) 17 (0.7) 19 (3.2) 18 (4.2) 12 (2.7) 6 (1.3) 2 (0.5) 5 (1.5) 14 (3.4) 15 (2.9) 10 (2.7) 7 (0.3)	169 (2.9)! 158 (3.5)! 146 (2.9) 143 (7.9)! 149 (2.3) 160 (3.8)! 157 (4.9)! 157 (1.7) 138 (3.3) 143 (2.1)! 142 (3.8)! 153 (3.6)! () 150 (3.8)! 154 (2.8)! 143 (3.6) 151 (6.9)! 156 (2.7)
Other Jurisdictions		, , ,	41 (10)	15/ (0.0)	42 / 1 /	140 / 17	14 (14)	150 (2.7)

^{19 (1.5)} State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

41 (1.9)

50 (1.1)

0 (...)

5 (0.3)

6 (0.9)

... (...)



DDESS

D₀DDS

GUAM

156 (2.3)

154 (1.1)

126 (2.9)

43 (1.6)

38 (1.0)

75 (1.0)

149 (1.7)

156 (1.1)

116 (1.6)

16 (1.6)

8 (0.7)

0 (...)

150 (3.7)

160 (2.2)

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic. SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.

TABLE 4.11
POPULATION:

REPORTED STATISTICS: STUDENTS' REPORTS ON:

1996 Science Assessment

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

THE NATION'S REPORT Name CARD

STUDENTS' REPORTS	ON: Time	Spent on the Discussion of Science in the News						State Assessment
How often does your teacher discuss science in the news with you?	Never or Hardly	Never or Hardly Ever		vice a Month	Once or To	wice a Week	Almost	Every Day
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE) SS	(SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
	44 (1.3) 144 43 (3.5) 145 44 (2.0) 135 41 (2.7) 148 47 (2.2) 147 43 (1.2) 133 40 (1.4) 146 46 (1.6) 145 45 (1.5) 139 45 (1.4) 152 42 (1.4) 149 44 (1.4) 152 42 (1.4) 149 44 (1.4) 138 51 (1.4) 112 45 (1.5) 140 41 (1.3) 136 40 (1.7) 154 40 (1.7) 154 40 (1.7) 154 40 (1.3) 160 42 (1.5) 142 43 (1.3) 151 44 (1.4) 150 40 (1.3) 155 41 (1.3) 155 42 (1.5) 142 43 (1.3) 151 44 (1.4) 150 40 (1.6) 155 52 (1.4) 131 45 (1.8) 149 45 (1.8) 160 40 (1.3) 153 41 (1.3) 153 42 (1.5) 142 43 (1.3) 153 44 (1.4) 150 45 (1.8) 160 47 (1.8) 160 48 (1.3) 153 48 (1.3) 138 49 (1.3) 153 49 (1.4) 140 40 (1.2) 156 40 (1.5) 150 41 (1.3) 153 42 (1.5) 150 43 (1.5) 150 44 (1.4) 140 45 (1.8) 150 46 (1.0) 143 47 (1.5) 134 48 (1.5) 134 49 (1.5) 134 40 (1.5) 134 41 (1.5) 134 42 (1.5) 134 43 (1.5) 134 44 (1.4) 141 45 (1.5) 134 46 (1.4) 141	(1.2) (4.3) (2.2) (2.1) (2.4) (2.1) (2.4) (1.6) (1.7) (1.7) (1.7) (1.8) (1.1) (1.6) (1.7) (1.8) (1.1) (1.6) (1.7) (1.8) (1.7) (1.8) (1.7) (1.8) (1.7) (1.8) (1.7) (1.8) (1.7) (1.8) (1.7) (1.9) (22 (1.1) 21 (4.5) 24 (1.3) 23 (1.7) 22 (1.1) 23 (1.1) 24 (1.4) 24 (1.0) 21 (1.2) 22 (0.9) 28 (1.1) 25 (1.0) 23 (1.3) 17 (0.9) 22 (0.9) 23 (1.0) 26 (1.1) 29 (1.2) 25 (0.9) 18 (0.9) 27 (1.0) 26 (1.0) 27 (1.3) 27 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 18 (0.9) 25 (1.0) 26 (1.0) 27 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 18 (0.9) 26 (1.0) 27 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 28 (1.0) 29 (1.2) 20 (0.9) 21 (1.0) 22 (0.9) 23 (1.0) 26 (1.0) 27 (1.0) 28 (0.9) 29 (1.2) 20 (0.9) 21 (1.0) 22 (0.9) 23 (1.0) 29 (1.0) 20 (0.9) 21 (1.0) 22 (0.9) 23 (1.0) 29 (1.0) 20 (0.9) 21 (1.0) 22 (0.9) 23 (1.0) 29 (1.0) 20 (0.9) 21 (1.0) 22 (0.9) 23 (1.0) 29 (1.0) 20 (0.9) 21 (1.0) 22 (0.9)	155 (1.9) 153 (8.6) 151 (2.5) 160 (2.9) 157 (2.3) 145 (2.7) 157 (1.9) 149 (2.3) 149 (2.3) 158 (1.1) 164 (1.4) 151 (2.0) 121 (2.5) 147 (2.1) 149 (2.1) 139 (1.7) 161 (2.0) 164 (1.5) 152 (1.6) 144 (2.3) 166 (1.5) 154 (2.3) 166 (1.5) 158 (1.8) 161 (2.0) 164 (1.5) 154 (2.3) 166 (1.7) 161 (1.3) 145 (1.6) 157 (1.8) 153 (1.4) 167 (1.4) 160 (1.8) 157 (1.8)	22 (0.9) 22 (2.0) 22 (1.3) 24 (2.4) 21 (1.5) 21 (0.9) 26 (1.4) 21 (1.1) 23 (1.3) 24 (1.3) 22 (1.0) 23 (1.0) 23 (1.2) 23 (0.9) 20 (1.2) 23 (1.2) 23 (1.2) 23 (1.2) 23 (1.2) 23 (1.2) 23 (1.2) 24 (0.9) 24 (0.9) 26 (1.1) 26 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 28 (1.2) 29 (1.3) 29 (1.3) 20 (1.1) 21 (1.0) 21 (1.4) 22 (1.6) 23 (1.0) 21 (1.1) 22 (1.1) 22 (1.1) 22 (1.1) 22 (1.1)	154 (1.8) 153 (5.9) 146 (2.5) 165 (3.2) 151 (2.7) 145 (2.3) 158 (2.8) 148 (2.2) 151 (2.4) 139 (3.2) 158 (1.4) 162 (1.8) 145 (1.8) 146 (3.0) 149 (2.0) 136 (1.9) 157 (1.8) 161 (1.6) 153 (1.9) 155 (2.3) 161 (1.9) 154 (1.9) 164 (2.1) 162 (1.6) 149 (3.1) 159 (1.3) 160 (1.9) 151 (1.8) 149 (3.1) 151 (1.8) 149 (3.1) 152 (1.5) 167 (1.3) 160 (1.9) 154 (1.8) 144 (2.1) 144 (2.1) 147 (2.5)	PCT (SE) 11 (1.1) 14 (5.5) 10 (0.8) 12 (1.8) 10 (0.8) 10 (0.8) 9 (0.9) 11 (1.0) 9 (0.6) 10 (0.8) 9 (0.6) 10 (0.8) 12 (0.9) 10 (0.8) 13 (0.8) 9 (0.6) 8 (0.8) 10 (0.7) 11 (1.0) 8 (0.7) 11 (1.0) 8 (0.7) 11 (1.0) 8 (0.7) 11 (1.0) 9 (0.8) 10 (0.7) 11 (1.0) 8 (0.7) 11 (1.0) 8 (0.7) 10 (1.2) 11 (0.7) 9 (0.8) 10 (0.7) 11 (0.7) 9 (0.8) 10 (0.7) 11 (0.7) 9 (0.8) 10 (0.6) 11 (0.7) 11 (0.7) 9 (0.8) 10 (0.6) 10 (0.6) 11 (0.7) 8 (0.8) 10 (0.6) 14 (0.9) 9 (0.8)	147 (2.8) 153 (7.7)! 138 (3.7) 154 (6.5) 141 (2.9) 138 (2.6) 157 (2.9) 138 (3.6) 147 (2.7) 139 (3.6) 148 (3.0) 111 (2.9) 138 (3.0) 111 (2.9) 139 (3.1) 137 (2.6) 139 (2.6) 152 (2.4) 157 (3.1) 144 (2.2) 133 (2.7) 163 (2.2) 138 (3.9) 154 (3.2) 149 (2.9) 158 (2.9) 158 (2.9) 158 (2.1) 139 (3.2) 149 (2.8) 157 (2.8) 157 (2.8) 158 (2.1) 139 (3.2) 144 (2.5) 163 (2.2) 155 (3.2) 149 (2.9) 158 (2.1) 139 (3.2) 141 (3.1)
UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	47 (1.7) 142 (42 (1.2) 151 (47 (1.6) 153 (50 (1.4) 146 (46 (1.2) 146 (44 (1.2) 144 (40 (1.5) 158 (46 (0.9) 152 (1.2) 1.1) 1.8) 1.6) 1.3) 1.7)	23 (1.1) 27 (0.9) 26 (1.3) 22 (0.9) 25 (0.9) 23 (0.9) 28 (1.1)	152 (2.0) 158 (1.1) 165 (1.7) 157 (2.0) 154 (1.7) 151 (1.6) 165 (2.0)	20 (1.2) 23 (0.7) 20 (1.3) 20 (0.9) 20 (0.9) 23 (0.8) 22 (0.9)	151 (1.7) 162 (1.5) 161 (2.2) 156 (2.1) 156 (2.1) 152 (1.3) 161 (2.1)	10 (0.9) 8 (0.6) 7 (0.8) 8 (0.8) 8 (0.8) 10 (0.8) 10 (1.2)	144 (3.2) 159 (2.4) 153 (3.5) 145 (3.3) 150 (2.6) 145 (2.5) 156 (3.3)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	46 (0.9) 152 (40 (2.0) 152 (43 (0.9) 151 (46 (1.5) 119 (2.0)	23 (0.9) 21 (1.5) 23 (0.9) 24 (1.6)	163 (1.2) 156 (2.9) 159 (1.7) 128 (2.4)	21 (0.8) 29 (1.8) 22 (0.9) 23 (1.4)	163 (1.4) 154 (2.4) 162 (1.1) 121 (2.2)	10 (0.6) 11 (1.2) 11 (0.6) 7 (0.9)	159 (2.2) 150 (3.6) 153 (1.7) 106 (5.7)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.



TABLE 4.12 POPULATION:

1996 Science Assessment

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

Expected Time Spent on Homework



About how much time do you expect a student in this class to spend doing homework each week?	None	e	One Ho	ılf Hour	One	Hour	Two h	lours	More Two I	
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	4 (1.9) 1 (···) 2 (1.5)	34 (4.5)! () () ()	12 (2.3) 13 (5.3) 12 (4.0) 6 (3.4) 15 (4.6)	142 (3.3)! 134 (9.5)! 137 (4.0)! 160 (10.4)! 144 (3.4)!	42 (4.1) 35 (11.1) 46 (6.1) 40 (8.7) 46 (6.4)	152 (2.1) 154 (3.5)! 142 (2.8)! 158 (3.4)! 154 (5.2)	28 (4.4) 19 () 24 (5.6) 39 (8.3) 29 (6.7)	152 (3.0) () 144 (5.9)! 157 (5.9)! 148 (3.3)!	15 (4.8) 30 (20.3) 17 (5.7) 12 (7.9) 6 (2.7)	156 (3.9)! () 150 (4.9)! () 151 (3.9)!
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA	4 (0.8) 9 (2.8) 2 (1.1) 4 (1.1) 5 (1.8) 0 (0.1) 4 (0.4) 0 () 7 (2.1) 1 (0.8) 2 (0.3) 4 (2.0) 2 (1.1) 1 (0.5)	() () 126 (8.6)! () 128 (5.6)! 155 (3.7)! () 138 (3.7) () 133 (4.9)! () 158 (2.8)! () 133 (7.3)!	11 (1.8) 12 (3.0) 24 (4.5) 7 (2.1) 12 (2.7) 13 (2.7) 4 (1.3) 15 (0.7) 4 (0.5) 19 (2.7) 10 (1.0) 12 (2.8) 12 (3.0) 8 (2.2) 12 (2.5)	127 (6.7) 127 (7.7)! 142 (3.5)! 136 (6.3)! 135 (6.6)! 148 (3.5)! 161 (7.3)! 139 (2.0) () 140 (3.9) 138 (3.7)! 138 (3.1) 154 (4.3)! 156 (3.1)! 145 (4.1)! 136 (4.6)!	31 (4.2) 35 (3.7) 36 (3.6) 44 (4.1) 38 (3.2) 33 (3.3) 15 (2.6) 43 (0.9) 23 (1.6) 32 (3.1) 35 (3.3) 42 (1.4) 36 (4.9) 39 (5.2) 44 (4.6) 39 (4.0)	141 (3.3) 154 (2.3) 150 (3.0) 145 (2.3) 141 (2.9) 154 (2.1) 151 (3.9) 140 (1.7) 109 (2.2) 138 (2.9) 143 (2.4) 133 (2.0) 153 (2.2) 160 (1.9) 147 (1.6) 134 (2.8)	35 (3.7) 35 (2.5) 24 (3.4) 31 (4.6) 34 (3.3) 37 (3.7) 53 (3.4) 30 (1.1) 28 (1.4) 29 (3.0) 39 (2.8) 32 (1.1) 35 (4.8) 37 (4.6) 35 (4.5) 32 (3.6)	144 (3.0) 154 (2.3) 146 (2.7) 145 (3.2) 139 (2.8) 158 (2.3) 157 (2.0) 142 (2.7) 110 (1.9) 146 (2.1) 144 (2.1) 137 (2.5) 157 (2.0) 159 (1.8) 149 (1.5) 136 (3.0)	22 (4.0) 14 (1.4) 7 (1.9) 16 (3.5) 12 (2.4) 11 (2.3) 28 (3.1) 8 (0.5) 45 (1.7) 14 (2.1) 14 (2.6) 13 (0.6) 13 (2.9) 10 (2.6) 12 (3.6) 13 (3.6)	133 (3.2) 154 (3.6) 151 (4.1)! 151 (5.3)! 143 (5.2) 154 (4.6)! 163 (3.1) 151 (2.6) 112 (1.3) 149 (3.8) 144 (4.3) 140 (2.9) 148 (5.0)! 156 (3.8)! 154 (8.7)!
MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO	0 (0.1) 0 (0.1) 0 () 2 (1.3) 1 (0.4) 2 (0.7) 1 (0.5) 2 (0.6) 7 (0.9)	() () () () () () () () 152 (1.3)	3 (1.2) 18 (3.6) 4 (1.4) 11 (3.0) 11 (3.0) 14 (3.0) 8 (2.1) 12 (1.9) 12 (2.0) 16 (2.2)	171 (4.4)! 149 (4.8)! 159 (13.3)! 151 (4.9)! 157 (3.3)! 138 (5.4)! 153 (4.1)! 160 (2.5) 160 (2.0)	33 (3.7) 34 (3.9) 22 (3.1) 35 (3.7) 37 (4.0) 36 (3.6) 45 (4.6) 34 (4.2) 39 (3.3) 35 (3.1)	163 (1.8) 146 (3.3) 154 (3.8) 153 (2.3) 160 (1.4) 137 (1.7) 151 (2.1) 163 (1.5) 158 (1.9) 142 (1.6)	47 (3.8) 38 (3.5) 43 (4.2) 39 (4.0) 39 (4.3) 35 (3.5) 29 (3.9) 42 (3.6) 30 (2.7) 32 (2.2)	164 (1.2) 151 (2.1) 155 (2.2) 164 (2.0) 158 (2.2) 135 (2.2) 153 (2.1) 164 (1.8) 159 (1.7)	16 (3.8) 11 (1.6) 32 (4.3) 13 (2.5) 12 (3.0) 13 (2.9) 17 (3.3) 11 (3.5) 12 (3.0) 12 (1.8)	164 (2.2)! 139 (5.5) 161 (2.9) 150 (3.9) 162 (6.5)! 126 (5.1)! 157 (2.3) 155 (5.5)! 158 (2.3)!
NEW YORKT NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT†	0 () 3 (1.1) 0 () 6 (1.8) 1 (0.2) 1 (0.7) 0 (0.2) 6 (1.8)	() () () 155 (4.0)! () () () 142 (6.2)! 152 (2.7) ()	9 (3.1) 13 (2.5) 6 (1.5) 22 (3.9) 3 (0.4) 11 (2.5) 7 (2.4) 26 (3.0) 12 (2.2) 14 (1.8)	126 (8.1)! 148 (3.5) 166 (2.9)! 151 (3.5) () 125 (3.7)! 135 (8.3)! 140 (2.3) 155 (2.1)	30 (4,0) 36 (3,5) 29 (3,0) 49 (4,2) 27 (0,8) 32 (4,0) 28 (3,8) 37 (3,1) 43 (2,2) 25 (2,2)	152 (3.0) 144 (1.8) 163 (1.5) 158 (2.2) 148 (1.8) 140 (2.7) 145 (2.7) 151 (2.0) 156 (1.4) 159 (1.7)	39 (3.8) 37 (3.7) 49 (2.8) 19 (3.3) 50 (1.1) 41 (4.1) 46 (3.9) 25 (3.0) 29 (2.2) 50 (2.8)	153 (2.9) 148 (2.2) 162 (1.4) 157 (2.5) 151 (1.1) 140 (2.4) 146 (2.7) 149 (2.1) 156 (1.5)	21 (3.6) 12 (2.2) 16 (2.2) 4 (2.1) 19 (0.9) 15 (2.6) 18 (3.5) 7 (1.7) 10 (1.2) 9 (1.5)	148 (4.2) 150 (2.8) 162 (1.7) 153 (3.9)! 155 (1.8) 142 (3.0) 147 (4.6) 152 (7.7)! 163 (2.1) 159 (2.9)
VERMONT VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSINT WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS	1 (0.6) 6 (1.7) 6 (1.4) 1 (0.3)	() 154 (3.2)! 148 (5.4)! () 159 (4.0) ()	7 (1.7) 17 (3.5) 22 (2.6) 12 (2.4) 19 (0.6) 1 (0.7) 11 (0.3)	145 (4.9)! 145 (3.6)! 145 (1.7) 155 (3.8)! 156 (2.0) () 149 (2.9)	33 (3.5) 45 (4.4) 49 (3.5) 44 (4.7) 42 (1.2) 21 (1.0) 28 (0.9) 50 (1.7)	149 (2.4) 152 (2.4) 147 (1.6) 160 (3.0) 158 (0.9) 152 (2.8) 155 (1.2) 117 (2.0)	45 (3.6) 26 (4.2) 20 (2.9) 36 (5.2) 29 (1.1) 49 (1.9) 50 (0.9) 34 (1.0)	150 (2.8) 148 (2.4) 149 (2.0) 163 (2.1) 162 (1.3) 149 (1.7) 156 (1.0) 118 (1.8)	14 (2.3) 7 (1.7) 3 (1.0) 7 (1.9) 4 (0.3) 18 (1.2) 11 (0.8) 15 (1.4)	151 (3.9) 164 (3.4)! 154 (6.5)! 168 (4.0)! 164 (2.5) 160 (2.2) 159 (2.3) 129 (3.1)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: STUDENTS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Time Spent on Homework



		<u></u>	1					
If you are taking science this year, about how much time do you spend doing science homework each week?	I Am Not Tal Science Co This Yea	urse	N	one	One Half Hour		One	Hour
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE) S	S (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	8 (4.3) 12 3 (0.4) 2 (0.7)	7 (3.1)! 2 (3.7)! · (···) · (···) 6 (5.8)!	22 (1.5) 10 (2.2) 23 (2.3) 24 (3.8) 28 (3.2)	147 (1.6) 141 (7.7)! 140 (2.7) 153 (4.2) 148 (2.1)	40 (1.4) 36 (5.0) 44 (1.5) 41 (2.7) 37 (2.5)	151 (1.1) 147 (3.6) 144 (2.4) 158 (2.9) 152 (2.7)	19 (0.7) 21 (1.6) 19 (1.2) 18 (1.9) 18 (1.1)	148 (1.6) 154 (5.9) 139 (2.9) 157 (3.5) 144 (2.5)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	5 (0.9) 6 (0.9) 13 2 (0.4) 4 (0.7) 12 2 (0.3) 2 (0.3) 3 (0.5) 3 (0.3)	() 2 (5.0) . () 2 (4.6) . () . ()	20 (1.5) 18 (1.4) 28 (1.8) 22 (1.9) 15 (1.1) 21 (1.7) 9 (1.0) 25 (1.2) 15 (0.9) 24 (1.7)	138 (1.8) 149 (2.9) 149 (2.3) 146 (2.4) 131 (2.5) 153 (1.7) 142 (3.2) 141 (2.2) 104 (2.8) 144 (2.2)	43 (1.0) 40 (2.0) 37 (1.3) 40 (1.2) 42 (1.3) 41 (1.1) 45 (1.3) 41 (1.3) 41 (1.3)	140 (1.9) 157 (1.7) 148 (1.5) 146 (2.0) 143 (1.9) 153 (1.0) 154 (1.5) 144 (1.2) 117 (1.0) 143 (1.6)	19 (0.7) 22 (1.5) 17 (1.1) 20 (1.2) 22 (1.2) 18 (0.9) 20 (0.9) 15 (0.9) 24 (1.2) 18 (1.0)	136 (2.8) 152 (2.5) 143 (2.7) 141 (2.1) 135 (2.7) 156 (2.2) 156 (2.3) 144 (2.8) 117 (1.8) 144 (2.6)
GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY	42 (0.8) 13 2 (0.3) 2 (0.5)	· (···) · (···) · (···) · (···)	16 (1.0) 14 (0.7) 21 (1.8) 19 (1.5) 22 (1.3)	143 (2.3) 128 (2.5) 152 (2.1) 158 (1.8) 145 (1.6)	46 (0.9) 26 (0.8) 40 (1.5) 42 (1.3) 40 (1.1)	145 (1.6) 136 (1.5) 153 (1.7) 158 (1.3) 150 (1.6)	21 (0.9) 11 (0.8) 20 (1.3) 22 (1.1) 21 (0.9)	139 (2.2) 134 (2.5) 154 (2.4) 161 (1.7) 146 (2.2)
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	2 (0.5) 2 (0.4) 3 (0.7)	0 (6.6) · (···) · (···) · (···)	22 (1.3) 11 (0.8) 14 (1.5) 9 (1.0) 22 (1.9)	136 (2.6) 157 (2.0) 142 (3.2) 152 (5.0) 154 (1.8)	42 (1.3) 38 (1.4) 51 (1.2) 44 (1.5) 38 (1.2)	134 (1.5) 163 (1.3) 147 (1.5) 156 (1.6) 153 (1.7)	19 (0.8) 24 (1.0) 20 (0.9) 20 (0.9) 22 (1.2)	130 (2.6) 166 (1.6) 145 (3.0) 158 (1.7) 153 (2.1)
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	2 (0.5) 3 (0.3) 12 1 (0.4)	9 (5.8) () .4 (4.9) ()	21 (1.6) 23 (1.4) 19 (1.4) 19 (2.1) 20 (1.4)	157 (2.2) 135 (2.0) 151 (2.0) 162 (2.3) 157 (1.5)	41 (1.6) 43 (1.2) 40 (1.3) 41 (1.5) 40 (1.3)	160 (1.2) 135 (1.7) 154 (1.4) 163 (1.6) 159 (1.5)	20 (1.2) 20 (0.9) 20 (1.1) 21 (1.3) 21 (0.8)	158 (1.9) 128 (2.2) 151 (2.1) 163 (1.6) 157 (1.3)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	2 (0.4) 3 (0.5) 12 1 (0.2)	5 (4.7) () (4.5) () (4.2)!	27 (1.3) 10 (1.4) 18 (1.5) 15 (0.9) 25 (1.9)	142 (1.6) 145 (5.8) 146 (1.8) 161 (2.6) 153 (2.4)	37 (1.2) 45 (1.4) 47 (1.2) 42 (1.0) 39 (1.4)	144 (1.4) 147 (1.9) 149 (1.1) 164 (1.1) 157 (1.8)	18 (0.8) 21 (0.9) 19 (0.9) 23 (0.9) 18 (0.9)	140 (1.8) 145 (2.3) 145 (1.9) 161 (1.5) 157 (1.8)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	2 (0.5) 4 (0.4) 11 2 (0.3)	9 (4.1) () ()	14 (0.8) 19 (1.6) 15 (1.1) 28 (1.6) 22 (1.2)	140 (2.0) 140 (2.3) 142 (2.4) 144 (2.1) 155 (1.5)	47 (1.2) 46 (1.3) 41 (1.2) 41 (1.3) 42 (1.0)	149 (1.1) 140 (1.6) 146 (1.8) 149 (1.8) 157 (1.2)	20 (0.9) 19 (1.0) 20 (1.0) 17 (0.9) 17 (0.9)	152 (2.0) 136 (2.4) 142 (2.8) 144 (1.9) 159 (1.5)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	2 (0.5) ··· 2 (0.3) ··· 7 (1.0) 13 3 (0.4) 13	9 (3.3) 4 (4.2) ()	14 (1.6) 17 (1.3) 26 (1.5) 32 (1.6) 20 (1.6)	155 (2.3) 144 (2.5) 149 (1.7) 148 (1.3) 161 (2.4)	42 (1.2) 48 (1.0) 37 (1.2) 37 (1.1) 44 (1.3)	156 (1.4) 151 (1.8) 153 (1.6) 149 (1.2) 161 (1.4)	21 (1.0) 18 (1.0) 16 (1.0) 16 (0.8) 19 (1.1)	160 (1.4) 150 (2.2) 149 (2.6) 145 (1.6) 160 (2.4)
WYOMING	9 (0.6) 14	6 (2.9)	22 (0.9)	155 (1.2)	36 (0.8)	161 (1.2)	19 (0.8)	159 (1.5)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DODDS GUAM	2 (0.3)	·· (···) ·· (···)	21 (1.6) 12 (0.6) 23 (1.3)	149 (2.8) 157 (2.1) 123 (3.0)	45 (1.8) 45 (1.2) 40 (1.8)	151 (1.7) 154 (1.1) 122 (2.0)	17 (1.5) 22 (0.9) 19 (1.3)	157 (2.5) 155 (1.2) 119 (2.6)

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



^{···} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

[!] Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

TABLE 4.13 (continued)

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

STUDENTS' REPORTS ON:

Time Spent on Homework



If you ore toking science this year, obout how much time do you spend doing science homework eoch week?	Two	Hours	Three Hours		ours More than Three Ha	
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States	8 (0.5) 14 (1.6) 6 (0.6) 7 (1.2) 7 (0.8)	156 (2.7) 163 (4.4) 144 (3.9) 158 (6.1) 155 (7.7)	3 (0.4) 5 (0.6) 2 (0.3) 4 (0.9) 3 (0.7)	157 (3.1) () () () 162 (7.2)!	4 (0.4) 6 (1.5) 3 (0.3) 3 (0.6) 4 (0.5)	152 (3.5) () () () 140 (6.7)
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	8 (0.9) 8 (0.7) 7 (0.7) 8 (0.8) 9 (0.7) 10 (0.8) 13 (0.7) 7 (0.6) 10 (0.8) 8 (0.7)	147 (4.3) 157 (4.3) 152 (4.2) 149 (2.8) 148 (3.9) 163 (2.3) 169 (1.8) 146 (3.6) 115 (3.1) 145 (3.9)	3 (0.5) 4 (0.5) 2 (0.4) 4 (0.6) 4 (0.5) 6 (0.4) 2 (0.3) 3 (0.5) 3 (0.4)	143 (4.8) 166 (3.4) () 147 (4.0) 148 (4.6) 162 (3.8) 167 (3.4) () () 151 (4.9)	4 (0.5) 3 (0.5) 3 (0.6) 4 (0.5) 4 (0.5) 4 (0.4) 5 (0.4) 5 (0.4) 4 (0.5)	143 (4.7) () () 148 (4.1) 139 (4.9) 157 (3.3) 159 (3.5) () 120 (4.0) 144 (5.3)
GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	8 (0.6) 3 (0.4) 9 (0.7) 9 (0.9) 8 (0.6) 7 (0.5) 13 (0.9) 8 (0.7) 13 (1.0) 9 (0.7)	140 (3.2) 144 (3.7) 161 (2.9) 160 (3.5) 151 (2.4) 134 (3.2) 169 (2.3) 153 (3.2) 165 (1.9) 162 (2.3)	4 (0.5) 2 (0.3) 4 (0.4) 3 (0.4) 3 (0.4) 3 (0.4) 6 (0.5) 3 (0.4) 6 (0.7) 5 (0.6)	141 (5.7) () 160 (3.1) () 157 (4.0) 130 (5.4) 165 (2.2) () 162 (3.0) 160 (3.7)	3 (0.4) 2 (0.3) 3 (0.5) 3 (0.4) 3 (0.4) 4 (0.4) 6 (0.7) 3 (0.4) 5 (0.4) 3 (0.4)	147 (4.0) () 149 (4.0) 156 (3.5) 148 (5.8) 132 (5.3) 158 (3.6) () 160 (3.1) 148 (4.0)
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	8 (1.0) 6 (0.6) 9 (0.8) 9 (0.6) 8 (0.7) 7 (0.5) 11 (0.9) 7 (0.7) 11 (0.6) 8 (0.7)	164 (4.2) 136 (3.8) 153 (2.5) 164 (2.5) 163 (3.1) 145 (3.3) 155 (3.7) 146 (3.1) 163 (1.9) 158 (3.2)	4 (0.5) 3 (0.4) 4 (0.4) 5 (0.6) 4 (0.5) 3 (0.4) 5 (0.6) 3 (0.3) 5 (0.4) 3 (0.4)	166 (4.9) 135 (3.5) 158 (3.1) 163 (3.4) 160 (3.5) 147 (4.6) 161 (3.9) 158 (3.8) 161 (3.0) 165 (5.3)	3 (0.4) 3 (0.3) 4 (0.4) 4 (0.5) 5 (0.5) 3 (0.3) 5 (0.7) 3 (0.4) 4 (0.4) 3 (0.4)	153 (4.3) 137 (4.6) 149 (3.1) 153 (3.3) 153 (2.1) 136 (4.2) 149 (5.0) 145 (4.5) 157 (3.0) 150 (5.6)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	10 (0.7) 8 (0.6) 11 (0.8) 7 (0.6) 9 (0.8) 11 (0.8) 9 (0.6) 7 (0.7) 6 (0.5) 9 (0.7)	156 (3.2) 156 (2.5) 143 (3.8) 147 (3.0) 146 (2.7) 158 (1.9) 163 (2.3) 156 (2.8) 156 (2.8) 152 (2.7) 161 (3.2)	5 (0.4) 4 (0.5) 3 (0.3) 5 (0.6) 3 (0.4) 2 (0.3) 5 (0.5) 4 (0.4) 3 (0.3) 3 (0.3) 4 (0.5)	163 (3.3) 160 (2.7) () 145 (6.3) 143 (4.7) 162 (3.8) 166 (2.8) 162 (3.8) 155 (4.1) 144 (4.0) 168 (3.4)	3 (0.4) 3 (0.4) 4 (0.6) 2 (0.3) 2 (0.3) 4 (0.4) 3 (0.5) 3 (0.4) 3 (0.4) 3 (0.4)	150 (5.6) 154 (3.9) 137 (5.7) 144 (5.0) () 153 (4.7) 159 (3.7) 153 (4.5) 142 (4.6) 145 (4.2) 156 (4.0)
WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	7 (0.5) 9 (1.2) 9 (0.7) 6 (0.8)	() 162 (1.8) ()	3 (0.3) 2 (0.5) 5 (0.5) 3 (0.6)	() 161 (2.4) ()	4 (0.3) 4 (0.7) 6 (0.5) 5 (0.8)	160 (2.7) () 157 (2.6) ()

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

TABLE 4.14 POPULATION:

1996 Science Assessment

REPORTED STATISTICS: STUDENTS' REPORTS ON: 1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Using Computers at Home



							r			
How often do you use a computer at home for schoolwork?	There Is Computer at			ver or ly Ever	1	or Twice Month		or Twice Week	1	most ry Day
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST	41 (3.6) 14	3 (1.0) 9 (2.1) 8 (2.3)	17 (0.9) 16 (2.8) 16 (0.9)	144 (1.6) 143 (5.4)! 137 (3.0)	15 (0.5) 13 (0.9) 13 (0.7)	160 (1.8) 158 (7.5) 153 (3.2)	17 (1.1) 15 (4.3) 16 (0.8)	157 (1.9) 153 (5.6)! 149 (2.5)	15 (0.7) 15 (2.2) 12 (1.4)	154 (1.9) 155 (4.3) 143 (2.8)
CENTRAL WEST	32 (2.8) 14	8 (2.0) 9 (1.9)	18 (1.6) 18 (1.8)	151 (4.2) 144 (2.4)	17 (1.4) 17 (1.3)	166 (3.9)	18 (2.0)	163 (4.4)	16 (1.2)	162 (3.4)
States	52 (1.07 10	, ,,	10 (1.0)	177 (2.97	1/ 1 1.3/	160 (2.2)	18 (1.6)	159 (3.4)	15 (1.1)	154 (3.7)
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA	25 (1.4) 14: 39 (1.5) 13: 45 (1.5) 14! 36 (1.7) 12:	4 (1.5) 2 (2.8) 6 (1.8) 0 (1.6) B (1.7)	18 (1.0) 14 (0.9) 17 (1.1) 19 (0.9) 13 (0.8)	140 (2.3) 152 (1.9) 145 (2.0) 145 (1.8) 132 (3.5)	13 (0.9) 18 (1.2) 17 (1.0) 13 (1.0) 16 (0.9)	148 (2.7) 161 (2.2) 158 (2.1) 154 (3.5) 147 (2.6)	14 (0.9) 24 (1.2) 15 (1.0) 13 (0.9) 19 (1.1)	145 (3.0) 161 (2.4) 156 (2.0) 151 (2.8) 149 (2.9)	11 (0.9) 19 (1.1) 12 (1.0) 11 (0.8) 17 (1.0)	143 (2.9) 159 (2.1) 153 (2.8) 147 (2.6) 154 (2.6)
COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	26 (1.1) 141 34 (1.3) 133 38 (1.5)* 111 37 (1.6) 136	4 (1.6) 1 (2.0) 3 (1.9) 1 (1.4) 5 (1.8)	13 (0.8) 13 (0.9) 18 (0.9) 17 (1.1)* 18 (0.8)	151 (2.2) 146 (2.2) 140 (2.3) 108 (2.5) 143 (2.6)	20 (0.8) 17 (0.8) 18 (1.0) 15 (0.9)* 16 (0.9)	159 (1.4) 162 (2.0) 148 (2.1) 117 (2.4) 155 (2.1)	23 (0.9) 24 (1.0) 16 (0.9) 17 (1.1)* 16 (0.8)	163 (1.5) 167 (1.5) 152 (2.5) 124 (2.5) 150 (2.4)	16 (0.9) 20 (0.8) 14 (0.8) 13 (1.1)* 14 (1.4)	163 (1.5) 164 (1.8) 152 (2.7) 121 (4.0) 145 (3.6)
GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY	37 (1.2) 131 36 (1.2) 146 35 (1.3) 152 42 (1.3) 143	5 (1.5) (1.5) (1.4) (1.4) (1.3)	19 (0.9) 18 (0.9) 18 (1.0) 14 (0.8) 13 (0.6)	139 (2.3) 135 (2.1) 151 (2.3) 151 (2.2) 143 (1.8)	17 (1.0) 17 (1.0) 15 (0.8) 19 (1.2) 14 (0.9)	152 (2.3) 145 (1.9) 158 (2.1) 166 (1.5) 151 (2.9)	17 (0.9) 16 (0.8) 17 (1.0) 19 (1.2) 17 (1.0)	149 (2.5) 140 (2.2) 165 (2.3) 169 (1.8) 156 (2.0)	11 (0.6) 12 (0.7) 14 (1.0) 13 (0.9) 14 (0.8)	146 (2.7) 138 (2.8) 158 (2.8) 159 (2.4) 155 (3.1)
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	29 (1.3) 156 30 (1.5) 135 26 (1.4) 145	(1.6) (1.3) (1.9) (2.0) (1.6)	19 (0.8) 12 (0.8) 17 (1.0) 12 (0.7) 15 (1.0)	132 (2.4) 157 (2.1) 144 (1.7) 149 (2.8) 149 (2.5)	13 (0.9) 15 (0.8) 20 (1.0) 17 (0.9) 18 (1.1)	144 (2.9) 166 (1.7) 158 (1.9) 162 (1.9) 162 (1.9)	11 (0.7) 22 (1.1) 19 (1.1) 25 (1.0) 20 (1.1)	136 (3.3) 169 (1.7) 157 (2.5) 167 (1.9) 161 (2.5)	11 (0.8) 23 (1.4) 14 (1.0) 20 (1.0) 15 (1.1)	133 (3.0) 170 (1.8) 152 (2.9) 164 (2.1) 161 (2.4)
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	50 (1.3) 130 39 (1.3) 147 33 (1.5) 155 31 (1.2) 151	(1.7) (1.4) (1.4) (2.0) (1.4)	16 (1.0) 18 (0.9) 19 (0.9) 16 (0.9) 16 (0.8)	156 (2.3) 136 (2.0) 148 (2.0) 161 (2.0) 154 (1.7)	21 (0.8) 11 (0.7) 16 (0.9) 20 (0.9) 20 (0.8)	164 (1.8) 146 (3.0) 162 (1.7) 169 (1.4) 166 (1.7)	20 (1.0) 11 (0.7) 16 (1.0) 19 (1.0) 20 (0.9)	166 (1.7) 137 (2.3) 158 (2.1) 167 (2.0) 163 (1.7)	12 (0.9) 10 (0.8) 11 (0.8) 13 (1.0) 13 (0.7)	164 (2.2) 132 (3.1) 154 (2.2) 166 (2.4) 161 (2.5)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	35 (1.5) 137 37 (1.6) 138 34 (1.2) 158 28 (1.2) 147	(1.4) (1.9) (1.2) (1.2) (1.8)	17 (0.7) 13 (0.7) 17 (0.7) 18 (0.9) 14 (0.9)	142 (1.9) 140 (2.4) 143 (1.6) 164 (2.1) 150 (2.4)	14 (0.9) 16 (1.0) 15 (0.9) 21 (0.9) 19 (0.9)	153 (2.3) 161 (2.3) 161 (1.9) 166 (1.4) 160 (2.1)	17 (0.7) 19 (1.1) 18 (1.0) 17 (0.8) 22 (1.3)	152 (1.7) 156 (2.3) 156 (1.7) 165 (1.5) 163 (1.6)	12 (0.9) 17 (1.3) 13 (0.6) 10 (0.7) 16 (1.0)	148 (2.2) 157 (2.6) 153 (2.1) 164 (2.3) 160 (2.3)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT†	42 (1.3) 133 41 (1.3) 138 39 (1.5) 136 19 (0.9) 144		15 (0.8) 18 (0.9) 18 (0.8) 19 (0.9) 17 (1.0)	144 (1.7) 135 (2.1) 144 (2.5) 144 (2.3) 148 (1.7)	18 (0.8) 13 (0.9) 16 (0.9) 14 (0.9) 25 (0.9)	160 (1.7) 152 (2.5) 155 (2.3) 160 (2.3) 162 (1.2)	20 (0.9) 14 (1.0) 13 (0.8) 16 (0.7) 26 (1.0)	158 (1.7) 149 (3.1) 151 (3.6) 157 (1.6) 163 (1.2)	15 (0.9) 13 (0.8) 11 (0.9) 12 (0.9) 13 (0.6)	157 (2.0) 140 (2.5) 146 (3.3) 155 (2.4) 162 (1.3)
VERMONIT VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	32 (1.3) 139 27 (1.2) 140 42 (1.0) 143 36 (1.7) 153	(1.9) (1.1) (2.1)	13 (0.9) 17 (0.9) 16 (0.8) 19 (0.8) 14 (1.0)	154 (2.3) 147 (2.6) 145 (1.9) 147 (1.7) 154 (2.3)	15 (1.0) 18 (1.0) 20 (0.9) 14 (0.8) 18 (0.9)	160 (2.1) 160 (2.1) 159 (1.7) 155 (1.7) 167 (2.3)	23 (1.2) 19 (0.9) 20 (1.0) 14 (0.7) 18 (1.0)	166 (1.6) 160 (2.3) 160 (2.0) 152 (2.0) 169 (1.6)	22 (0.8) 14 (0.8) 17 (0.8) 11 (0.7) 13 (0.9)	163 (1.9) 157 (2.2) 152 (2.0) 151 (2.3) 164 (2.6)
Other Jurisdictions	29 (0.9) 150	(1.1)	16 (0.8)	156 (1.3)	21 (0.7)	164 (1.3)	21 (0.8)	164 (1.4)	14 (0.7)	160 (1.7)
DDESS DoDDS			16 (1.5) 19 (0.8)	148 (2.8) 152 (1.4)	19 (1.5) 23 (1.0)	162 (2.3) 161 (1.4)	21 (1.8) 23 (1.0)	157 (2.5) 160 (2.0)	17 (1.5) 17 (0.8)	157 (3.3) 158 (1.4)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

Interpret with caution — more than 15 percent of the respondents did not answer this question.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

The Availability of Computers



Which best describes the availability of camputers for use by your science students?	None Av		One V		Two or Within the (
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	17 (3.4) 4 (1.6) 19 (5.4) 27 (11.0) 15 (5.2)	149 (5.6)! () 135 (4.9)! 157 (7.5)! 157 (14.5)!	22 (4.8) 12 (···) 31 (8.1) 22 (11.0) 21 (4.8)	149 (3.2)! () 140 (2.6)! 154 (4.7)! 149 (3.3)!	9 (4.6) 22 (···) 5 (2.3) 5 (3.8) 8 (4.5)	156 (7.2)! () 146 (4.5)! ()
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	29 (3.6) 7 (1.4) 21 (4.2) 44 (5.1) 18 (3.2) 13 (2.4) 17 (3.0) 38 (0.9) 14 (1.3)	140 (2.6) () 145 (3.2) 146 (2.2) 133 (4.8) 153 (2.7) 141 (4.8) 140 (1.3) 107 (3.7)	23 (3.4) 34 (1.5) 27 (4.5) 25 (3.8) 26 (3.1) 21 (3.5) 24 (3.6) 14 (0.7) 8 (0.3)	139 (3.0) 155 (2.2) 144 (4.7) 148 (2.2) 142 (2.8) 154 (2.8) 159 (3.4) 143 (2.6) () 142 (2.5)	12 (3.3) 7 (2.0) 5 (2.3) 2 (···) 16 (3.3) 3 (1.6) 3 (1.7) 6 (0.5) 16 (0.8) 11 (2.8)	133 (4.7)! 140 (4.4)! 145 (10.9)! () 143 (5.9)! () () 144 (3.2) 118 (2.0) 147 (4.6)!
FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY	19 (3.5) 13 (2.6) 9 (0.7) 15 (3.8) 9 (2.7) 7 (2.1)	135 (3.5) 143 (4.7)! 141 (6.3) 143 (4.9)! 156 (3.0)! 152 (7.1)!	30 (4.1) 35 (3.9) 45 (1.2) 17 (3.8) 34 (5.0) 29 (4.3)	143 (2.5) 135 (1.5) 159 (3.2)! 155 (2.3) 148 (2.0)	6 (1.6) 13 (0.7) 1 (1.0) 6 (2.0) 10 (2.7)	142 (6.2)! 131 (5.8) () 166 (4.2)! 147 (4.8)!
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	47 (4.5) 9 (2.2) 7 (1.9) 16 (3.0) 24 (4.2)	132 (2.6) 163 (3.3)! 144 (6.4)! 152 (4.1) 152 (3.2)	19 (3.0) 29 (3.9) 14 (3.5) 27 (3.9) 16 (3.7)	138 (3.2) 163 (1.9) 143 (6.9)! 159 (3.6) 157 (3.0)!	2 (1.3) 5 (1.9) 2 (1.1) 4 (1.7) 1 (0.5)	() 160 (3.8)! () 167 (5.8)! ()
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	10 (3.0) 50 (4.3) 15 (3.0) 8 (2.6) 7 (1.3)	153 (3.3)! 136 (1.8) 153 (2.9)! 162 (1.8)! 149 (3.4)	24 (4.1) 17 (3.2) 24 (3.8) 26 (3.5) 35 (3.5)	158 (1.9) 138 (4.0) 154 (2.5) 163 (3.1) 159 (1.4)	1 (0.8) 2 (1.1) 9 (2.8) 5 (1.8) 5 (1.6)	() 144 (6.8)! 164 (7.2)! 163 (3.1)!
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	23 (2.3) 26 (4.6) 13 (2.7) 12 (1.5) 10 (2.8)	138 (2.3) 145 (4.5)! 144 (4.1)! 166 (2.9) 156 (3.6)!	25 (2.5) 10 (2.9) 15 (3.2) 29 (2.8) 32 (4.5)	145 (2.3) 159 (6.1)! 149 (2.8)! 162 (1.4) 155 (2.5)	5 (0.7) 6 (2.6) 7 (2.4) 5 (1.3) 7 (2.2)	137 (2.7) 152 (5.4)! 145 (2.3)! 161 (2.4)! 158 (4.6)!
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	13 (0.7) 31 (3.9) 24 (4.0) 21 (3.4) 32 (2.1)	146 (2.7) 135 (3.1) 139 (3.4) 142 (2.8) 155 (1.8)	10 (0.7) 20 (3.6) 20 (4.1) 30 (4.7) 18 (1.9)	153 (3.0) 142 (3.5) 146 (5.2)! 142 (3.2) 156 (2.0)	5 (0.5) 4 (1.5) 6 (2.3) 5 (1.4) 4 (1.4)	151 (4.0) 144 (6.9)! 142 (4.0)! 143 (4.6)! 157 (6.9)!
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	9 (2.0) 10 (2.2) 11 (2.4) 23 (3.6) 9 (2.6) 9 (0.6)*	159 (3.5)! 139 (3.6)! 146 (4.0)! 144 (2.0) 157 (3.8)! 154 (2.5)	33 (2.9) 20 (2.8) 30 (4.3) 20 (3.4) 29 (4.9) 29 (1.0)*	157 (2.0) 146 (2.8) 150 (1.9) 150 (2.3) 166 (1.7)	9 (1.6) 8 (2.2) 9 (2.7) 8 (2.1) 7 (3.1) 12 (0.6)*	157 (2.3) 138 (8.9)! 153 (2.6)! 151 (2.0)! 169 (5.8)!
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	0 (···) 18 (0.7) 44 (1.1)	() 150 (1.9) 122 (2.1)	14 (0.7) 25 (1.0) 19 (1.0)	166 (3.7) 156 (1.4) 122 (2.5)	21 (1.5) 23 (0.9) 0 (···)	149 (2.9) 158 (1.5) ()

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic. Interpret with caution — more than 15 percent of the respondents did not answer this question. SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.

TABLE 4.15 (continued)

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: The Availability of Computers



Which best describes the availability of computers for use by your science students?		Four or More Within the Classroom		ble in a aboratory but ess or Schedule	Computer Lo	ble in a boratory and ss or Schedule
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	7 (3.0) 0 (···) 0 (···) 7 (···)	159 (2.8)! () () () 159 (3.5)!	32 (4.9) 50 (12.0) 39 (10.1) 21 (7.4) 24 (8.9)	149 (2.1) 145 (5.9)! 148 (2.5)! 162 (6.3)! 147 (3.9)!	13 (2.6) 12 (5.5) 6 (3.0) 18 (8.8) 15 (3.6)	148 (2,4) () 138 (5.7)! () 146 (4.2)!
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	3 (2.0) 7 (2.1) 4 (1.8) 2 (0.9) 6 (2.1) 1 (0.4) 4 (2.0) 3 (0.2) 26 (0.9) 8 (2.4) 2 (0.9) 9 (0.7) 5 (2.2) 2 (1.4) 1 () 1 (0.7) 1 () 2 (0.9) 6 (1.1) 2 ()	118 (30.8)! 142 (5.2)! () () 146 (5.1)! () 151 (3.6) 119 (1.6) 143 (6.8)! () 158 (2.6) 145 (5.9)! () () () () () ()	27 (4.5) 37 (3.6) 28 (3.5) 22 (5.9) 23 (3.2) 47 (3.5) 38 (3.6) 29 (1.0) 23 (0.8) 23 (3.1) 32 (3.5) 17 (1.0) 38 (5.2) 39 (5.2) 36 (4.5) 19 (3.1) 44 (4.3) 51 (4.6) 34 (4.1) 39 (4.7)	140 (4.5) 151 (4.6) 144 (2.1) 142 (4.7) 137 (3.8) 157 (1.9) 160 (1.9) 141 (2.4) 102 (1.6) 140 (3.4) 140 (2.8) 129 (3.4) 157 (1.8) 160 (2.0) 149 (2.7) 138 (3.5) 162 (1.8) 164 (2.3) 155 (2.6) 155 (2.1)	5 (1.7) 7 (2.4) 15 (3.5) 6 (1.9) 11 (2.9) 14 (2.4) 15 (2.6) 9 (0.5) 14 (0.5) 9 (1.9) 12 (2.5) 8 (0.9) 23 (3.3) 11 (2.8) 17 (3.3) 12 (3.0) 11 (1.8) 24 (4.3) 14 (3.1) 19 (4.2)	128 (4.5)! 150 (3.7)! 153 (4.3)! 135 (7.2)! 140 (5.9)! 148 (3.8) 163 (3.0) 140 (2.7) 107 (3.0) 147 (5.0)! 143 (4.8)! () 154 (2.2) 165 (2.9)! 146 (2.7)! 134 (5.7)! 165 (3.5) 152 (3.9) 159 (3.9)! 160 (4.0)!
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE	1 () 0 () 1 () 7 (3.0) 5 (1.3) 3 (0.8) 4 (2.1) 4 (1.4) 3 (0.7) 2 (1.3) 6 (0.5) 2 (1.0) 22 (4.1)	() () () 154 (4.0)! 163 (4.6)! () 135 (6.0)! () () 157 (2.9) () 146 (2.9)	47 (4.0) 20 (3.5) 39 (4.2) 40 (4.6) 33 (3.2) 33 (2.5) 35 (4.8) 43 (3.9) 36 (2.6) 39 (4.5) 47 (0.9) 30 (4.3) 18 (3.2)	159 (2.0) 134 (3.9) 155 (1.8) 161 (2.2) 161 (1.6) 147 (1.6) 147 (4.1) 148 (1.7) 160 (1.7) 154 (2.4) 151 (1.3) 139 (2.1) 147 (3.5)	17 (3.3) 9 (2.8) 12 (2.9) 14 (1.7) 16 (2.4) 10 (1.3) 19 (3.5) 19 (3.5) 19 (3.2) 16 (1.9) 11 (2.7) 19 (0.7) 12 (2.3) 9 (2.4)	163 (2.8) 124 (3.4)! 149 (3.2)! 167 (1.8) 153 (2.3) 147 (2.6) 146 (5.2) 145 (5.2) 145 (2.3) 166 (1.3) 157 (3.8)! 144 (2.1) 137 (4.4) 148 (7.6)!
TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	7 (2.3) 4 (0.9) 7 (1.8) 2 (1.3) 7 (2.8) 7 (1.7) 0 (···) 15 (0.5)*	146 (7.3)! 159 (4.2)! 162 (3.9)! () 155 (10.1)! 143 (7.4)! () 154 (2.4)	27 (3.5) 30 (1.9) 35 (2.3) 42 (4.0) 28 (4.1) 35 (3.7) 40 (4.9) 25 (1.1)*	150 (2.6) 155 (1.6) 155 (1.6) 155 (1.8) 149 (2.2) 147 (1.7) 159 (2.6) 159 (1.4)	10 (2.1) 12 (2.2) 8 (3.0) 18 (3.0) 15 (3.6) 9 (2.0) 15 (3.6) 11 (0.5)*	146 (7.3): 155 (4.6)! 161 (2.6) 150 (6.7)! 153 (4.3) 150 (4.6)! 148 (3.2)! 158 (5.5)!
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	24 (1.6) 13 (0.5) 0 (···)	148 (2.2) 160 (2.3) ()	37 (1.2) 8 (0.7) 37 (1.4)	153 (2.2) 155 (2.7) 114 (2.4)	3 (0.7) 13 (0.4) 0 (···)	() 154 (1.8) ()

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

. .

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic. Interpret with caution — more than 15 percent of the respondents did not answer this question.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score The Use of Computers for Instruction in Science



How do you use computers for instruction in science?	Drill and	Practice		ying rning Games	Simulations o	and Modeling
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	8 (4.4) 22 (···) 6 (2.2) 3 (···) 6 (3.0)	155 (6.8)! () 134 (7.4)! ()	20 (3.8) 23 (12.1) 11 (4.8) 22 (8.9) 23 (5.9)	150 (3.9) () 132 (4.6)! 154 (4.6)! 150 (3.4)!	26 (5.5) 31 (19.2) 13 (5.4) 20 (7.6) 37 (8.5)	153 (2.4)! () 137 (2.9)! 161 (2.0)! 152 (2.2)!
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA	14 (3.3) 5 (2.1) 5 (1.7) 10 (3.4) 6 (1.8) 6 (1.9) 6 (1.7) 5 (0.4) 31 (1.2) 7 (1.6) 8 (1.8) 3 (0.4) 11 (2.9) 11 (3.3) 6 (1.4) 12 (3.0) 4 (1.1) 13 (3.6) 4 (1.5) 7 (2.4) 7 (3.0) 6 (2.3) 5 (1.9) 11 (2.7) 5 (1.6) 4 (0.2) 11 (2.4) 7 (1.9) 8 (1.4) 4 (1.0) 13 (0.6) 10 (2.6) 10 (2.6) 11 (2.6) 10 (2.7) 4 (0.6) 1 (0.9) 13 (2.7) 3 (1.4) 12 (2.4)	138 (4.7)! () 133 (12.3)! 140 (8.0)! 144 (8.9)! 153 (7.2)! 163 (2.1)! 150 (3.6) 113 (1.1) 148 (5.2)! 140 (3.4)! () 154 (4.1)! 159 (3.2)! 140 (5.5)! 137 (4.2)! 166 (2.0)! 147 (5.6)! 149 (4.9)! 155 (6.4)! 167 (8.1)! 127 (6.2)! 152 (8.2)! 165 (2.7)! 157 (3.6)! 149 (5.1)! 140 (3.0)! 157 (4.5) 155 (3.5)! 149 (2.4) 142 (3.8)! 142 (3.8)! 142 (4.3) 149 (5.5)! 153 (4.0) () 142 (6.3)! 156 (3.5)! 148 (6.3)! 156 (3.5)!	23 (3.9) 17 (1.8) 18 (3.4) 11 (2.8) 19 (3.2) 20 (3.5) 13 (2.4) 22 (0.8) 34 (0.9) 29 (3.4) 21 (2.6) 24 (0.8) 18 (2.8) 26 (5.1) 17 (2.6) 16 (2.7) 12 (2.9) 27 (4.5) 7 (1.7) 10 (2.6) 16 (3.5) 8 (2.3) 18 (3.0) 14 (1.9) 21 (2.8) 20 (1.4) 12 (3.0) 27 (3.0) 20 (2.5) 19 (3.4) 18 (0.7) 22 (3.4) 29 (4.3) 20 (3.4) 9 (1.5) 13 (2.3) 19 (2.9) 19 (4.0) 16 (2.9)	133 (4.8) 153 (2.9) 138 (4.9)! 140 (6.9)! 142 (4.6) 154 (2.7) 153 (4.4) 144 (2.1) 108 (1.2) 147 (2.4) 146 (2.6) 154 (4.4) 158 (2.4)! 146 (2.4) 135 (5.1) 159 (2.5)! 150 (3.6) 152 (5.9)! 152 (4.2)! 141 (6.8)! 141 (6.8)! 144 (2.2) 163 (4.5)! 141 (6.8)! 144 (2.4) 145 (3.0) 158 (2.1) 144 (2.4) 145 (1.7) 159 (2.6) 154 (3.0) 146 (2.0) 139 (2.8) 145 (3.4) 148 (3.8) 160 (2.8) 157 (2.3) 148 (4.0) 154 (3.2) 145 (3.2)	19 (3.8) 23 (2.1) 24 (3.3) 8 (2.5) 32 (3.8) 30 (3.6) 19 (3.0) 13 (0.6) 12 (0.8) 22 (2.7) 20 (2.8) 12 (0.7) 20 (3.3) 28 (5.0) 18 (3.1) 15 (2.9) 13 (2.6) 30 (4.6) 17 (2.8) 12 (2.8) 30 (4.5) 6 (2.2) 24 (3.7) 25 (3.8) 32 (2.7) 21 (2.0) 12 (3.1) 17 (2.8) 29 (2.7) 23 (4.1) 22 (1.0) 14 (3.0) 24 (3.9) 25 (3.3) 20 (2.1) 18 (2.6) 17 (2.4) 25 (4.0) 20 (2.7)	145 (6.6)! 154 (2.2) 143 (3.6) 137 (4.8)! 143 (3.9) 155 (2.0) 162 (2.3) 147 (2.8) 113 (2.1) 147 (3.2) 144 (4.2) 149 (1.7) 155 (3.9) 158 (2.3) 144 (3.0) 137 (5.4) 162 (3.0)! 153 (2.9) 160 (4.0) 157 (4.1)! 162 (2.9) 136 (5.2)! 152 (2.2) 164 (2.5) 160 (2.1) 148 (1.9) 148 (7.7)! 150 (2.6) 164 (1.3) 155 (2.9) 148 (1.5) 141 (4.8)! 149 (3.3) 154 (3.2) 158 (2.0) 157 (2.5) 154 (3.3) 155 (2.5) 159 (2.3)
WISCONSINT WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	4 (1.5) 14 (0.7)	164 (5.1)! 164 (1.7)	15 (3.3) 29 (1.0)	155 (3.9)! 160 (1.3)	22 (4.0) 44 (0.9)	162 (2.3) 162 (0.9)
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	10 (0.9) 3 (0.4) 12 (0.9)	() () 120 (2.6)	31 (1.1) 21 (0.7) 0 (···)	150 (2.4) 157 (1.6) ()	23 (1.7) 14 (0.3) 7 (1.1)	149 (2.4) 158 (1.6) ()

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



TABLE 4.16 (continued)

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

The Use of Computers for Instruction in Science



How do you use computers for instruction in science?		alysis and oplications	Word Pi	rocessing		Computers for nstruction
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	20 (3.5)	149 (1.6)	22 (3.5)	152 (2.2)	46 (4.2)	149 (2.1)
	14 (6.1)	()	21 (11.9)	()	35 (9.2)	145 (5.9)!
	20 (5.2)	144 (3.5)!	23 (4.7)	146 (3.0)!	63 (5.4)	142 (3.1)
	29 (10.3)	159 (2.2)!	27 (8.5)	166 (4.1)!	50 (11.1)	156 (4.1)!
	18 (6.1)	147 (2.3)!	18 (4.4)	143 (6.1)!	38 (6.3)	153 (4.6)
States	10 (0.1)	147 (2.3)!	10 (4.4)	145 (0.1):	30 (0.3)	133 (4.0)
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	7 (1.8) 25 (1.5) 25 (4.2) 10 (3.8) 30 (3.6) 26 (3.7) 31 (3.3) 13 (0.7)	132 (9.1)! 155 (1.8) 143 (4.0)! 143 (8.4)! 146 (3.2) 157 (3.0) 166 (2.0) 152 (2.6)	16 (2.6) 46 (1.9) 29 (4.1) 12 (2.8) 36 (3.5) 38 (3.6) 29 (3.1) 13 (0.6)	141 (3.5) 156 (1.5) 142 (3.6) 149 (3.7)! 143 (3.2) 157 (1.9) 161 (2.3) 150 (3.1)	54 (3.9) 36 (2.2) 46 (4.6) 66 (4.3) 39 (3.9) 32 (3.7) 45 (3.7) 68 (0.9)	139 (2.2) 143 (3.5) 148 (2.1) 146 (2.0) 135 (2.2) 152 (2.0) 150 (2.9) 140 (1.0) 109 (2.3)
FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY	41 (1.0) 25 (3.8) 18 (2.4) 22 (0.8) 23 (3.8) 22 (4.0) 33 (3.6)	113 (1.3) 148 (3.5) 149 (2.6) 139 (2.2) 157 (2.8) 159 (2.2) 150 (1.7)	32 (1.5) 32 (3.4) 28 (3.3) 41 (1.1) 30 (4.5) 36 (4.5) 47 (4.6)	111 (1.6) 148 (2.6) 146 (2.6) 137 (1.5) 156 (2.9) 160 (1.8) 147 (2.0)	23 (1.4) 41 (4.1) 44 (3.9) 45 (1.1) 48 (5.1) 37 (5.0) 30 (4.2)	137 (2.7) 140 (2.1) 135 (2.3) 152 (2.0) 156 (1.7) 151 (2.9)
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	11 (2.0)	144 (4.7)	11 (2.3)	139 (5.1)	67 (3.4)	133 (2.1)
	31 (3.6)	165 (1.7)	52 (3.7)	165 (1.4)	32 (3.5)	162 (1.8)
	36 (4.2)	154 (3.0)	29 (4.6)	151 (2.6)	36 (4.1)	141 (3.0)
	27 (4.1)	161 (3.4)	30 (4.2)	158 (3.1)	49 (4.0)	154 (1.8)
	13 (3.3)	164 (3.3)!	27 (4.7)	162 (2.3)	53 (5.0)	154 (2.0)
MINNESOTA	19 (2.9)	162 (1.8)	28 (3.3)	160 (1.4)	39 (4.2)	156 (2.3)
MISSISSIPPI	11 (2.5)	132 (3.6)!	9 (2.8)	139 (6.7)!	73 (4.1)	135 (1.6)
MISSOURI	20 (3.7)	152 (3.3)	25 (4.0)	151 (3.0)	47 (3.9)	151 (1.6)
MONTANA†	31 (4.2)	162 (1.9)	39 (4.0)	164 (1.7)	37 (4.1)	161 (2.4)
NEBRASKA	26 (3.4)	159 (1.3)	42 (3.5)	160 (1.4)	30 (2.6)	154 (1.2)
NEW MEXICO	16 (1.8)	147 (2.9)	21 (2.7)	148 (2.3)	48 (2.4)	141 (1.4)
NEW YORK†	20 (4.3)	153 (3.3)!	23 (3.6)	148 (3.4)	51 (4.0)	148 (2.9)
NORTH CAROLINA	33 (3.7)	151 (1.6)	34 (3.6)	149 (1.7)	33 (3.7)	145 (2.3)
NORTH DAKOTA	20 (2.0)	161 (2.1)	37 (2.9)	160 (1.7)	31 (2.8)	162 (1.7)
OREGON	26 (4.3)	159 (2.5)	45 (4.7)	158 (1.8)	36 (4.6)	154 (2.9)
RHODE ISLAND	24 (0.8)	154 (1.5)	22 (0.9)	151 (1.4)	44 (1.0)	149 (1.3)
SOUTH CAROLINA†	8 (1.7)	144 (3.0)!	21 (3.4)	145 (2.4)	54 (3.9)	138 (2.1)
TENNESSEE	19 (3.3)	143 (3.8)	23 (4.1)	145 (3.2)	44 (4.8)	142 (2.4)
TEXAS	21 (3.5)	148 (3.2)	31 (3.8)	146 (2.7)	43 (4.2)	146 (1.8)
UTAH	13 (2.0)	159 (3.0)	21 (2.1)	158 (1.8)	58 (2.0)	155 (1.2)
VERMONT†	39 (3.1)	160 (1.5)	47 (3.1)	158 (1.3)	35 (2.9)	156 (2.0)
VIRGINIA	24 (2.8)	160 (2.9)	29 (3.2)	152 (2.8)	43 (3.8)	148 (2.1)
WASHINGTON	25 (3.9)	151 (3.3)	42 (4.1)	153 (2.4)	38 (3.6)	148 (2.2)
WEST VIRGINIA	14 (2.6)	153 (2.3)	18 (2.6)	149 (2.0)	55 (3.4)	145 (1.4)
WISCONSIN†	20 (3.8)	162 (3.1)	29 (4.5)	162 (2.5)	41 (4.5)	161 (3.3)
WYOMING	42 (0.9)	161 (1.0)	44 (0.8)	159 (1.0)	20 (0.7)	157 (1.5)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	38 (1.3)	145 (2.0)	23 (1.6)	154 (2.7)	23 (1.4)	153 (2.3)
	30 (1.0)	158 (1.3)	46 (0.9)	157 (0.9)	38 (0.8)	152 (1.4)
	21 (1.1)	118 (2.7)	34 (0.9)	112 (2.1)	58 (1.3)	124 (1.8)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



^{...} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

The Frequency of Computer Use



How often do your students use a computer for science?	Never or I	Hardly Ever	Once or Tw	rice a Month	h Once or Twice a Week		Almost E	very Day
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	62 (4.3) 37 (9.0) 74 (6.5) 77 (7.4) 59 (8.6)	150 (1.8) 144 (5.8)! 144 (2.6) 155 (3.6) 152 (3.9)!	31 (4.0) 59 (10.3) 20 (5.4) 13 (4.8) 33 (8.0)	151 (2.2) 157 (5.2)! 136 (3.8)! 167 (6.5)! 145 (1.9)!	7 (2.4) 4 (···) 6 (3.1) 10 (···) 7 (4.1)	156 (4.0)! () 142 (3.9)! () 158 (7.4)!	0 (0.3) 0 () 0 () 0 () 1 (0.8)	() () () ()
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSISSIPPI MISSISSIPPI MISSISSIPPI MISSISSIPPI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	66 (4.3) 65 (2.0) 67 (4.3) 76 (4.1) 57 (3.6) 55 (4.2) 68 (3.4) 68 (0.9) 36 (1.1) 58 (3.8) 62 (4.1) 60 (1.1) 57 (4.3) 51 (4.4) 74 (3.2) 55 (4.1) 56 (3.6) 61 (4.1) 74 (4.2) 65 (4.1) 77 (3.6) 66 (4.1) 61 (4.8) 54 (3.7) 70 (1.8) 67 (4.5) 51 (4.6) 63 (3.3) 56 (4.7) 50 (0.9) 68 (4.0) 77 (2.2) 50 (2.8) 63 (3.7) 59 (4.2) 79 (2.5) 69 (4.2)	138 (2.0) 149 (2.0) 146 (1.8) 144 (1.8) 137 (1.8) 155 (1.5) 153 (2.2) 140 (1.1) 108 (1.9) 139 (2.3) 140 (1.9) 135 (1.7) 158 (1.7) 150 (1.9) 132 (2.0) 163 (1.3) 144 (2.0) 157 (1.8) 154 (1.4) 158 (2.0) 136 (1.7) 154 (1.1) 162 (1.5) 158 (1.4) 142 (1.3) 150 (2.3) 145 (1.8) 162 (1.1) 153 (2.2) 148 (1.2) 137 (2.0) 143 (2.3) 147 (1.7) 148 (1.0) 151 (2.1) 152 (1.7) 149 (1.7) 148 (1.0) 161 (2.1)	26 (3.8) 24 (2.2) 21 (3.6) 19 (3.0) 31 (3.5) 38 (3.8) 24 (3.3) 26 (0.7) 20 (0.7) 26 (3.5) 30 (3.6) 26 (1.1) 30 (4.9) 28 (4.2) 35 (4.2) 15 (2.7) 37 (4.0) 22 (3.8) 31 (4.0) 17 (3.1) 28 (3.6) 32 (4.8) 39 (3.5) 25 (1.6) 27 (4.6) 42 (4.6) 42 (4.6) 34 (3.1) 32 (3.9) 37 (0.8) 27 (3.5) 21 (3.0) 23 (3.3) 20 (2.1) 36 (2.8) 28 (3.4) 28 (3.8) 16 (2.5) 25 (3.9)	137 (5.2) 154 (2.6) 149 (4.0) 148 (3.5) 141 (3.6) 156 (2.1) 160 (2.8) 145 (2.2) 97 (1.6) 146 (3.0) 144 (2.9) 134 (2.2) 157 (2.8) 161 (1.9) 146 (1.9) 133 (3.8) 163 (1.5) 149 (3.4) 160 (3.2) 164 (2.9) 162 (2.1) 158 (1.7) 148 (2.1) 149 (1.5) 163 (1.2) 164 (2.9) 162 (2.1) 158 (1.7) 148 (2.1) 149 (1.5) 163 (1.2) 161 (2.0) 147 (3.1) 159 (2.1) 155 (2.0) 156 (2.8) 152 (2.8) 148 (3.0) 159 (3.9)	6 (2.1) 9 (1.7) 8 (2.6) 5 (2.1) 10 (2.5) 6 (1.5) 7 (2.0) 3 (0.5) 31 (0.9) 11 (1.9) 5 (1.4) 13 (0.5) 7 (2.9) 12 (2.8) 12 (2.9) 8 (2.1) 6 (2.2) 6 (2.1) 8 (2.3) 4 (1.7) 3 (1.1) 4 (1.9) 6 (2.2) 7 (1.6) 6 (1.8) 6 (1.1) 6 (1.7) 6 (1.9) 13 (0.8) 9 (2.3) 13 (0.7) 5 (1.9) 16 (3.5) 8 (2.0) 2 (1.0) 11 (2.0) 5 (1.4) 9 (2.1) 2 (1.1) 6 (2.0) 7 (2.1) 2 (1.1)	144 (8.0)! 153 (3.0) 132 (10.1)! 126 (8.9)! 145 (6.8)! 153 (4.9)! 168 (2.6)! 170 (1.4) 170 (2 (1.2) 2 (0.2) 4 (2.6) 0 () 2 (1.4) 0 (0.2) 1 () 3 (0.3) 13 (0.6) 5 (1.9) 3 (0.8) 2 (0.2) 2 () 3 (1.2) 2 (0.5) 2 () 3 (1.6) 0 () 0 () 1 (0.1) 0 () 1 (0.1) 0 () 1 (0.5) 0 () 1 (0.0) 0 () 1 (0.0) 0 () 1 (0.0) 0 () 2 (1.8) 4 (1.5) 0 (0.1) 3 (1.2) 4 (2.3) 3 (1.9) 2 (1.1) 0 ()	() () () () () () () () 113 (2.2) 150 (4.4)! 154 (4.6)! ()
WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	48 (1.3) 59 (0.9) 80 (1.1)	157 (0.9) 154 (2.1) 154 (1.0) 119 (1.5)	34 (0.9) 17 (1.5) 31 (0.9) 7 (1.1)	161 (1.0) 144 (2.7) 155 (1.1) ()	7 (0.6) 14 (0.8) 9 (0.7) 0 (···)	165 (2.2) 150 (3.2) 166 (2.3) ()	12 (0.3) 21 (0.9) 1 (0.2) 12 (0.9)	153 (3.1) () 120 (2.6)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: STUDENTS' REPORTS ON:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

The Frequency of Computer Use



How often do you use a computer for science?	Never or	Hardly Ever	Once or Tv	vice a Month	Once or Tv	vice a Week	Almost I	Every Day
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	67 (1.8)	150 (1.1)	18 (1.1)	154 (1.9)	10 (1.0)	145 (2.9)	5 (0.5)	135 (3.6)
	68 (4.4)	150 (2.7)	16 (3.8)	156 (7.4)!	10 (2.7)	148 (10.6)!	7 (2.0)	()
	66 (3.2)	142 (2.2)	19 (1.9)	147 (3.1)	11 (1.4)	138 (4.5)	5 (0.7)	127 (4.0)
	69 (3.6)	155 (2.9)	17 (2.1)	165 (4.4)	10 (2.0)	155 (5.3)!	5 (0.9)	()
	68 (2.9)	151 (2.4)	19 (1.4)	152 (1.9)	10 (1.6)	142 (4.7)	3 (0.6)	122 (6.1)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	72 (2.1)	141 (1.7)	14 (1.3)	141 (3.1)	8 (0.7)	134 (3.4)	6 (0.7)	126 (5.9)
	64 (1.4)	153 (1.7)	20 (1.4)	158 (2.3)	11 (0.9)	150 (3.6)	5 (0.7)	152 (4.3)
	66 (2.4)	149 (1.4)	19 (1.3)	147 (2.5)	9 (1.1)	135 (4.3)	5 (1.3)	128 (5.2)!
	74 (2.5)	146 (1.6)	13 (1.7)	149 (3.6)	9 (1.1)	139 (4.7)	4 (0.7)	136 (5.6)
	64 (2.3)	139 (1.6)	21 (1.6)	143 (3.6)	11 (0.9)	139 (3.6)	4 (0.6)	137 (4.0)
	66 (1.9)	156 (1.2)	21 (1.3)	156 (1.4)	10 (0.8)	152 (2.7)	3 (0.3)	147 (4.3)
	68 (1.8)	157 (1.3)	17 (1.0)	158 (2.6)	9 (0.9)	151 (3.3)	5 (0.9)	147 (4.1)
	70 (1.0)	143 (1.0)	13 (0.8)	145 (2.8)	12 (0.7)	141 (2.4)	5 (0.5)	131 (4.5)
	54 (1.3)	115 (1.1)	20 (1.1)	123 (2.3)	16 (0.9)	113 (2.8)	10 (0.9)	107 (3.0)
FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA	68 (1.9) 67 (1.8) 70 (0.8) 69 (2.3) 67 (2.3) 59 (2.0) 73 (1.8)	145 (1.5) 145 (1.6) 138 (0.8) 153 (1.4) 158 (1.2) 150 (1.3) 135 (1.5)	16 (1.2) 17 (1.4) 16 (0.8) 19 (1.6) 20 (1.5) 23 (1.3) 12 (0.9)	145 (3.3) 144 (2.6) 131 (2.3) 157 (2.9) 165 (2.0) 149 (2.0)	10 (0.9) 11 (0.8) 9 (0.5) 9 (0.7) 8 (1.2) 12 (1.0) 9 (1.0)	128 (3.1) 135 (2.9) 130 (3.0) 154 (3.2) 157 (3.0) 144 (2.6) 130 (3.9)	6 (0.7) 6 (0.6) 5 (0.7) 4 (1.2) 5 (1.4) 6 (0.7) 6 (0.8)	141 (5.3) 122 (3.5) 128 (4.6) 146 (4.7)! 148 (3.8)! 139 (3.7) 123 (4.2)
MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI	61 (2.1)	162 (1.3)	24 (1.5)	167 (1.4)	11 (1.2)	162 (2.6)	4 (0.6)	160 (4.1)
	68 (2.5)	148 (1.4)	20 (1.8)	150 (3.0)	9 (0.8)	135 (3.2)	4 (0.5)	132 (5.6)
	70 (2.3)	157 (1.5)	17 (1.5)	162 (2.5)	9 (1.0)	158 (3.9)	4 (0.6)	147 (3.7)
	73 (1.9)	154 (1.3)	15 (1.1)	159 (2.8)	8 (0.8)	152 (3.0)	4 (0.9)	144 (3.9)!
	65 (2.2)	160 (1.4)	22 (1.5)	163 (1.7)	10 (1.0)	153 (2.5)	3 (0.5)	147 (6.2)
MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO	80 (1.3) 69 (1.9) 63 (2.0) 64 (1.6) 69 (1.4)	136 (1.4) 152 (1.3) 162 (1.5) 158 (1.2) 143 (1.1)	9 (0.9) 17 (1.2) 25 (1.3) 22 (1.3) 17 (0.9)	130 (3.1) 156 (1.9) 165 (1.8) 161 (1.7) 142 (2.1)	7 (0.6) 9 (1.1) 9 (1.1) 10 (0.7) 10 (0.7)	122 (3.8) 147 (3.3) 159 (2.9) 153 (2.5) 138 (2.7)	4 (0.4) 5 (0.4) 3 (0.4) 4 (0.5) 4 (0.5)	114 (4.0) 146 (4.2) 156 (4.1) 151 (5.0) 130 (4.3)
NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	69 (2.1)	148 (1.8)	18 (1.6)	151 (2.9)	8 (0.8)	142 (4.6)	5 (0.7)	143 (5.4)
	62 (2.0)	148 (1.4)	22 (1.3)	152 (1.6)	11 (1.1)	140 (2.0)	5 (0.5)	134 (3.4)
	66 (1.4)	163 (1.0)	21 (1.1)	163 (1.3)	11 (0.9)	158 (2.5)	3 (0.4)	152 (5.6)
	68 (1.7)	155 (1.6)	19 (1.1)	160 (2.2)	10 (1.1)	151 (3.0)	3 (0.6)	145 (7.6)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	64 (1.0)	150 (1.0)	21 (1.0)	153 (1.6)	11 (0.7)	143 (2.9)	4 (0.4)	138 (3.9)
	73 (1.3)	141 (1.5)	13 (0.8)	144 (2.8)	9 (0.8)	130 (3.0)	5 (0.5)	125 (3.8)
	63 (2.3)	144 (1.8)	17 (1.1)	148 (2.6)	11 (1.1)	145 (2.8)	8 (0.9)	134 (4.3)
	71 (2.2)	147 (1.6)	14 (1.1)	154 (2.6)	9 (0.8)	141 (2.7)	7 (1.3)	140 (5.1)
	74 (1.2)	156 (0.8)	16 (0.8)	158 (1.7)	8 (0.7)	156 (2.4)	3 (0.3)	157 (3.2)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	56 (2.1)	158 (1.1)	25 (1.3)	160 (1.8)	12 (1.1)	157 (2.7)	8 (1.1)	154 (3.4)
	70 (2.0)	150 (1.3)	18 (1.4)	157 (3.1)	8 (0.9)	145 (3.5)	4 (0.5)	132 (4.2)
	67 (2.1)	151 (1.1)	18 (1.2)	155 (2.5)	10 (1.0)	150 (3.0)	4 (1.0)	138 (4.7)!
	74 (1.6)	149 (0.9)	14 (1.1)	149 (2.0)	7 (0.7)	141 (2.4)	5 (0.6)	141 (4.3)
	67 (2.1)	161 (1.6)	21 (1.3)	162 (2.3)	9 (1.1)	159 (2.3)	3 (0.5)	142 (5.5)
WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	57 (1.1)	156 (0.7)	25 (0.9)	161 (1.4)	11 (0.7)	156 (2.0)	7 (0.4)	158 (2.3)
DDESS	57 (2.1)	153 (1.5)	21 (1.5)	155 (2.7)	13 (1.4)	148 (4.1)	8 (1.0)	()
DoDDS	68 (1.0)	154 (1.0)	17 (0.8)	160 (1.7)	10 (0.7)	160 (2.0)	5 (0.5)	151 (3.8)
GUAM	61 (1.6)	125 (1.6)	12 (1.3)	114 (3.4)	19 (1.1)	120 (2.7)	9 (1.1)	104 (4.1)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).



^{...} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

Chapter 5

Hands-On Science Tasks

Overview

NAEP collected information related to the use of hands-on science tasks in science instruction from both teachers and students. Average science scale scores and percentages are given for several teacher-reported results such as emphasis on developing laboratory skills and techniques as well as emphasis on developing data analysis skills.

For several of the tables, student- and teacher-reported results are presented for similar questions. Results of this kind are presented for frequency of science demonstrations in the classroom, frequency of hands-on activities or investigations, and whether or not long-term projects are a part of the curriculum. Some discrepancies may exist between student-and teacher-reported percentages. No attempt is made to offer conclusive reasons for these discrepancies.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score **Emphasis on Developing Laboratory Skills and Techniques**



TEACHERS REPORTS	T. Emphasis						
In your plans for science instruction during the year, about how much emphasis will you give to developing laboratory skills and techniques as an objective for your students?	Little or No Emphasis		Moderate	Emphasis	Heavy Emphasis		
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	13 (2.5) 15 (3.6) 12 (4.1) 23 (8.6) 7 (2.1)	135 (3.6)! 139 (8.4)! 124 (5.3)! 139 (4.0)! 135 (5.3)!	44 (4.7) 46 (14.0) 48 (7.6) 43 (10.2) 41 (9.5)	152 (2.0) 153 (9.1)! 145 (2.7) 165 (6.1)! 149 (2.9)!	42 (4.5) 39 (12.7) 40 (6.5) 34 (9.2) 52 (9.0)	153 (2.1) () 144 (1.9)! 161 (2.6)! 152 (4.9)!	
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA	29 (3.7) 13 (2.4) 17 (2.5) 26 (4.0) 7 (1.7)	138 (3.0) 129 (6.5) 135 (4.5) 138 (3.4) 128 (5.5)!	52 (3.8) 33 (3.0) 42 (3.7) 56 (5.3) 48 (3.5)	136 (2.1) 152 (3.1) 146 (2.5) 145 (2.0) 136 (2.1)	19 (3.3) 54 (2.1) 41 (4.5) 17 (3.5) 44 (3.5) 52 (4.2)	145 (5.2) 155 (1.6) 148 (2.2) 153 (3.0) 145 (2.6) 156 (1.3)	
COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	6 (1.6) 10 (2.5) 17 (0.8) 5 (0.4) 14 (2.4) 21 (2.9)	146 (4.1)! 138 (6.5)! 137 (3.0) () 140 (2.7) 135 (2.3)	43 (4.0) 36 (3.5) 46 (0.9) 52 (1.3) 45 (3.4) 54 (3.5)	155 (2.2) 155 (3.5) 141 (1.6) 111 (1.2) 138 (2.6) 143 (2.3)	54 (3.2) 54 (3.2) 37 (0.6) 42 (1.3) 41 (3.4) 26 (2.9)	160 (1.5) 144 (1.4) 112 (1.5) 146 (2.1)	
GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY	15 (0.7) 11 (2.5) 11 (2.6) 11 (3.1)	135 (2.3) 127 (3.9) 150 (3.6)! 154 (2.1)! 148 (4.2)! 129 (3.7)	55 (1.2) 52 (4.7) 55 (4.9) 48 (4.5) 53 (4.6)	136 (1.7) 154 (1.8) 160 (1.7) 148 (1.7) 135 (2.7)	30 (1.1) 37 (4.6) 35 (4.6) 41 (4.0) 18 (3.4)	141 (1.6) 154 (2.3) 158 (2.1) 149 (2.7) 138 (4.1)	
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	28 (4.4) 6 (2.0) 3 (1.2) 10 (2.4) 8 (2.4)	162 (3.4)! 134 (12.0)! 144 (5.8)! 153 (3.1)!	45 (3.8) 44 (4.5) 39 (4.4) 42 (5.1)	161 (1.5) 142 (2.4) 154 (3.0) 154 (2.5) 159 (1.8)	49 (4.1) 53 (4.4) 51 (4.5) 50 (5.5) 43 (4.6)	165 (1.3) 150 (2.5) 161 (1.6) 158 (2.1) 158 (2.4)	
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	12 (3.2) 21 (3.0) 22 (4.0) 6 (2.5) 11 (2.1)	162 (3.5)! 129 (2.9) 151 (2.4) 162 (3.0)! 160 (3.1)	44 (4.3) 55 (3.8) 44 (3.7) 47 (4.4) 45 (3.4)	136 (2.1) 150 (1.8) 162 (1.5) 160 (1.6)	24 (3.4) 34 (4.1) 48 (4.8) 44 (3.5)	135 (2.9) 157 (2.0) 163 (1.9) 156 (1.2) 147 (1.4)	
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	16 (1.6) 10 (2.6) 13 (2.6) 18 (3.2) 13 (3.2)	136 (2.6) 133 (7.8)! 144 (3.0)! 161 (2.1) 148 (4.3)!	47 (2.3) 42 (4.3) 44 (3.9) 55 (3.0) 50 (4.1)	144 (1.2) 147 (2.9) 145 (1.4) 163 (1.1) 157 (2.1)	36 (2.2) 47 (4.5) 43 (4.1) 27 (2.1) 37 (4.0)	153 (2.5) 149 (1.9) 162 (1.5) 157 (2.2)	
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	8 (0.6) 14 (2.6) 30 (4.6) 8 (2.3) 25 (2.5)	137 (3.3) 133 (3.6) 141 (3.1) 155 (5.3)! 153 (1.7)	47 (1.0) 55 (3.6) 49 (4.9) 47 (4.0) 50 (2.2)	149 (1.2) 138 (1.9) 146 (2.7) 146 (1.8) 156 (1.2)	45 (1.0) 31 (4.1) 21 (3.5) 44 (3.8) 25 (2.5)	153 (1.1) 143 (2.5) 148 (2.7) 145 (2.2) 160 (1.6) 158 (1.5)	
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	6 (1.4) 4 (1.6) 10 (2.8) 5 (2.0) 8 (2.7)	154 (3.1)! 131 (6.8)! 147 (4.9)! 146 (4.4)! 155 (7.8)!	35 (3.0) 31 (3.4) 46 (4.3) 41 (4.1) 45 (5.4)	157 (1.6) 147 (2.0) 150 (1.8) 146 (1.4) 160 (2.6) 159 (0.9)	60 (3.2) 65 (3.5) 44 (4.7) 54 (4.4) 47 (5.3)	158 (1.5) 152 (2.4) 151 (2.4) 149 (1.4) 163 (2.3) 159 (0.8)	
WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	3 (0.3) 18 (1.1) 3 (0.6) 21 (0.6)	157 (6.5) 148 (4.1) () 107 (2.9)	56 (1.0) 46 (1.8) 53 (0.9) 52 (0.8)	152 (1.7) 154 (1.0) 122 (1.9)	37 (1.7) 44 (0.8) 27 (0.8)	154 (1.9) 156 (1.2) 123 (2.2)	

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic. SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: Emphasis on Developing Data Analysis Skills



In your plans for science instruction during the year, about how much emphasis will you give to developing data analysis skills as an objective for your students?	Little or No Emphasis		Moderate Emphasis		Heavy Emphasis		
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	11 (2.7) 10 (4.6) 18 (3.7) 15 (9.9) 4 (1.9)	139 (5.5)! 139 (5.1)! 133 (5.0)! 150 (13.5)! 136 (4.1)!	65 (5.3) 64 (22.6) 51 (5.0) 64 (9.5) 75 (4.4)	151 (1.6) 153 (5.1)! 144 (2.7) 156 (3.7)! 150 (2.3)	24 (4.3) 26 (···) 30 (4.0) 21 (5.8) 20 (4.0)	153 (3.0) () 145 (3.1) 167 (3.4)! 150 (5.2)!	
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE	16 (3.0) 17 (1.6) 15 (3.0) 19 (3.6) 11 (2.1) 13 (2.3) 8 (2.0) 21 (0.8) 4 (0.6) 12 (2.3) 15 (2.5) 14 (0.7) 19 (3.5) 12 (2.8) 13 (3.1) 22 (3.9) 12 (2.2)	140 (3.2) 145 (3.8) 142 (5.7)! 136 (4.2) 133 (4.8) 152 (2.8) 135 (6.6)! 136 (2.3) () 142 (3.6) 141 (3.9) 131 (4.9) 146 (3.8) 156 (3.0)! 144 (3.4)! 132 (3.9) 164 (2.1)	58 (4.6) 57 (2.3) 50 (4.1) 65 (5.4) 66 (3.6) 53 (3.7) 51 (4.5) 55 (1.1) 50 (1.6) 62 (3.3) 63 (3.1) 60 (1.2) 54 (4.1) 65 (4.3) 52 (4.5) 58 (3.9) 56 (4.2)	138 (2.0) 149 (2.1) 148 (2.4) 146 (1.9) 139 (2.3) 153 (1.9) 157 (2.0) 142 (1.2) 108 (1.4) 141 (1.7) 141 (1.7) 136 (1.6) 155 (1.9) 158 (1.6) 147 (1.9) 135 (2.3) 164 (1.2)	26 (3.7) 26 (1.4) 35 (4.6) 16 (3.9) 23 (3.2) 34 (3.4) 41 (4.0) 24 (0.8) 46 (1.5) 26 (3.0) 22 (2.5) 26 (1.0) 27 (3.9) 23 (3.5) 35 (4.0) 19 (2.6) 33 (4.2)	138 (4.4) 158 (2.2) 142 (2.8) 148 (5.0)! 144 (3.3) 158 (2.0) 160 (1.8) 144 (2.1) 114 (1.6) 143 (3.3) 147 (3.5) 137 (1.8) 157 (2.8) 162 (2.0) 152 (2.2) 132 (3.3) 161 (1.8)	
MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND	10 (2.5) 10 (2.3) 13 (3.4) 14 (3.7) 19 (3.0) 20 (3.4) 9 (2.0) 17 (2.5) 18 (1.3) 12 (2.9) 9 (2.0) 27 (3.3) 19 (3.4) 12 (0.7)	136 (4.8)! 147 (4.6)! 153 (3.3)! 161 (3.6)! 137 (2.7) 149 (2.3) 162 (3.5)! 161 (1.8) 138 (1.9) 147 (6.4)! 145 (3.7)! 160 (1.2) 156 (2.8) 144 (2.6)	54 (3.4) 58 (4.3) 52 (4.2) 66 (4.6) 60 (3.9) 55 (4.3) 65 (4.0) 57 (3.5) 54 (2.1) 56 (5.2) 54 (3.8) 59 (3.4) 57 (4.0) 58 (1.0)	147 (2.4) 157 (2.0) 159 (1.7) 159 (1.7) 134 (1.9) 152 (1.3) 162 (1.4) 157 (1.4) 143 (1.3) 146 (3.4) 146 (1.5) 162 (1.1) 155 (2.2) 149 (1.0)	36 (3.6) 32 (4.1) 35 (3.9) 20 (3.7) 22 (3.4) 25 (4.0) 26 (3.6) 26 (3.0) 28 (1.7) 32 (4.7) 37 (3.9) 14 (1.9) 24 (3.4) 31 (0.9)	148 (2.8) 160 (3.0) 153 (3.0) 158 (2.5) 132 (3.1) 158 (2.9) 164 (2.6) 159 (1.6) 149 (2.2) 153 (3.5) 149 (1.9) 166 (2.6) 158 (2.4) 154 (1.4)	
SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS	13 (2.8) 29 (4.3) 11 (2.1) 23 (2.2) 4 (0.9) 9 (2.2) 20 (3.3) 8 (2.3) 10 (2.8) 8 (0.3) 6 (0.6) 16 (0.8) 7 (1.0)	132 (5.4)! 139 (3.2) 151 (5.5) 153 (2.0) 150 (5.3)! 142 (3.4)! 146 (2.9) 144 (3.0)! 154 (6.1)! 157 (2.4) () 152 (1.7)	55 (4.3) 59 (4.5) 56 (3.7) 60 (2.6) 53 (2.9) 51 (3.4) 45 (5.0) 55 (3.5) 66 (4.7) 58 (0.8) 54 (1.7) 52 (1.2)	138 (1.8) 148 (1.9) 147 (1.7) 156 (1.0) 155 (1.3) 148 (1.9) 150 (2.3) 147 (1.4) 161 (2.0) 157 (0.9) 149 (1.7) 156 (1.1) 117 (1.5)	32 (4.2) 12 (2.8) 33 (3.7) 17 (2.1) 43 (2.9) 40 (3.6) 35 (5.1) 37 (3.4) 24 (4.3) 34 (0.8) 40 (1.6) 32 (1.1) 24 (0.9)	142 (2.6) 144 (5.5)! 145 (2.3) 160 (2.1) 161 (1.4) 153 (2.9) 154 (2.3) 148 (1.4) 163 (2.9) 161 (1.2) 155 (1.9) 156 (1.2) 121 (2.8)	

t State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOI IRCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.





Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.
 Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

The Frequency of Science Demonstrations



How often do you do a	Nover	lardly Ever	Once or Tw	rice a Month	Once or Tw	vice a Week	Almost F	every Day
science demonstration for your students?	Never of I	naraly Ever	Once or Twice a Month					
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	2 (0.8) 3 (···) 2 (1.0) 2 (···) 1 (0.7)	149 (11.6)! () () ()	39 (4.1) 16 (7.1) 41 (7.3) 55 (8.8) 40 (6.9)	150 (2.0) () 142 (3.8)! 154 (4.2)! 151 (1.6)!	49 (3.5) 73 (5.6) 43 (5.2) 41 (8.0) 44 (5.3)	152 (1.9) 155 (5.0) 142 (2.1) 161 (3.2) 151 (5.6)	10 (2.3) 8 (4.6) 15 (3.9) 1 (···) 15 (6.0)	144 (2.0)! () 148 (2.6)! () 144 (2.4)!
States ALABAMA ALASKAT ARIZONA ARKANSAST CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWAT KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLANDT MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGANT MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANAT NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORKT NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINAT TENNESSEE	7 (1.8) 5 (1.3) 5 (1.7) 7 (2.2) 4 (1.4) 5 (1.8) 6 (2.3) 9 (0.5) 5 (1.4) 2 (0.7) 4 (1.2) 1 (0.3) 4 (1.7) 7 (2.3) 4 (1.5) 7 (2.0) 5 (1.8) 6 (2.1) 5 (1.0) 2 (0.9) 6 (2.2) 5 (1.7) 3 (1.5) 7 (1.6) 8 (0.9) 3 (1.3) 2 (1.0) 5 (1.6) 2 (0.9) 6 (0.5) 5 (2.3) 10 (2.6)	144 (7.0)! () 140 (9.6)! 131 (6.1)! 140 (8.0)! 148 (4.6)! 153 (4.9)! 132 (3.9) () () 123 (7.7)! () 144 (15.8)! 162 (3.6)! 149 (7.6)! 155 (8.9)! 166 (4.4)! 155 (8.9)! 166 (7.0)! () 153 (5.8)! 126 (4.9)! 152 (6.3)! () 163 (2.1)! 133 (2.8) () 152 (5.0)! 165 (3.1)! () 161 (2.4) 142 (9.7)! 144 (4.7)!	33 (3.6) 37 (2.8) 25 (4.0) 37 (6.2) 31 (3.2) 30 (3.5) 31 (3.2) 38 (0.9) 39 (1.5) 33 (3.4) 28 (2.6) 39 (1.0) 32 (4.4) 30 (4.7) 40 (3.7) 40 (3.8) 34 (3.9) 27 (3.0) 35 (3.7) 29 (4.3) 32 (4.4) 28 (3.5) 36 (3.9) 27 (4.3) 32 (4.4) 38 (2.7) 27 (4.9) 37 (4.1) 51 (3.2) 34 (4.0) 32 (1.0) 34 (3.8) 41 (4.1)	138 (2.8) 147 (3.1) 150 (3.8) 141 (3.2) 136 (2.5) 153 (2.1) 148 (2.5) 143 (1.6) 110 (1.7) 139 (2.6) 140 (2.3) 135 (2.6) 150 (2.4) 160 (2.3) 147 (1.3) 134 (3.2) 162 (1.9) 145 (3.0) 158 (2.4) 155 (2.7) 160 (1.9) 134 (2.6) 155 (1.7) 161 (2.2) 159 (1.2) 143 (1.9) 147 (2.1) 150 (3.9) 147 (2.1) 160 (1.0) 153 (2.4) 142 (1.4) 138 (2.4) 141 (2.6)	57 (3.8) 45 (2.2) 60 (3.9) 52 (6.1) 54 (3.6) 58 (3.9) 52 (3.7) 45 (0.9) 51 (1.5) 55 (1.0) 58 (4.2) 54 (5.1) 48 (4.2) 43 (3.6) 54 (4.0) 55 (3.5) 47 (3.5) 58 (4.4) 58 (3.8) 55 (4.0) 60 (4.5) 59 (3.7) 47 (2.8) 55 (5.5) 51 (3.9) 36 (3.1) 58 (3.7) 54 (1.0) 53 (4.4) 45 (4.4)	139 (2.6) 154 (1.8) 142 (1.8) 148 (2.1) 139 (2.5) 156 (1.2) 159 (2.4) 142 (1.4) 112 (1.0) 142 (2.0) 137 (1.6) 156 (1.5) 158 (1.8) 150 (2.2) 133 (2.4) 163 (1.1) 145 (2.3) 155 (2.2) 157 (1.8) 159 (1.9) 135 (2.0) 152 (1.8) 157 (1.4) 146 (1.1) 146 (2.6) 147 (1.6) 164 (1.4) 157 (2.0) 152 (1.1) 138 (2.0) 158 (2.0) 159 (1.1) 140 (2.6) 141 (1.6) 142 (1.4) 143 (2.6) 144 (1.1) 145 (2.6) 147 (1.6) 148 (2.1) 148 (2.1)	3 (1.4) 13 (3.0) 10 (3.2) 4 (1.4) 11 (2.6) 7 (2.2) 11 (2.2) 8 (0.5) 6 (0.3) 9 (2.1) 10 (2.2) 5 (0.6) 6 (1.9) 9 (2.7) 8 (2.7) 10 (2.6) 8 (1.9) 12 (2.7) 13 (2.4) 11 (2.7) 7 (1.8) 9 (2.1) 4 (1.4) 10 (1.0) 9 (2.0) 7 (1.3) 14 (3.8) 10 (2.5) 8 (0.6) 5 (2.1) 8 (0.5) 7 (1.7) 5 (2.2)	118 (12.4)! 157 (4.2)! 151 (3.5)! 149 (4.2)! 150 (3.2)! 160 (4.2)! 166 (2.7)! 143 (3.8) () 146 (4.7)! 146 (3.8)! () 163 (3.4)! 158 (2.7)! 145 (6.8)! 133 (6.1)! 162 (3.1)! 145 (4.4)! 160 (3.8) 156 (6.1)! 161 (4.9)! 137 (3.0)! 151 (3.7)! 168 (2.7) 158 (3.7)! 168 (2.7) 158 (3.7)! 169 (3.8) 170 (6.1)! 181 (4.9)! 182 (4.6)! 183 (3.7)! 184 (4.7) 185 (4.6)! 184 (3.7)! 185 (4.6)! 185 (3.7)! 186 (3.7)! 186 (3.7)! 187 (3.8)! 188 (3.7)! 189 (4.6)! 189 (4.8)! 189 (4.8)! 180 (8.9)! 181 (3.8)!
TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	2 (0.7) 1 (0.4) 5 (1.6) 4 (1.3) 5 (2.1) 4 (1.5) 6 (2.0) 8 (0.5)	() () 160 (5.1)! 148 (5.9)! 161 (7.3)! 146 (4.6)! 149 (6.1)!	33 (4.0) 17 (1.8) 29 (2.7) 26 (2.9) 30 (4.1) 31 (3.5) 37 (4.8) 24 (1.0)	148 (2.1) 152 (2.3) 159 (1.8) 151 (2.9) 151 (2.4) 150 (1.6) 161 (2.8) 157 (1.2)	58 (3.8) 58 (2.0) 60 (3.3) 58 (3.3) 56 (4.6) 56 (3.9) 51 (4.6) 58 (1.0)	147 (1.9) 157 (1.1) 157 (1.4) 148 (2.2) 148 (2.2) 146 (1.4) 161 (2.3) 160 (0.8)	8 (1.4) 24 (1.8) 6 (1.3) 13 (2.3) 9 (2.4) 10 (2.1) 7 (2.6) 11 (0.4)	143 (4.3) 158 (1.6) 153 (4.5)! 154 (4.2) 155 (2.9)! 150 (3.0)! 163 (4.2)! 161 (1.7)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	6 (0.6) 2 (0.1) 23 (0.8)	() () 105 (2.9)	41 (1.4) 15 (0.8) 16 (1.4)	156 (1.9) 156 (1.9) 129 (3.4)	47 (1.4) 72 (0.8) 37 (1.5)	147 (2.0) 155 (0.9) 124 (2.3)	7 (0.6) 11 (0.9) 24 (0.7)	() 158 (2.6) 117 (2.2)

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



[!] Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: STUDENTS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

The Frequency of Science Demonstrations



How often does your teacher do a science demonstration?	Never or Hardly Ever		Once or Tw	vice a Month	Once or Twice a Week		Almost E	every Day
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	30 (1.3)	141 (1.5)	29 (1.1)	151 (1.3)	28 (1.2)	156 (1.4)	14 (0.9)	153 (2.0)
	28 (3.0)	141 (3.1)	28 (3.5)	152 (2.6)	33 (4.5)	156 (4.1)	12 (1.9)	153 (7.0)!
	31 (2.8)	133 (2.7)	31 (1.7)	144 (2.3)	26 (1.7)	149 (2.4)	12 (1.6)	145 (2.2)
	31 (1.8)	147 (2.6)	28 (2.3)	157 (3.1)	26 (1.8)	162 (3.7)	15 (1.9)	163 (5.1)
	30 (2.5)	141 (2.9)	29 (1.7)	152 (2.8)	27 (1.5)	155 (2.6)	15 (1.6)	150 (3.4)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	37 (1.9) 23 (1.5) 26 (1.3) 39 (2.8) 24 (1.8) 22 (1.2) 23 (1.1) 30 (0.8) 34 (1.2) 35 (1.6) 30 (1.2) 49 (1.0) 29 (1.4) 40 (1.8) 17 (1.0) 24 (1.4) 24 (1.7) 24 (1.0) 32 (1.1) 30 (1.4) 23 (1.4) 24 (1.2) 34 (1.2) 34 (1.2) 27 (1.6) 27 (1.6) 27 (1.5) 24 (1.2) 34 (1.2) 27 (1.5) 34 (1.2) 28 (1.5) 27 (0.9) 34 (1.4) 37 (1.8) 30 (1.3) 23 (1.2)	135 (1.9) 141 (3.0) 140 (1.9) 142 (2.0) 133 (2.1) 147 (1.6) 143 (2.1) 137 (1.8) 108 (1.6) 138 (1.8) 135 (2.0) 132 (1.2) 143 (2.0) 149 (2.1) 144 (1.4) 130 (1.9) 156 (2.4) 140 (2.5) 146 (1.9) 144 (2.2) 150 (2.1) 129 (1.7) 145 (1.5) 156 (1.9) 152 (2.3) 138 (1.6) 137 (2.3) 139 (1.8) 155 (1.5) 144 (2.1) 140 (1.3) 134 (2.0) 140 (1.9) 139 (2.1) 144 (1.7)	32 (1.5) 27 (1.4) 30 (1.7) 29 (1.3) 27 (1.2) 29 (1.1) 29 (1.1) 29 (1.1) 27 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 34 (1.2) 22 (1.0) 30 (1.3) 31 (1.4) 33 (1.0) 28 (1.0) 28 (1.0) 30 (1.3) 28 (1.6) 28 (1.1) 31 (1.0) 30 (1.3) 25 (1.8) 28 (0.9) 29 (1.1) 26 (1.2) 30 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.0) 30 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 28 (1.1)	145 (2.3) 154 (2.5) 150 (2.0) 148 (2.2) 137 (2.5) 155 (1.5) 158 (1.6) 147 (1.4) 123 (1.9) 145 (1.7) 145 (1.7) 145 (1.9) 156 (1.5) 162 (1.4) 151 (1.5) 136 (2.4) 162 (1.4) 147 (2.2) 159 (1.8) 156 (1.8) 160 (1.4) 138 (1.7) 154 (1.5) 157 (1.3) 148 (1.7) 157 (1.3) 148 (1.6) 165 (1.1) 160 (1.8) 150 (2.3) 148 (1.6) 165 (1.1) 160 (1.8) 150 (1.3) 142 (1.8) 146 (2.3) 151 (1.6) 157 (1.5)	20 (1.1) 32 (1.6) 31 (1.4) 22 (1.9) 33 (1.7) 33 (1.1) 32 (1.0) 28 (1.3) 26 (1.1) 25 (1.4) 25 (1.1) 20 (0.9) 30 (1.3) 30 (1.2) 26 (1.1) 22 (1.1) 35 (1.3) 31 (1.3) 35 (1.1) 32 (1.4) 33 (1.3) 25 (0.9) 28 (1.2) 33 (1.1) 26 (1.0) 29 (1.7) 29 (1.7) 29 (1.7) 29 (1.1) 31 (1.1) 31 (1.1) 31 (1.1) 32 (1.1) 31 (1.1) 31 (1.1) 32 (1.2) 37 (0.9) 34 (1.1)	141 (2.8) 160 (1.8) 150 (2.0) 145 (2.1) 145 (2.4) 161 (1.2) 162 (1.6) 146 (1.8) 117 (1.8) 148 (2.1) 141 (2.1) 160 (1.9) 163 (1.6) 151 (2.2) 138 (2.0) 167 (1.5) 151 (1.8) 162 (1.6) 161 (1.6) 164 (1.7) 135 (1.6) 157 (1.6) 168 (1.4) 164 (1.3) 144 (1.9) 157 (2.1) 153 (1.4) 169 (1.3) 160 (1.4) 156 (1.4) 156 (1.4) 156 (1.4) 156 (1.4) 156 (1.7) 163 (1.7) 163 (1.1)	10 (0.8) 18 (1.2) 13 (1.1) 10 (1.0) 17 (1.3) 16 (1.1) 16 (1.1) 13 (1.0) 13 (0.9) 12 (0.8) 11 (0.7) 9 (0.6) 12 (1.1) 13 (1.3) 13 (1.0) 10 (1.0) 18 (1.3) 16 (1.3) 19 (1.4) 16 (1.6) 15 (1.2) 12 (0.9) 12 (0.8) 17 (1.4) 15 (0.8) 12 (0.7) 18 (1.6) 15 (1.0) 9 (0.7) 14 (1.1) 14 (0.9) 13 (0.9) 9 (0.8) 12 (0.8) 16 (0.8)	135 (3.2) 157 (2.4) 143 (1.9) 149 (2.9) 143 (3.1) 156 (2.1) 158 (2.6) 142 (2.6) 112 (3.1) 145 (2.9) 137 (2.6) 140 (2.7) 154 (2.3) 159 (2.2) 147 (2.9) 132 (3.1) 164 (1.6) 150 (3.0) 161 (2.2) 128 (2.4) 162 (2.2) 128 (2.8) 151 (2.1) 164 (2.3) 157 (2.1) 148 (3.1) 148 (1.8) 162 (2.0) 157 (2.7) 152 (2.1) 138 (2.6) 143 (3.5) 148 (2.0) 160 (1.9)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	21 (1.1)	148 (1.9)	29 (1.5)	159 (1.3)	34 (1.3)	164 (1.3)	16 (1.1)	156 (2.2)
	25 (1.3)	137 (2.1)	26 (1.3)	151 (2.1)	31 (1.2)	159 (1.7)	18 (1.1)	152 (2.4)
	29 (1.4)	143 (1.8)	29 (1.1)	152 (2.1)	27 (0.9)	157 (1.6)	15 (1.2)	153 (1.9)
	30 (1.3)	141 (1.4)	28 (1.3)	147 (1.3)	28 (0.9)	153 (1.4)	14 (1.0)	150 (1.7)
	27 (1.5)	153 (1.9)	27 (1.4)	158 (2.0)	30 (1.3)	168 (2.0)	16 (1.5)	164 (2.0)
	31 (0.7)	149 (1.2)	27 (0.8)	160 (1.3)	30 (0.8)	163 (1.1)	12 (0.6)	162 (1.6)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	27 (2.0)	152 (2.2)	30 (1.8)	152 (2.5)	28 (1.9)	156 (2.4)	16 (1.2)	153 (2.7)
	27 (0.9)	150 (1.2)	27 (1.0)	156 (1.4)	31 (1.1)	160 (1.2)	15 (0.7)	155 (1.8)
	35 (1.5)	122 (1.9)	34 (1.6)	125 (2.0)	22 (1.4)	119 (3.2)	9 (1.0)	108 (4.4)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).



Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

The Frequency of Hands-On Activities or Investigations in Science



How often do your students do hands-on activities or investigations in science?	Never or Hardly Ever		Once or Tw	ice a Month	Once or Twice a Week		Almost Every Day	
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	1 (0.6) 2 (···) 2 (1.4) 1 (···) 1 (0.2)	119 (4.0)! () () ()	16 (2.4) 14 (3.9) 39 (7.7) 10 (4.4) 5 (1.9)	140 (3.4) () 140 (4.0)! 150 (10.8)! 129 (5.5)!	64 (3.5) 76 (5.1) 43 (6.2) 65 (7.6) 70 (7.0)	153 (1.5) 156 (3.9) 146 (2.0)! 159 (3.8) 151 (3.4)	19 (3.2) 8 (5.2) 15 (5.1) 24 (7.8) 25 (6.5)	152 (2.2) () 146 (4.0)! 162 (3.2)! 150 (2.2)!
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSISSIPPI MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	16 (3.3) 1 (···) 0 (···) 14 (4.0) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.5) 6 (2.2) 9 (0.6) 7 (1.5) 6 (1.2) 7 (1.4) 3 (0.3) 1 (···) 1 (···) 1 (···) 1 (···) 1 (0.6) 4 (1.6) 0 (···) 2 (1.3) 9 (2.5) 1 (···) 3 (1.2) 2 (0.5) 3 (1.2) 3 (1.1) 2 (0.5) 1 (0.7) 3 (0.2) 4 (1.8) 14 (3.1) 1 (···) 5 (0.5) 1 (···) 2 (0.9) 0 (···) 2 (1.3) 3 (1.5)	141 (2.5)! () () 139 (5.6)! () 136 (11.1)! 128 (3.7) 109 (5.3)! 140 (3.9) 128 (6.9)! () () () () 131 (3.6)! () 131 (3.6)! () 141 (4.2)! () 163 (3.6)! () 164 (4.6)! 174 (4.6)! 185 (5.6)! () 187 (5.6)! () 188 (5.6)! () 189 (4.6)! 199 (4.6)! 199 (4.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)! 199 (5.6)!	37 (4.0) 22 (3.2) 16 (2.5) 42 (5.0) 15 (2.6) 12 (2.6) 20 (3.1) 28 (0.7) 26 (1.3) 30 (3.8) 36 (3.3) 21 (0.8) 24 (4.0) 20 (3.9) 33 (4.3) 32 (3.3) 20 (3.2) 15 (2.6) 15 (3.1) 25 (3.8) 14 (3.7) 29 (3.5) 26 (4.0) 20 (3.5) 8 (1.8) 23 (2.3) 27 (5.4) 24 (3.5) 38 (3.1) 17 (3.2) 20 (0.8) 33 (4.2) 47 (3.8) 20 (0.8) 33 (4.2) 47 (3.8) 20 (0.8) 31 (2.0) 15 (2.1) 18 (3.3) 13 (2.0) 15 (3.2)	134 (4.0) 138 (6.4) 140 (2.5) 143 (2.4) 132 (4.4) 145 (2.7) 148 (3.2) 144 (1.8) 110 (1.9) 135 (3.0) 139 (2.2) 149 (2.7) 158 (2.2) 147 (1.5) 132 (2.7) 162 (1.9) 139 (3.6) 147 (4.3) 155 (2.2) 162 (3.5) 136 (3.3) 152 (2.0) 158 (3.7) 166 (3.1) 140 (2.0) 141 (4.3) 144 (2.6) 161 (1.3) 148 (4.3) 147 (2.0) 131 (2.9) 148 (3.2) 153 (1.4) 157 (2.2) 138 (2.6) 147 (3.7) 149 (2.2) 138 (2.6) 147 (3.7) 149 (2.2) 156 (3.8)	41 (4.1) 51 (3.0) 55 (4.2) 39 (5.2) 57 (3.8) 56 (3.7) 50 (4.6) 49 (1.0) 52 (1.5) 52 (3.8) 49 (3.1) 66 (0.9) 55 (4.1) 56 (5.3) 49 (4.8) 38 (4.0) 49 (4.8) 53 (4.7) 55 (4.6) 58 (4.6) 66 (3.3) 58 (2.5) 55 (5.8) 59 (3.8) 55 (3.1) 62 (4.6) 64 (3.3) 58 (2.5) 55 (3.1) 62 (4.6) 63 (3.8) 55 (3.1) 64 (3.3) 58 (2.5) 55 (3.1) 65 (3.8) 57 (3.8) 58 (3.2) 58 (3.2) 59 (3.8) 51 (4.6) 52 (3.9) 53 (4.0) 55 (3.9) 57 (3.8) 57 (3.8)	142 (2.9) 155 (1.5) 147 (2.0) 144 (2.9) 137 (2.2) 155 (1.5) 159 (3.2) 142 (1.3) 111 (1.2) 145 (2.2) 145 (2.1) 136 (1.4) 156 (1.9) 159 (1.8) 148 (2.4) 133 (3.0) 164 (1.5) 147 (2.0) 157 (2.2) 156 (2.1) 160 (1.9) 134 (2.0) 153 (2.1) 163 (1.4) 157 (1.3) 146 (1.2) 152 (3.0) 148 (1.5) 154 (1.0) 157 (1.8) 146 (1.2) 152 (3.0) 148 (1.5) 154 (1.0) 157 (1.8) 146 (1.2) 152 (3.0) 148 (1.5) 156 (1.8) 149 (2.2) 150 (1.9) 147 (1.5) 151 (2.5)	6 (2.1) 27 (2.6) 29 (4.2) 5 (1.4) 28 (3.8) 32 (3.3) 25 (3.2) 14 (0.8) 15 (0.7) 12 (2.0) 9 (2.1) 9 (0.6) 19 (3.8) 23 (3.8) 17 (3.3) 12 (2.9) 31 (3.6) 21 (3.7) 28 (4.2) 19 (3.8) 27 (4.5) 10 (2.0) 16 (3.2) 23 (4.5) 23 (2.9) 17 (1.9) 15 (3.8) 14 (2.6) 5 (2.0) 20 (3.7) 28 (0.8) 14 (2.9) 8 (2.8) 21 (2.7) 14 (1.4) 36 (2.8) 27 (3.6) 29 (3.9) 33 (3.7) 25 (3.9)	131 (8.8)! 154 (2.2) 144 (3.5) 156 (5.9)! 150 (3.2) 158 (1.5) 162 (2.0) 144 (3.3) 113 (2.4) 146 (4.1) 151 (5.4)! 151 (3.7) 159 (2.5) 158 (2.1) 150 (2.6) 143 (4.4)! 162 (1.6) 151 (4.7) 166 (2.4) 159 (3.1) 156 (2.1) 156 (2.3)! 158 (1.9) 143 (2.5) 158 (1.9) 143 (2.5) 156 (4.6)! 150 (2.9) 158 (1.3) 146 (3.2)! 147 (3.8)! 147 (3.8)! 147 (2.9) 159 (2.4) 159 (1.6) 156 (4.1) 154 (2.1) 148 (2.0) 163 (2.4)
WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS	3 (0.7)	()	13 (0.7)	156 (1.9)	63 (1.0)	158 (0.9)	25 (1.1)	162 (1.3)
DoDDS GUAM	0 (0.1) 2 (0.5)	()	14 (0.5) 43 (1.3)	156 (1.9) 120 (2.0)	64 (0.9) 43 (1.4)	155 (0.9) 120 (2.1)	22 (0.7) 12 (0.9)	155 (1.4) 120 (2.6)

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

TABLE 5.6
POPULATION:

REPORTED STATISTICS:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

STUDENTS' REPORTS ON:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score The Frequency of Hands-On Activities or Investigations in Science



How often do you do hands-on activities or investigations in science?	Never or Hardly Ever		Once or Twice a Month		Once or Twice a Week		Almost Every Day	
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	18 (1.1) 15 (1.6) 22 (3.0) 16 (2.5) 17 (1.7)	134 (1.2) 132 (3.5) 128 (2.2) 138 (2.8) 137 (2.4)	32 (1.5) 30 (1.2) 32 (3.1) 31 (3.5) 34 (2.8)	152 (1.5) 153 (2.6) 146 (2.7) 158 (3.2) 152 (3.3)	33 (1.3) 38 (2.7) 28 (2.3) 34 (3.4) 32 (1.8)	155 (1.2) 157 (3.4) 147 (1.8) 161 (3.3) 153 (2.6)	18 (1.1) 17 (2.3) 17 (3.1) 19 (2.6) 17 (1.6)	151 (1.5) 147 (4.7) 146 (2.9)! 159 (3.6) 150 (2.7)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND†	34 (2.2) 15 (1.1) 17 (1.6) 32 (2.3) 16 (1.5) 9 (0.8) 13 (0.9) 22 (1.1) 25 (1.1) 24 (2.3) 23 (1.5) 38 (1.0) 16 (1.3) 13 (1.3) 19 (1.5) 34 (2.0) 9 (1.1) 16 (1.1)	134 (2.1) 132 (4.0) 133 (2.4) 140 (2.5) 121 (2.2) 139 (2.0) 138 (2.7) 129 (2.6) 108 (1.6) 136 (2.0) 132 (2.2) 131 (1.3) 138 (2.3) 145 (2.2) 138 (1.5) 127 (2.2) 150 (2.7) 126 (2.7)	34 (1.7) 25 (1.1) 31 (1.5) 39 (1.5) 30 (1.8) 25 (1.5) 29 (1.6) 33 (1.2) 31 (1.0) 36 (1.7) 38 (1.2) 27 (1.1) 35 (1.7) 34 (2.0) 36 (1.6) 31 (1.5) 31 (1.5) 32 (1.6)	146 (1.7) 153 (2.1) 148 (1.6) 150 (2.2) 138 (2.0) 153 (1.4) 155 (1.8) 148 (1.6) 122 (1.6) 145 (1.6) 148 (1.6) 138 (1.3) 155 (1.5) 158 (1.2) 151 (1.3) 140 (1.7) 163 (1.5) 151 (1.8)	21 (1.0) 33 (1.5) 34 (1.7) 19 (1.6) 33 (1.6) 41 (1.5) 35 (1.1) 28 (1.1) 30 (1.3) 29 (1.8) 27 (1.2) 25 (1.1) 30 (1.4) 37 (1.8) 28 (1.3) 22 (1.4) 37 (1.6) 34 (1.3)	143 (2.6) 160 (1.9) 151 (2.1) 146 (2.9) 143 (2.4) 158 (1.4) 163 (1.6) 147 (1.3) 115 (2.1) 147 (2.4) 144 (2.2) 139 (1.7) 158 (1.7) 150 (1.7) 136 (2.0) 166 (1.3) 149 (2.3)	12 (0.9) 27 (1.7) 18 (1.7) 10 (1.4) 21 (2.1) 25 (1.8) 22 (1.5) 17 (1.0) 14 (1.0) 11 (0.9) 12 (0.9) 10 (0.6) 19 (2.1) 16 (1.9) 16 (1.6) 13 (1.4) 23 (1.7) 18 (1.9)	130 (2.7) 156 (2.7) 145 (2.1) 140 (2.9) 149 (3.6) 158 (1.5) 157 (2.5) 142 (2.7) 111 (2.3) 140 (3.8) 136 (2.7) 140 (2.8) 157 (2.5) 160 (2.3) 148 (3.6) 130 (4.0) 164 (1.5) 151 (2.9)
MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND	15 (1.3) 15 (1.6) 13 (1.3) 30 (1.6) 19 (2.0) 9 (1.5) 12 (1.0) 22 (1.0) 20 (1.6) 16 (1.4) 20 (1.2) 14 (1.1) 17 (0.9)	139 (2.5) 140 (2.4) 146 (2.6) 129 (2.0) 144 (2.4) 142 (2.3) 145 (2.6) 132 (1.7) 128 (2.6) 136 (2.1) 152 (1.7) 139 (3.0) 134 (1.7)	25 (1.6) 30 (2.1) 34 (1.9) 34 (1.2) 36 (1.4) 36 (2.0) 32 (1.4) 35 (1.2) 32 (1.8) 33 (1.4) 46 (1.1) 32 (1.6) 33 (0.9)	157 (1.8) 156 (1.5) 160 (1.9) 140 (1.6) 153 (1.4) 163 (1.1) 158 (1.6) 145 (1.1) 147 (2.2) 150 (1.6) 165 (1.3) 155 (1.6)	35 (1.7) 34 (1.8) 36 (1.5) 23 (1.3) 31 (1.4) 38 (1.6) 36 (1.2) 30 (1.4) 31 (1.9) 34 (1.4) 26 (1.3) 35 (1.6)	162 (1.7) 157 (1.7) 163 (1.3) 132 (2.0) 156 (1.7) 166 (1.4) 162 (1.3) 146 (1.7) 158 (2.0) 151 (1.5) 166 (1.2) 161 (1.6)	25 (2.2) 21 (2.6) 17 (1.7) 12 (1.1) 14 (1.3) 18 (2.1) 19 (1.5) 13 (0.7) 17 (2.2) 17 (1.2) 8 (0.6) 18 (1.6) 19 (0.8)	163 (1.8) 156 (2.5) 160 (2.7) 127 (2.2) 151 (2.5) 163 (2.3) 158 (1.8) 142 (2.3) 152 (3.3) 144 (1.8) 158 (2.7) 157 (2.9) 155 (1.8)
SOUTH CAROLINAT TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONTT VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSINT WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS	22 (1.7) 33 (2.2) 18 (1.0) 20 (1.1) 10 (1.0) 14 (1.3) 17 (1.2) 15 (1.2) 13 (1.5) 16 (0.9)	134 (1.7) 131 (2.5) 139 (2.1) 133 (2.6) 145 (1.7) 142 (2.1) 131 (2.6) 137 (2.8) 142 (2.1) 148 (4.0) 144 (1.8)	33 (0.9) 34 (1.4) 38 (1.8) 36 (1.3) 34 (1.1) 26 (1.4) 32 (1.8) 32 (1.9) 32 (1.5) 28 (1.9) 28 (1.3)	151 (1.3) 145 (1.9) 150 (2.0) 148 (1.8) 157 (1.1) 159 (1.4) 149 (2.1) 151 (1.7) 150 (1.2) 159 (1.8) 157 (1.2)	28 (1.4) 20 (1.3) 32 (1.4) 32 (1.0) 36 (1.3) 31 (1.3) 31 (1.4) 33 (1.0) 35 (2.1) 37 (0.8)	141 (1.6) 140 (2.7) 152 (1.6) 161 (1.3) 160 (1.6) 156 (1.6) 156 (1.3) 148 (1.3) 165 (2.0) 162 (0.9)	16 (1.3) 10 (1.1) 15 (1.0) 14 (0.9) 27 (1.8) 23 (1.9) 20 (1.7) 21 (1.4) 24 (2.4) 20 (0.8)	136 (2.5) 141 (5.8) 147 (2.3) 160 (1.9) 159 (2.1) 156 (2.6) 153 (1.9) 147 (1.5) 162 (1.6) 161 (1.2)
DoDDS GUAM	12 (1.5) 12 (0.7) 32 (1.6)	144 (3.3) 146 (2.1) 119 (1.9)	39 (1.9) 30 (1.0) 35 (1.7)	158 (1.3) 129 (2.1)	39 (1.1) 23 (1.5)	159 (1.2) 118 (2.6)	19 (1.0) 9 (1.1)	152 (1.4) 152 (1.4) 104 (4.7)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

REPORTED STATISTICS:

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

1996 Science Assessment

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

The Assignment of Long-Term Science Projects



TEACHERS' REPORTS O	N: The Assignn	The Assignment of Long-Term Science Projects							
Do you ever assign individual or group science projects or investigations in school that take a week or more?	Y.	es	No						
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)					
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO	82 (2.6) 80 (7.3) 70 (7.2) 85 (4.6) 90 (3.4) 83 (3.8) 83 (2.4) 85 (3.3) 71 (4.8) 90 (1.8) 89 (2.3) 89 (1.9) 75 (0.8) 97 (0.2) 85 (2.4) 79 (3.0) 86 (0.6) 72 (4.3) 81 (3.7) 87 (2.3) 70 (4.3) 88 (2.8) 83 (3.2) 82 (2.6) 82 (2.8) 82 (3.7) 79 (3.4) 79 (4.1) 77 (2.3) 79 (4.1) 77 (2.3) 79 (1.4)	151 (1.3) 153 (4.4) 143 (1.9) 158 (3.7) 151 (2.6) 138 (2.1) 153 (2.0) 145 (1.7) 145 (1.7) 140 (1.9) 156 (1.2) 156 (1.4) 141 (1.1) 111 (1.0) 142 (1.7) 144 (1.9) 136 (1.3) 156 (1.8) 158 (1.4) 148 (1.7) 133 (2.2) 163 (1.1) 148 (1.8) 157 (1.7) 156 (1.8) 157 (1.7) 160 (1.5) 134 (1.8) 154 (1.4) 163 (1.4) 163 (1.4) 157 (1.7)	PCT (SE) 18 (2.6) 20 (7.3) 30 (7.2) 15 (4.6) 10 (3.4) 17 (3.8) 17 (2.4) 15 (3.3) 29 (4.8) 10 (1.8) 11 (1.9) 25 (0.8) 3 (0.2) 15 (2.4) 21 (3.0) 14 (0.6) 28 (4.3) 19 (3.7) 13 (2.3) 30 (4.3) 12 (2.8) 17 (3.2) 18 (2.6) 18 (2.8) 18 (3.7) 21 (3.5) 21 (3.4) 21 (4.1) 23 (2.3) 21 (1.4) 23 (2.3)	147 (3.4) 150 (6.3)! 143 (5.0)! 156 (6.0)! 141 (4.6)! 138 (3.9)! 140 (5.9) 146 (4.8)! 142 (3.8) 131 (4.2) 150 (3.7)! 157 (4.5) 142 (1.4) () 138 (2.5) 136 (2.5) 139 (4.3) 149 (2.4) 161 (2.4)! 150 (3.2) 136 (3.0) 160 (2.0)! 137 (4.9) 159 (2.8) 154 (2.6) 157 (2.5)! 135 (2.2) 149 (2.5) 160 (2.4) 162 (1.7) 139 (3.1) 151 (6.1)!					
NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	77 (4.5) 83 (3.0) 67 (2.6) 90 (2.2) 80 (0.8) 86 (3.1) 78 (4.3) 77 (3.4) 70 (3.1) 94 (0.7) 87 (2.5) 88 (2.8) 72 (4.2) 84 (3.2) 76 (1.0)	149 (2.3) 146 (1.3) 163 (0.8) 155 (1.8) 151 (0.9) 139 (1.7) 146 (1.6) 157 (1.1) 157 (1.1) 150 (1.8) 151 (1.7) 147 (1.2) 161 (2.2) 160 (0.7)	17 (3.0) 33 (2.6) 10 (2.2) 20 (0.8) 14 (3.1) 22 (4.3) 23 (3.4) 30 (3.1) 6 (0.7) 13 (2.5) 12 (2.8) 28 (4.2) 16 (3.2) 24 (1.0)	148 (2.5) 160 (1.6) 161 (3.1)! 149 (1.8) 136 (4.3)! 141 (4.0) 150 (2.5) 154 (2.0) 157 (4.0) 146 (4.1)! 142 (3.2)! 148 (1.6) 161 (2.9)! 155 (1.4)					
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	86 (1.0) 76 (0.5) 100 (···)	153 (1.2) 157 (0.7) 119 (1.3)	14 (1.0) 24 (0.5) 0 (···)	145 (5.2) 150 (2.1) ()					

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic. SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: STUDENTS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Working on Long-Term Science Projects



Do you ever do individual or group science projects or investigations in school that take a week or more?	Yes		N	lo
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	63 (2.8)	151 (1.3)	37 (2.8)	146 (1.7)
	60 (12.7)	149 (5.0)!	40 (12.7)	151 (4.8)!
	62 (3.6)	145 (2.1)	38 (3.6)	136 (2.6)
	58 (3.2)	158 (3.0)	42 (3.2)	152 (3.3)
	69 (2.5)	151 (2.2)	31 (2.5)	144 (3.3)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO	58 (2.3) 73 (1.4) 68 (1.9) 46 (3.0) 71 (1.7) 71 (1.9)	140 (2.1) 155 (1.3) 146 (1.4) 146 (1.9) 142 (1.9)	42 (2.3) 27 (1.4) 32 (1.9) 54 (3.0) 29 (1.7) 29 (1.9)	138 (1.7) 148 (2.4) 145 (2.0) 144 (1.8) 131 (2.0) 152 (1.8)
CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	68 (1.7)	158 (1.2)	32 (1.7)	151 (2.3)
	63 (1.2)	143 (1.2)	37 (1.2)	141 (1.6)
	77 (1.1)	116 (0.9)	23 (1.1)	109 (1.9)
	63 (2.1)	143 (2.0)	37 (2.1)	142 (2.1)
GEORGIA	62 (1.8)	144 (1.6)	38 (1.8)	138 (2.0)
HAWAII	55 (1.2)	136 (1.1)	45 (1.2)	135 (1.4)
INDIANA	58 (1.8)	156 (1.6)	42 (1.8)	150 (1.8)
IOWA†	67 (2.5)	160 (1.3)	33 (2.5)	156 (1.6)
KENTUCKY	67 (1.5)	149 (1.4)	33 (1.5)	145 (1.5)
LOUISIANA	50 (2.1)	133 (2.1)	50 (2.1)	132 (1.6)
MAINE	77 (1.8)	165 (0.9)	23 (1.8)	158 (1.8)
MARYLAND†	68 (2.0)	147 (1.7)	32 (2.0)	143 (2.2)
MASSACHUSETTS	69 (1.9)	158 (1.5)	31 (1.9)	155 (2.0)
MICHIGAN†	63 (2.4)	155 (1.5)	37 (2.4)	151 (2.1)
MINNESOTA	62 (2.3)	161 (1.6)	38 (2.3)	156 (1.6)
MISSISSIPPI	52 (2.2)	131 (1.5)	48 (2.2)	135 (1.8)
MISSOURI	57 (2.4)	152 (1.3)	43 (2.4)	151 (1.6)
MONTANA†	63 (2.3)	163 (1.2)	37 (2.3)	161 (2.0)
NEBRASKA	62 (1.8)	158 (1.2)	38 (1.8)	158 (1.5)
NEW MEXICO	62 (1.4)	143 (1.3)	38 (1.4)	139 (1.4)
NEW YORK†	60 (2.5)	148 (2.0)	40 (2.5)	146 (2.4)
NORTH CAROLINA	63 (1.8)	147 (1.2)	37 (1.8)	146 (1.6)
NORTH DAKOTA	57 (1.5)	164 (0.9)	43 (1.5)	160 (1.3)
OREGON	72 (1.7)	156 (1.6)	28 (1.7)	151 (2.0)
RHODE ISLAND	65 (1.0)	150 (1.0)	35 (1.0)	147 (1.2)
SOUTH CAROLINA†	70 (1.6)	140 (1.6)	30 (1.6)	136 (2.0)
TENNESSEE	53 (2.4)	147 (2.0)	47 (2.4)	141 (2.2)
TEXAS	63 (2.1)	147 (1.5)	37 (2.1)	145 (1.8)
UTAH	53 (1.4)	157 (1.1)	47 (1.4)	155 (1.2)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	81 (1.1)	158 (1.1)	19 (1.1)	155 (2.1)
	65 (1.6)	151 (1.7)	35 (1.6)	148 (2.0)
	68 (2.2)	152 (1.8)	32 (2.2)	146 (1.4)
	54 (1.7)	148 (1.1)	46 (1.7)	147 (1.2)
	65 (2.4)	160 (1.7)	35 (2.4)	162 (2.0)
WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS DODDS GUAM	59 (0.8)	159 (0.8)	41 (0.8)	155 (1.1)
	68 (1.9)	154 (1.3)	32 (1.9)	152 (2.0)
	61 (1.0)	156 (0.8)	39 (1.0)	154 (1.3)
	74 (1.6)	122 (1.4)	26 (1.6)	115 (2.6)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



[!] Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

REPORTED STATISTICS:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

STUDENTS' REPORTS ON:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score The Frequency of Independent Science Investigations



When you study science in school, how often do you design and carry out your own science investigations?	Never or Hardly I	Ever	Once or Tw	vice a Month	Once or Tv	vice a Week	Almost E	Every Day
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	63 (1.1) 151 (64 (1.6) 153 (61 (3.2) 141 (64 (2.4) 157 (62 (1.5) 151 (3.4) 2.1) 2.3)	23 (0.8) 21 (1.7) 23 (2.4) 21 (1.4) 25 (1.2)	151 (1.3) 148 (3.8) 147 (2.0) 158 (4.5) 152 (2.2)	10 (0.6) 10 (2.1) 11 (1.0) 9 (1.0) 9 (0.8)	142 (2.3) 138 (7.6)! 140 (2.9) 153 (5.5) 137 (2.9)	5 (0.4) 5 (0.9) 5 (0.5) 6 (1.1) 4 (0.8)	137 (2.5) () 132 (6.0) 143 (3.7) 128 (4.1)
<u>States</u>	l	_,		·-				
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE	69 (1.0) 141 (59 (1.2) 152 (62 (1.6) 147 (69 (1.5) 145 (58 (1.3) 140 (60 (1.5) 154 (63 (1.2) 156 (67 (1.1) 143 (1.7) 1.5) 1.4) 1.7) 1.0) 1.2) 1.0)	19 (0.8) 24 (1.0) 22 (1.0) 19 (1.1) 26 (0.9) 26 (1.0) 23 (1.0) 20 (0.8)	139 (2.7) 157 (2.5) 151 (2.0) 149 (2.4) 141 (2.5) 158 (1.2) 159 (1.8) 145 (2.4)	8 (0.6) 12 (0.7) 10 (0.9) 7 (0.8) 11 (0.9) 9 (0.7) 9 (0.5) 9 (0.6)	130 (4.0) 152 (3.4) 141 (3.2) 143 (4.4) 134 (3.2) 155 (1.9) 156 (3.5) 139 (2.9)	3 (0.4) 5 (0.7) 6 (0.8) 4 (0.5) 5 (0.5) 5 (0.6) 5 (0.6)	120 (4.8) 146 (4.6) 128 (5.1) 133 (5.3) 136 (5.5) 144 (4.9) 142 (6.4) 124 (3.7)
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	59 (1.3) 117 (68 (1.4) 145 (1.1)	20 (1.1) 20 (0.9)	120 (2.2) 143 (3.1)	13 (1.0) 8 (0.7)	103 (2.5) 134 (3.7)	8 (0.6) 4 (0.5)	106 (3.3) 125 (4.5)
GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA	66 (1.2) 144 (66 (1.0) 136 (68 (1.3) 153 (67 (1.3) 157 (61 (1.4) 149 (1.6) 0.9) 1.5) 1.2) 1.3)	20 (0.9) 20 (0.9) 20 (0.9) 20 (0.8) 22 (1.0) 26 (1.1) 20 (0.9)	143 (3.1) 147 (2.1) 137 (1.7) 158 (1.8) 162 (1.9) 150 (1.9) 136 (2.2)	9 (0.7) 9 (0.7) 9 (0.7) 8 (0.7) 7 (0.6) 8 (0.6) 7 (0.5)	134 (3.7) 127 (3.1) 128 (2.7) 148 (3.1) 160 (2.7) 143 (2.7) 127 (4.3)	5 (0.5) 5 (0.5) 5 (0.7) 3 (0.5) 5 (0.5) 5 (0.5)	122 (4.3) 132 (4.9) 143 (3.2) () 134 (4.3) 122 (3.8)
MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	61 (1.2) 162 (66 (1.5) 148 (63 (1.5) 158 (60 (2.1) 155 (1.1) 1.6) 1.5) 1.5)	26 (0.9) 21 (1.1) 23 (1.1) 25 (1.5)	168 (1.6) 151 (2.3) 161 (1.8) 156 (2.3)	9 (0.6) 9 (0.7) 9 (0.9) 9 (0.9)	160 (2.1) 135 (3.0) 150 (3.2) 148 (3.0)	4 (0.5) 4 (0.6) 4 (0.6) 6 (0.7)	158 (4.2) 129 (4.3) 146 (4.3) 144 (3.1)
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	67 (1.3) 159 (67 (1.2) 136 (68 (1.4) 153 (68 (1.4) 162 (67 (1.3) 158 (1.5) 1.2) 1.4) 1.1)	22 (1.0) 19 (1.0) 20 (1.1) 21 (1.2) 22 (1.1)	161 (1.8) 135 (2.0) 155 (1.7) 165 (1.7) 160 (1.6)	8 (0.7) 8 (0.6) 7 (0.6) 7 (0.7) 8 (0.7)	157 (3.0) 119 (3.5) 144 (3.2) 154 (3.1) 153 (3.4)	3 (0.4) 5 (0.4) 5 (0.5) 3 (0.4) 4 (0.5)	145 (4.9) 116 (3.7) 143 (3.9) 159 (4.1) 147 (4.0)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	67 (1.1) 144 (67 (1.9) 150 (60 (1.4) 148 (73 (0.8) 163 (64 (1.1) 154 (1.4) 1.2) 1.0)	22 (1.0) 20 (1.5) 25 (1.2) 19 (0.9) 24 (1.0)	140 (2.3) 150 (2.9) 152 (1.6) 163 (1.4) 160 (1.6)	7 (0.6) 9 (0.7) 10 (0.6) 6 (0.5) 8 (0.7)	133 (3.0) 132 (3.9) 139 (2.4) 157 (3.2) 154 (3.1)	5 (0.4) 5 (0.6) 6 (0.5) 2 (0.4) 3 (0.5)	128 (3.8) 137 (5.6) 135 (3.2) () 145 (5.7)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	70 (1.0) 150 (61 (1.6) 141 (69 (1.4) 145 (67 (1.3) 147 (66 (1.2) 155 (1.6) 1.7) 1.5)	19 (0.8) 22 (1.1) 19 (1.2) 20 (0.8) 22 (0.9)	151 (1.7) 141 (2.2) 149 (3.0) 151 (1.7) 160 (1.4)	7 (0.6) 10 (0.8) 8 (0.8) 8 (0.7) 9 (0.7)	142 (2.9) 131 (3.3) 135 (4.8) 141 (3.1) 157 (2.5)	4 (0.4) 7 (0.5) 4 (0.5) 4 (0.5) 3 (0.4)	146 (3.1) 130 (2.8) 117 (6.7) 132 (3.9) 150 (3.9)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	59 (1.3) 158 (67 (1.0) 150 (68 (1.3) 150 (65 (1.2) 148 (68 (1.4) 162 (1.5) 1.2) 0.9)	27 (1.1) 21 (0.8) 20 (1.0) 21 (0.9) 21 (1.1)	160 (1.6) 155 (2.3) 156 (2.0) 149 (1.4) 162 (2.1)	10 (0.7) 8 (0.6) 8 (0.6) 9 (0.8) 8 (0.7)	158 (2.7) 141 (3.4) 147 (3.0) 146 (2.5) 154 (3.2)	4 (0.5) 4 (0.4) 4 (0.4) 5 (0.5) 3 (0.4)	144 (5.0) 145 (4.1) 143 (3.5) 139 (2.6) 142 (4.7)
WYOMING	67 (0.8) 157 (0.7)	20 (0.7)	161 (1.4)	9 (0.6)	154 (2.3)	4 (0.4)	154 (2.7)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	63 (1.9) 153 (66 (1.1) 157 (63 (1.5) 124 (0.9)	23 (1.7) 21 (0.9) 20 (1.1)	156 (2.7) 157 (1.6) 123 (2.8)	7 (1.1) 9 (0.6) 11 (1.0)	() 150 (1.9) 106 (3.3)	7 (1.1) 5 (0.5) 6 (0.8)	() 145 (3.1) ()

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



^{···} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

[!] Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

Chapter 6

Influences Beyond School That Facilitate Learning Science

Overview

Chapter 6 contains tables which present the results for a number of variables related to out-of-school influences on science learning and attitudes. It presents results about students' responses to questions concerning the home environment and students' attitudes about learning and using science. Students' attitudes and beliefs about science can be a contributing factor affecting the skills they will acquire and their decisions about studying science in future years.

NAEP also considered principals' responses to questions about parental involvement in the school. Parental involvement is increasingly sought in the school and principals were asked to characterize parental support for student achievement within their schools.

Students were asked about how frequently they discuss their studies with someone at home, the number and type of literacy materials in their home, their television viewing habits, and the number of times that they changed schools since first grade. They were asked about the usefulness of science for solving everyday problems and if they agreed that science is mostly memorizing facts.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: STUDENTS' REPORTS ON:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score





How often do you discuss things you have studied in school with someone at home?	lied in Never or Hardly Ever Once or Twice a Month		Once or Twice a Week	Almost Every Day	
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE) SS (SE)	PCT (SE) SS (SE)	
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States	21 (0.8) 141 (1.5) 22 (2.1) 146 (2.4) 23 (1.3) 132 (2.6) 22 (1.7) 147 (3.9) 19 (0.9) 141 (2.6)	9 (0.4) 149 (1.6) 10 (1.1) 158 (4.4) 10 (0.6) 143 (3.3) 7 (0.8) 153 (5.3) 9 (1.0) 147 (2.8)	28 (1.0) 151 (1.3) 24 (2.5) 147 (6.0) 29 (1.5) 146 (2.2) 29 (1.9) 159 (3.1) 29 (1.8) 151 (2.2)	41 (1.1) 153 (1.2) 44 (3.2) 153 (2.5) 38 (1.0) 145 (1.8) 41 (2.4) 160 (3.0) 43 (1.8) 153 (2.9)	
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	22 (0.9)	9 (0.7) 134 (3.5) 10 (0.9) 151 (2.7) 9 (0.7) 142 (3.2) 11 (0.7) 144 (2.6) 12 (0.7) 136 (3.0) 10 (0.7) 151 (2.3) 10 (0.6) 149 (2.0) 11 (0.6) 141 (2.4) 9 (0.7) 113 (3.1) 11 (0.7) 140 (3.4) 10 (0.8) 141 (3.2) 12 (0.7) 137 (2.0) 10 (0.8) 151 (2.8) 10 (0.6) 155 (2.4) 10 (0.7) 151 (2.6) 11 (0.6) 134 (2.9) 9 (0.7) 162 (2.3) 12 (1.0) 144 (2.8) 11 (0.6) 153 (2.0) 11 (0.8) 153 (2.5) 11 (0.6) 156 (2.8) 9 (0.5) 132 (2.8) 11 (0.7) 152 (2.3) 11 (0.8) 165 (2.0) 11 (0.8) 165 (2.0)	28 (1.1)	42 (1.2)	
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	21 (1.0) 133 (1.5) 20 (1.1) 143 (1.9) 17 (0.8) 138 (2.0) 22 (0.9) 154 (1.4) 17 (0.9) 144 (2.2) 22 (1.2) 139 (1.9) 20 (1.1) 135 (2.3) 20 (0.8) 135 (2.6) 23 (1.0) 141 (2.2) 14 (0.7) 146 (1.8)	10 (0.8) 140 (2.8) 9 (0.7) 142 (4.0) 9 (0.6) 146 (2.0) 13 (0.7) 162 (2.0) 11 (0.8) 155 (2.5) 11 (0.6) 150 (2.0) 10 (0.8) 137 (3.0) 12 (0.7) 145 (3.1) 9 (0.6) 139 (2.4) 11 (0.6) 148 (1.9)	26 (0.8)	43 (1.1) 147 (1.5) 44 (1.7) 151 (1.8) 44 (1.1) 150 (1.5) 35 (0.9) 166 (1.2) 42 (1.4) 161 (1.6) 38 (1.2) 155 (1.3) 42 (1.3) 142 (1.7) 35 (1.2) 148 (1.8) 42 (1.2) 150 (1.7) 47 (0.9) 160 (1.1)	
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	14 (0.7) 140 (1.8) 16 (1.0) 147 (2.4) 21 (0.8) 138 (2.1) 22 (1.2) 140 (1.7) 22 (0.9) 141 (1.8) 20 (1.0) 154 (2.3) 22 (0.9) 149 (1.5)	10 (0.8) 148 (1.7) 10 (0.8) 155 (2.5) 10 (0.7) 148 (2.8) 10 (0.6) 142 (2.5) 10 (0.6) 143 (1.7) 13 (0.7) 160 (2.3) 9 (0.7) 154 (2.0)	29 (1.1) 159 (1.4) 27 (0.9) 154 (1.6) 27 (0.9) 155 (1.9) 27 (0.8) 149 (1.5) 29 (0.9) 161 (2.1) 25 (1.1) 159 (1.2)	44 (1.5) 162 (1.5) 42 (1.1) 155 (1.4) 41 (1.2) 155 (1.5) 42 (1.0) 151 (1.1) 37 (0.9) 164 (1.9) 44 (0.9) 163 (1.1)	
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	20 (1.4) 150 (2.7) 20 (0.8) 153 (1.2) 24 (1.5) 118 (2.5)	8 (1.1) () 9 (0.6) 155 (2.4) 13 (1.2) 123 (3.8)	28 (1.7)	43 (2.2) 154 (1.8) 47 (1.0) 159 (1.2) 31 (1.7) 125 (2.2)	

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



^{...} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

Literacy Materials in the Home STUDENTS' REPORTS ON:



How many of the following
types of reading materials are
in your home: more than 25
books; an encyclopedia; a
newspaper; magazines?

STODE 113 KET OKTO	STODELVIS REPORTS ON. LITERACY Malerials III III Floring									
How many of the following types of reading materials are in your home: more than 25 books; an encyclopedia; a newspaper; magazines?	Zero to Two		ne: more than 25 Zero to Two Three encyclopedia; a			ree	Four			
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)				
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States	24 (0.7) 23 (1.5) 29 (1.6) 27 (2.4) 26 (1.9)	132 (1.2) 136 (3.8) 126 (2.6) 145 (3.3) 131 (2.3)	29 (0.8) 28 (3.5) 30 (0.7) 50 (2.2) 31 (1.2)	149 (1.0) 150 (2.8) 143 (2.1) 162 (3.2) 149 (1.6)	47 (1.1) 48 (4.4) 42 (1.8) 23 (2.0) 43 (2.5)	158 (1.2) 155 (3.5) 151 (1.7) 153 (3.0) 160 (2.2)				
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	26 (1.1) 24 (1.4) 31 (1.7) 24 (1.3) 37 (1.6) 19 (1.0) 18 (1.0) 24 (0.8) 30 (0.9) 29 (1.6)	124 (2.5) 133 (3.2) 131 (1.9) 131 (2.1) 120 (1.8) 138 (2.0) 131 (1.7) 125 (1.6) 105 (1.4) 129 (2.1)	31 (1.3) 27 (1.4) 29 (1.1) 30 (1.0) 26 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 24 (1.0) 30 (1.1) 33 (1.1) 30 (1.0)	139 (1.7) 154 (1.6) 147 (1.8) 141 (1.9) 139 (2.1) 152 (1.7) 149 (1.7) 141 (1.7) 111 (1.6) 140 (1.8)	43 (1.5) 49 (1.5) 40 (1.6) 46 (1.6) 38 (1.4) 54 (1.3) 58 (1.2) 46 (1.1) 38 (1.4) 41 (1.7)	147 (1.9) 162 (1.1) 157 (1.3) 154 (1.4) 156 (1.8) 162 (0.9) 166 (1.3) 152 (0.9) 123 (1.6) 154 (1.7)				
GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY	25 (1.1) 34 (1.0) 20 (1.3) 15 (1.0) 24 (0.8)	129 (1.8) 122 (1.4) 138 (2.0) 143 (2.2) 134 (1.7)	30 (1.0) 31 (1.0) 28 (1.0) 28 (1.1) 30 (0.9)	139 (1.9) 135 (1.5) 150 (1.4) 155 (1.5) 145 (1.4) 132 (1.8)	45 (1.4) 36 (1.0) 52 (1.6) 57 (1.4) 46 (1.3) 39 (1.1)	151 (1.6) 147 (1.2) 161 (1.6) 164 (1.2) 156 (1.5)				
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	29 (1.1) 16 (0.9) 21 (1.3) 16 (1.2) 20 (1.0)	121 (2.1) 149 (2.1) 129 (2.1) 136 (3.4) 138 (2.4)	32 (0.9) 28 (1.1) 29 (1.2) 23 (0.9) 29 (1.0)	159 (1.6) 139 (2.0) 152 (1.7) 150 (1.6)	56 (1.3) 50 (1.5) 60 (1.3) 51 (1.4) 59 (1.1)	141 (1.9) 169 (1.1) 157 (1.7) 165 (1.2) 162 (1.6) 165 (1.3)				
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	16 (0.9) 27 (1.0) 22 (1.0) 17 (1.0) 17 (0.9)	142 (2.9) 121 (2.1) 138 (1.9) 153 (2.0) 140 (2.0)	26 (1.0) 32 (1.1) 30 (0.9) 30 (1.1) 26 (0.9)	156 (1.6) 133 (1.9) 153 (1.6) 159 (1.7) 155 (1.6)	41 (1.4) 48 (1.1) 53 (1.2) 58 (1.1)	142 (1.3) 157 (1.2) 167 (1.3) 164 (1.0)				
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	32 (1.3) 23 (1.3) 24 (1.1) 13 (0.6) 22 (1.4)	128 (1.4) 125 (2.8) 131 (1.5) 149 (1.6) 140 (2.4)	30 (1.0) 26 (1.1) 29 (0.9) 28 (1.0) 28 (1.0)	142 (1.1) 148 (1.9) 144 (1.5) 159 (1.5) 154 (1.7)	38 (1.1) 51 (1.3) 47 (1.4) 59 (1.0) 50 (1.7)	153 (1.2) 156 (1.5) 157 (1.2) 167 (0.9) 162 (1.3)				
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	24 (0.9) 26 (1.2) 24 (1.2) 32 (1.5) 17 (0.8)	128 (1.1) 128 (1.9) 128 (1.9) 128 (1.8) 140 (1.9)	27 (1.0) 31 (1.0) 27 (0.9) 26 (1.0) 28 (0.8)	149 (1.5) 136 (1.7) 141 (2.5) 146 (2.0) 156 (1.3)	48 (1.1) 43 (1.4) 49 (1.6) 42 (1.5) 55 (0.9)	160 (1.0) 148 (1.7) 153 (1.8) 159 (1.4) 161 (0.8)				
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	14 (1.0) 21 (1.3) 25 (1.1) 23 (1.1) 18 (1.4)	142 (2.6) 132 (1.6) 135 (2.0) 136 (1.7) 142 (3.2)	25 (1.1) 28 (0.9) 29 (1.1) 31 (0.9) 27 (1.0)	155 (1.6) 146 (1.7) 150 (1.9) 146 (1.3) 158 (2.1)	61 (1.2) 52 (1.6) 47 (1.2) 46 (0.9) 55 (1.5)	162 (1.0) 159 (1.6) 158 (1.3) 154 (1.0) 167 (1.1)				
WYOMING	17 (0.9)	145 (1.7)	30 (0.9)	156 (1.2)	52 (0.9)	163 (0.8)				
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	18 (1.5) 19 (0.9) 40 (1.5)	145 (3.2) 146 (1.8) 108 (1.8)	29 (1.9) 32 (1.1) 31 (1.5)	150 (2.3) 155 (1.5) 127 (2.2)	53 (2.1) 50 (1.1) 30 (1.5)	157 (1.9) 159 (1.0) 130 (2.1)				

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

STUDENTS' REPORTS ON:

Television Viewing Habits



How much television do you usually watch each day?	One Ho	ur or Less	Two to Th	ree Hours	lours Four to Five Hours		Six Hours or More	
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	19 (1.0) 20 (4.6) 14 (0.8) 20 (1.7) 21 (1.1)	156 (2.0) 161 (6.1)! 143 (3.1) 163 (3.6) 155 (3.1)	40 (1.3) 34 (4.8) 36 (1.8) 44 (2.4) 44 (1.5)	154 (1.2) 154 (2.3) 148 (1.9) 160 (3.0) 152 (2.4)	24 (0.6) 27 (1.3) 28 (1.2) 22 (1.6) 21 (1.1)	148 (1.0) 148 (2.8) 147 (2.0) 154 (3.1) 146 (2.2)	17 (0.7) 18 (2.1) 22 (1.6) 15 (1.4) 15 (1.3)	130 (1.1) 132 (3.5) 123 (2.1) 134 (3.3) 134 (2.1)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA	13 (1.0) 24 (1.2) 20 (0.9) 13 (0.9) 17 (1.0) 24 (0.9) 20 (0.9) 12 (0.8) 11 (0.7) 15 (0.8) 14 (0.8) 18 (1.0) 16 (1.0) 13 (1.1) 12 (0.6) 24 (1.2) 13 (0.9) 21 (1.4) 17 (1.1) 22 (1.1) 12 (0.8) 14 (0.8) 14 (0.8) 15 (1.0) 16 (1.0) 17 (1.1) 18 (0.9) 19 (0.9) 19 (0.9) 10 (1.0) 11 (0.8) 12 (0.9) 13 (0.8) 15 (1.1) 21 (1.1) 22 (1.1) 21 (0.9) 22 (1.2) 22 (1.2) 22 (1.2) 21 (0.7)	143 (3.0) 157 (3.4) 150 (2.1) 147 (3.6) 147 (3.7) 160 (1.5) 165 (2.3) 147 (2.7) 119 (3.2) 143 (3.0) 151 (2.6) 134 (2.0) 164 (2.1) 149 (3.4) 135 (2.9) 170 (1.8) 162 (3.4) 165 (2.0) 133 (2.6) 156 (2.1) 167 (1.8) 164 (1.9) 143 (2.3) 152 (2.4) 157 (2.5) 166 (1.7) 154 (2.0) 149 (2.7) 140 (3.1) 150 (3.2) 161 (1.1) 165 (1.7) 160 (2.5) 156 (1.9) 147 (2.1)	37 (1.3) 45 (1.9) 45 (1.0) 40 (1.4) 45 (1.2) 46 (1.1) 44 (0.9) 38 (1.2) 27 (1.2) 40 (1.3) 38 (1.1) 40 (1.1) 50 (1.3) 43 (1.2) 34 (1.1) 45 (1.3) 47 (1.4) 45 (1.3) 49 (1.3) 32 (1.0) 43 (1.1) 49 (1.3) 50 (1.0) 44 (1.2) 44 (1.6) 41 (1.2) 42 (1.2) 42 (1.2) 48 (1.2) 49 (1.5) 41 (1.0) 42 (1.2) 44 (1.1)	145 (1.9) 154 (1.6) 150 (1.5) 151 (1.3) 140 (1.9) 157 (1.0) 161 (1.2) 148 (1.2) 118 (2.2) 149 (1.9) 148 (1.6) 140 (1.3) 158 (1.5) 160 (1.3) 152 (1.4) 139 (1.9) 164 (1.1) 153 (1.8) 159 (1.3) 161 (1.2) 140 (2.0) 156 (1.3) 161 (1.2) 154 (1.9) 152 (1.3) 164 (1.2) 154 (1.9) 155 (1.3) 164 (1.2) 157 (1.6) 158 (1.0) 145 (1.9) 151 (1.9) 151 (1.9) 151 (1.9) 151 (1.9) 151 (1.9) 152 (1.3) 156 (1.3) 156 (1.5) 158 (1.0)	26 (1.0) 19 (1.2) 21 (0.9) 26 (1.2) 25 (1.1) 20 (0.9) 27 (1.2) 25 (1.2) 27 (1.1) 26 (1.0) 23 (1.1) 24 (1.0) 23 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 21 (1.0) 22 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 21 (1.0) 23 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 21 (1.0) 23 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 21 (1.0) 23 (1.3) 19 (0.8) 27 (1.0) 28 (1.1) 19 (1.0) 23 (0.9) 23 (1.0) 24 (1.3) 27 (1.0) 26 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 26 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 26 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 28 (1.0) 29 (0.9) 20 (1.1) 20 (0.9) 21 (1.0) 22 (0.9) 22 (0.9) 23 (1.0) 24 (1.0) 25 (1.0) 26 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 26 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 28 (1.1) 29 (0.9) 20 (1.1) 20 (0.9) 21 (1.0) 21 (1.0) 22 (0.9) 22 (0.9) 23 (1.0) 25 (1.0) 26 (1.1) 27 (1.0) 27 (1.0) 28 (1.1) 29 (0.9) 20 (1.1) 20 (0.9) 21 (1.0) 21 (1.0) 22 (0.9) 22 (1.1)	138 (2.1) 153 (2.5) 142 (1.9) 147 (1.9) 135 (2.0) 151 (1.9) 149 (1.7) 146 (1.4) 117 (1.4) 142 (1.6) 141 (1.8) 138 (1.4) 150 (1.6) 157 (1.4) 144 (1.7) 152 (2.0) 150 (1.7) 154 (2.1) 137 (1.6) 150 (1.4) 148 (1.6) 151 (2.3) 147 (1.6) 140 (1.8) 144 (1.8) 145 (1.8) 150 (1.5) 144 (1.8) 145 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 147 (1.6) 153 (1.7) 147 (1.5)	24 (1.2) 12 (0.7) 14 (1.0) 21 (1.2) 13 (0.9) 10 (0.7) 14 (0.9) 23 (1.2) 38 (1.1) 18 (1.4) 22 (1.0) 19 (0.8) 14 (1.0) 10 (0.8) 18 (1.3) 27 (1.0) 10 (0.7) 21 (1.1) 11 (0.9) 15 (1.1) 9 (0.9) 9 (0.6) 14 (0.8) 16 (1.0) 18 (0.9) 8 (0.5) 12 (1.0) 14 (0.7) 28 (1.3) 19 (1.2) 17 (1.0) 7 (0.6) 9 (1.1) 20 (1.0) 11 (0.8) 19 (1.0)	127 (2.1) 142 (2.5) 132 (2.8) 128 (2.2) 127 (3.1) 141 (2.3) 134 (2.4) 125 (2.3) 107 (1.3) 130 (2.3) 126 (1.7) 124 (1.6) 132 (2.5) 141 (2.9) 136 (2.2) 120 (2.0) 151 (2.4) 128 (1.8) 136 (3.1) 137 (2.8) 143 (2.9) 123 (1.9) 138 (2.0) 148 (3.5) 136 (2.5) 135 (2.0) 127 (2.5) 139 (3.0) 132 (2.0) 125 (1.8) 128 (2.4) 131 (2.5) 135 (2.8) 141 (3.1) 132 (2.0) 135 (2.8) 141 (3.1) 132 (2.0) 135 (2.8) 141 (3.1) 132 (2.0) 135 (2.8)
WISCONSINT WYOMING	18 (1.1)	167 (2.1) 164 (1.1)	47 (1.1)	164 (1.4) 159 (0.9)	23 (1.0) 20 (0.8)	158 (1.9) 153 (1.4)	11 (1.0) 10 (0.7)	139 (3.5) 143 (2.1)
Other Jurisdictions					00/1-	150 (1.0)	10 () 7	120 (2.2)
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	15 (1.4) 17 (0.7) 21 (1.2)	161 (3.2) 161 (2.0) 108 (3.1)	37 (2.0) 44 (1.2) 39 (1.6)	157 (1.9) 159 (1.0) 123 (1.9)	28 (1.7) 24 (1.0) 22 (1.6)	153 (1.8) 153 (1.6) 128 (2.4)	19 (1.7) 15 (0.8) 18 (1.3)	139 (3.0) 142 (1.6) 119 (2.5)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

SCHOOLS' REPORTS ON:

Parental Support



How would you characterize parental support for student achievement within your school?	Somewhat to Very Negative		mewhat to Very Negative Somewhat Positive			Very Positive		
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)		
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States ALABAMA	7 (2.6)	154 (2.1)!	61 (5.6)	148 (1.4)	31 (4.7)	151 (3.3)		
	15 (9.4)	()	60 (13.6)	157 (5.8)!	25 (10.4)	131 (4.7)!		
	0 (···)	()	67 (6.3)	137 (2.3)	33 (6.3)	151 (3.4)!		
	10 (6.0)	()	55 (13.4)	154 (3.9)!	34 (11.9)	160 (6.3)!		
	6 (3.3)	()	62 (10.3)	147 (2.4)	32 (8.5)	153 (7.1)!		
ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	3 (1.5) 6 (2.6) 10 (3.6) 7 (2.8) 8 (2.0) 3 (1.5) 3 (0.1) 19 (0.6) 10 (3.8)	() () 133 (8.6)! 135 (5.0)! 139 (2.9)! () () 98 (1.8) 130 (4.9)!	51 (3.0) 51 (5.6) 60 (6.0) 53 (4.5) 44 (4.5) 59 (4.6) 68 (0.4) 52 (0.9) 56 (4.8)	146 (2.4) 140 (2.1) 144 (2.5) 133 (2.3) 150 (1.9) 151 (2.7) 142 (1.1) 108 (1.4) 138 (1.8)	46 (2.8) 44 (5.5) 30 (5.1) 39 (4.5) 48 (4.4) 38 (4.6) 28 (0.4) 28 (0.7) 34 (4.6)	158 (2.0) 154 (2.3) 150 (3.4) 143 (3.0) 161 (1.2) 165 (1.7) 142 (1.3) 130 (2.0) 152 (3.3)		
GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS	10 (2.8)	119 (4.9)!	63 (5.7)	141 (2.0)	27 (5.6)	151 (4.0)!		
	5 (0.2)	()	80 (0.3)	137 (0.9)	14 (0.3)	138 (1.6)		
	6 (2.5)	140 (9.3)!	52 (6.1)	151 (1.7)	41 (5.6)	159 (2.0)		
	2 ()	()	70 (5.2)	156 (1.4)	28 (5.0)	163 (1.5)		
	10 (3.2)	146 (2.1)!	69 (4.7)	146 (1.5)	20 (4.1)	154 (4.9)!		
	25 (4.6)	127 (4.3)!	54 (5.0)	133 (2.4)	21 (4.2)	139 (4.1)!		
	7 (2.6)	160 (4.3)!	70 (3.5)	162 (1.1)	23 (3.2)	166 (2.2)		
	5 (2.3)	()	67 (6.4)	143 (2.2)	28 (6.2)	154 (3.5)!		
	5 (2.1)	148 (2.9)!	61 (5.0)	152 (2.2)	34 (4.7)	168 (2.8)		
	7 (3.2)	142 (9.4)!	59 (5.7)	150 (2.4)	34 (5.5)	159 (4.8)		
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	5 (2.4)	140 (8.2)!	47 (5.4)	158 (1.8)	48 (5.0)	162 (1.8)		
	15 (3.6)	127 (2.7)!	67 (4.7)	133 (1.9)	18 (3.4)	140 (3.8)		
	9 (3.1)	137 (6.2)!	65 (5.0)	151 (1.9)	25 (4.7)	154 (3.1)		
	7 (3.0)	144 (7.4)!	58 (4.9)	162 (1.2)	35 (4.0)	165 (1.4)		
	3 (1.2)	159 (3.3)!	59 (3.4)	157 (1.3)	38 (3.2)	158 (1.8)		
	12 (2.0)	135 (2.7)	60 (3.5)	139 (1.5)	28 (2.7)	153 (1.5)		
	3 (1.9)	()	65 (6.4)	146 (3.0)	31 (6.3)	152 (4.2)!		
	11 (3.5)	134 (3.0)!	71 (4.9)	147 (1.2)	18 (4.3)	153 (3.4)!		
	2 (1.5)	()	52 (2.6)	162 (1.1)	45 (2.8)	162 (1.2)		
	10 (3.2)	144 (3.6)!	56 (4.8)	153 (2.4)	34 (4.6)	161 (2.1)		
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	7 (0.4) 12 (3.9) 7 (2.7) 8 (3.2) 4 (1.5) 5 (2.0) 1 () 13 (3.6) 11 (3.1) 5 (2.5) 5 (0.1)	() 126 (3.6)! 130 (8.1)! 118 (12.8)! () () () 136 (4.5)! 146 (2.0)! 153 (8.3)! ()	67 (0.6) 64 (5.9) 69 (5.0) 60 (5.0) 57 (3.7) 63 (2.7) 61 (4.4) 47 (4.8) 66 (4.6) 59 (6.1) 74 (0.7)	148 (0.9) 139 (2.0) 141 (1.9) 144 (1.6) 154 (1.2) 154 (1.2) 144 (1.5) 149 (1.9) 146 (1.3) 158 (2.4) 157 (0.8)	26 (0.5) 23 (4.9) 25 (4.7) 32 (5.1) 39 (3.7) 32 (2.3) 38 (4.4) 40 (4.4) 23 (3.7) 36 (6.0) 21 (0.7)	157 (2.0) 145 (2.6)! 156 (3.6) 158 (2.9) 160 (1.2) 163 (1.7) 160 (2.4) 156 (2.1) 150 (1.8) 165 (2.1) 158 (1.1)		
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	0 (···)	()	52 (1.0)	147 (1.6)	48 (1.0)	157 (2.1)		
	1 (0.3)	()	67 (0.6)	152 (1.0)	32 (0.6)	161 (1.2)		
	44 (0.8)*	119 (2.2)	56 (0.8)*	125 (1.5)	0 (···)*	()		

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic. Interpret with caution — more than 15 percent of the respondents did not answer this question.

TABLE 6.5

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

STUDENTS' REPORTS ON:

Mobility

THE NATION'S REPORT CARD 1996 State Assessment

a						
Since you started first grade, how many times have you changed schools, not counting when you were promoted to the next grade?	No	one	0	ne	Tv	vo
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	44 (1.2)	153 (1.3)	19 (0.8)	154 (1.4)	10 (0.4)	145 (1.4)
	51 (4.2)	156 (3.0)	18 (2.9)	152 (2.9)!	10 (1.3)	146 (4.8)
	44 (2.7)	145 (2.7)	18 (0.9)	148 (2.6)	11 (0.8)	140 (3.1)
	48 (2.6)	160 (3.7)	22 (2.2)	159 (2.9)	10 (0.7)	152 (3.0)
	37 (1.3)	152 (2.4)	20 (0.8)	154 (2.9)	10 (0.7)	144 (3.0)
States						
ALABAMA	44 (1.4)	140 (1.8)	22 (0.8)	141 (2.5)	9 (0.7)	136 (3.6)
ALASKA†	31 (1.3)	154 (2.6)	18 (1.3)	154 (2.8)	11 (1.1)	157 (2.2)
ARIZONA	31 (1.3)	146 (1.9)	21 (1.2)	152 (2.2)	11 (0.6)	143 (2.9)
ARKANSAS†	46 (1.7)	145 (1.7)	18 (1.1)	150 (2.2)	8 (0.5)	140 (3.5)
CALIFORNIA	35 (1.7)	142 (2.3)	21 (1.1)	145 (3.4)	11 (0.6)	137 (3.2)
COLORADO	34 (1.3)	159 (1.3)	20 (0.7)	158 (1.6)	12 (0.7)	152 (2.0)
CONNECTICUT	51 (1.4)	162 (1.1)	21 (0.9)	156 (2.1)	9 (0.7)	143 (2.8)
DELAWARE	40 (1.2)	148 (1.5)	20 (1.2)	147 (1.9)	9 (0.7)	135 (3.2)
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	37 (1.4)	118 (1.4)	20 (0.9)	115 (2.3)	12 (0.9)	109 (2.1)
FLORIDA	29 (1.2)	141 (1.8)	21 (1.1)	148 (2.7)	12 (0.8)	141 (4.4)
GEORGIA	37 (1.3)	143 (1.9)	20 (0.9)	146 (2.2)	11 (0.7)	140 (2.5)
HAWAII	44 (1.2)	135 (1.2)	20 (0.9)	136 (1.8)	10 (0.8)	135 (3.0)
INDIANA	47 (1.4)	157 (1.5)	20 (1.0)	153 (2.0)	9 (0.7)	150 (3.0)
IOWA†	52 (1.6)	162 (1.3)	20 (1.3)	159 (1.8)	9 (0.8)	152 (3.8)
KENTUCKY	47 (1.6)	150 (1.4)	18 (0.9)	150 (3.0)	9 (0.6)	149 (2.4)
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	42 (1.4)	134 (1.7)	18 (0.9)	133 (2.3)	10 (0.6)	137 (2.8)
	53 (1.1)	166 (1.1)	18 (1.0)	166 (1.9)	8 (0.6)	159 (2.6)
	38 (1.5)	152 (2.0)	22 (1.0)	149 (2.3)	12 (0.7)	144 (2.8)
	52 (1.4)	162 (1.3)	20 (0.9)	159 (1.9)	9 (0.6)	148 (3.3)
	47 (1.3)	158 (1.6)	21 (1.4)	157 (1.9)	9 (0.8)	146 (3.7)
MINNESOTA	50 (1.6)	163 (1.3)	21 (1.1)	160 (2.1)	9 (0.8)	156 (2.9)
MISSISSIPPI	50 (1.2)	133 (1.6)	18 (0.7)	133 (2.5)	8 (0.7)	133 (3.3)
MISSOURI	42 (1.1)	156 (1.2)	21 (0.8)	156 (1.9)	10 (0.7)	148 (3.0)
MONTANA†	43 (1.5)	166 (1.7)	19 (1.0)	163 (1.9)	10 (0.7)	161 (2.3)
NEBRASKA	49 (1.2)	161 (1.0)	19 (0.8)	161 (1.9)	10 (0.6)	153 (2.4)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	37 (1.4)	141 (1.5)	21 (0.9)	142 (1.6)	11 (0.6)	141 (2.4)
	54 (2.1)	151 (1.6)	20 (1.2)	151 (2.2)	8 (0.8)	136 (4.4)
	39 (1.4)	149 (1.5)	21 (1.2)	150 (2.0)	10 (0.7)	146 (2.9)
	55 (1.1)	165 (1.0)	18 (0.9)	164 (1.7)	7 (0.5)	156 (2.7)
	37 (1.3)	159 (1.7)	21 (1.0)	157 (1.9)	11 (0.7)	152 (3.2)
RHODE ISLAND	47 (1.1)	153 (1.1)	21 (1.0)	153 (1.7)	10 (0.6)	141 (2.9)
SOUTH CAROLINA†	44 (1.4)	139 (1.9)	18 (0.7)	141 (2.6)	9 (0.6)	136 (3.1)
TENNESSEE	43 (1.6)	147 (1.6)	20 (0.9)	145 (3.2)	11 (0.7)	142 (3.2)
TEXAS	35 (1.1)	147 (1.6)	17 (0.7)	153 (1.9)	13 (0.7)	143 (2.4)
UTAH	44 (1.1)	159 (1.0)	20 (0.8)	159 (1.4)	10 (0.7)	153 (2.4)
VERMONT†	54 (1.3)	161 (1.0)	19 (0.8)	159 (1.6)	7 (0.7)	155 (4.1)
VIRGINIA	41 (1.7)	150 (1.8)	20 (1.0)	155 (2.2)	11 (0.7)	151 (3.1)
WASHINGTON	37 (1.5)	153 (1.9)	21 (0.9)	154 (1.8)	11 (0.7)	150 (2.8)
WEST VIRGINIA	51 (1.2)	149 (1.1)	18 (0.7)	147 (1.5)	8 (0.6)	147 (2.8)
WISCONSIN†	49 (1.6)	165 (1.3)	21 (0.9)	161 (1.6)	8 (0.5)	158 (3.0)
WYOMING	42 (0.9)	161 (0.9)	19 (0.7)	162 (1.4)	9 (0.5)	156 (2.3)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	10 (1.3)	()	7 (1.1)	()	8 (1.2)	()
	6 (0.5)	151 (3.2)	10 (0.6)	155 (2.0)	10 (0.6)	153 (2.3)
	43 (1.6)	118 (1.8)	17 (1.3)	122 (2.6)	10 (1.0)	125 (3.4)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

TABLE 6.5 (continued)

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

STUDENTS' REPORTS ON: Mobility



Since you started first grade, how many times have you changed schools, not counting when you were promoted to the next grade?	Thi	ree	Four c	or Five	Six or	More
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	11 (0.6)	141 (2.3)	10 (0.5)	1.42 (1.7)	6 (0.3)	141 (2.0)
	9 (1.8)	142 (6.2)!	8 (1.3)	130 (3.9)	4 (0.6)	()
	11 (0.9)	131 (2.1)	11 (0.7)	135 (2.7)	6 (0.6)	138 (3.4)
	8 (0.8)	145 (4.3)	8 (1.2)	1.47 (3.5)	5 (0.8)	()
	14 (1.2)	145 (4.6)	12 (0.8)	1.49 (2.9)	7 (0.6)	140 (3.4)
<u>States</u>						
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO	9 (0.7) 13 (1.0) 13 (1.0) 11 (0.9) 14 (0.9)	138 (3.5) 154 (2.8) 141 (2.8) 145 (2.7) 134 (2.7) 153 (1.9)	10 (0.7) 16 (0.9) 16 (0.9) 11 (0.7) 13 (0.7)	140 (3.0) 151 (2.4) 148 (2.3) 142 (2.9) 134 (3.0) 148 (2.0)	6 (0.6) 11 (0.8) 7 (0.7) 7 (0.7) 6 (0.6) 8 (0.5)	133 (3.2) 151 (2.8) 138 (3.5) 138 (3.9) 135 (4.0) 152 (2.4)
CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA	7 (0.4)	141 (3.4)	8 (0.6)	147 (3.3)	4 (0.4)	138 (5.4)
	11 (0.8)	134 (3.3)	14 (0.8)	137 (2.7)	6 (0.5)	124 (4.1)
	13 (0.9)	108 (2.8)	13 (0.9)	114 (2.1)	5 (0.6)	113 (4.0)
	15 (0.9)	142 (3.2)	16 (0.8)	141 (1.7)	7 (0.5)	142 (3.5)
GEORGIA	11 (0.7)	144 (2.9)	13 (1.0)	140 (2.9)	7 (0.6)	135 (3.0)
HAWAII	10 (0.6)	138 (2.6)	11 (0.7)	136 (2.9)	5 (0.5)	135 (4.3)
INDIANA	9 (0.7)	149 (2.6)	9 (0.8)	146 (2.9)	5 (0.4)	151 (3.3)
IOWA†	8 (0.7)	149 (2.9)	7 (0.6)	153 (2.9)	4 (0.4)	151 (3.5)
KENTUCKY	9 (0.6)	147 (2.4)	10 (0.7)	140 (2.5)	7 (0.7)	137 (3.1)
LOUISIANA	11 (0.6)	134 (3.0)	12 (0.7)	130 (2.6)	6 (0.7)	130 (3.9)
MAINE	8 (0.5)	160 (2.3)	8 (0.6)	155 (3.2)	6 (0.4)	148 (3.5)
MARYLAND†	11 (0.7)	140 (2.8)	11 (0.8)	139 (2.2)	5 (0.5)	134 (3.9)
MASSACHUSETTS	8 (0.7)	148 (3.4)	8 (0.5)	148 (3.1)	3 (0.4)	138 (4.2)
MICHIGAN†	9 (0.8)	149 (2.7)	9 (0.6)	141 (2.7)	4 (0.5)	142 (4.0)
MINNESOTA	9 (0.7)	151 (3.3)	7 (0.6)	151 (3.0)	4 (0.4)	150 (3.9)
MISSISSIPPI	9 (0.7)	133 (2.8)	9 (0.6)	136 (2.6)	5 (0.5)	130 (4.0)
MISSOURI	10 (0.7)	146 (2.1)	11 (0.6)	145 (2.0)	7 (0.7)	139 (3.4)
MONTANA†	11 (0.7)	156 (2.4)	11 (0.8)	158 (2.3)	6 (0.7)	155 (3.4)
NEBRASKA	9 (0.6)	152 (2.3)	9 (0.5)	152 (3.0)	5 (0.4)	139 (2.8)
NEW MEXICO	12 (0.7)	141 (2.4)	13 (0.8)	145 (2.0)	7 (0.7)	141 (2.8)
NEW YORK†	8 (0.7)	134 (3.2)	7 (0.8)	140 (3.6)	4 (0.6)	()
NORTH CAROLINA	11 (0.6)	145 (1.8)	12 (0.8)	142 (2.2)	6 (0.5)	140 (3.2)
NORTH DAKOTA	8 (0.6)	157 (2.5)	8 (0.7)	157 (2.7)	4 (0.4)	150 (4.2)
OREGON	10 (0.7)	150 (3.1)	13 (0.7)	153 (2.5)	8 (0.6)	147 (3.2)
RHODE ISLAND	10 (0.8)	142 (2.4)	8 (0.6)	145 (2.5)	4 (0.4)	134 (4.0)
SOUTH CAROLINA†	10 (0.8)	137 (2.7)	11 (0.6)	141 (2.6)	8 (0.8)	138 (3.4)
TENNESSEE	10 (0.6)	139 (3.1)	10 (0.7)	141 (3.0)	6 (0.7)	135 (3.3)
TEXAS	13 (0.7)	143 (2.6)	14 (1.0)	144 (2.6)	8 (0.8)	145 (2.8)
UTAH	10 (0.6)	154 (2.1)	11 (0.6)	153 (2.2)	5 (0.4)	144 (4.0)
VERMONT†	9 (0.7)	151 (3.4)	7 (0.7)	150 (3.8)	4 (0.4)	140 (4.2)
VIRGINIA	12 (0.6)	146 (2.6)	11 (0.7)	149 (3.2)	5 (0.7)	145 (3.1)
WASHINGTON	11 (0.8)	146 (2.3)	12 (0.9)	145 (2.3)	9 (0.7)	143 (2.7)
WEST VIRGINIA	9 (0.7)	144 (2.1)	10 (0.7)	145 (2.0)	4 (0.4)	138 (3.2)
WISCONSIN†	10 (0.8)	149 (3.8)	8 (0.7)	146 (3.8)	4 (0.4)	147 (3.2)
WYOMING	11 (0.8)	154 (1.7)	12 (0.6)	154 (1.8)	7 (0.5)	145 (2.2)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	15 (1.4)	158 (2.6)	37 (1.6)	154 (1.8)	23 (1.9)	152 (2.4)
	20 (1.1)	154 (1.5)	34 (1.0)	158 (1.3)	20 (0.9)	157 (1.9)
	12 (1.0)	124 (3.8)	12 (1.0)	133 (3.9)	7 (0.7)	()

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



^{...} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

[!] Interpret with caution — the nature of the sample does not allow accurate determination of the variability of this statistic.

TABLE 6.6 POPULATION:

1996 Science Assessment

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: STUDENTS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score

The Usefulness of Science



		-				
To what degree do you agree with the statement: "Science is useful for solving everyday problems?"	Disa	gree	Not	Sure	Ag	ree
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	25 (1.0)	139 (1.5)	35 (0.7)	150 (0.9)	40 (1.1)	155 (1.1)
	20 (2.3)	142 (5.0)	34 (2.4)	150 (3.1)	46 (2.7)	152 (2.9)
	25 (1.4)	132 (2.7)	37 (1.0)	142 (2.0)	38 (1.9)	147 (1.9)
	24 (3.0)	141 (3.1)	33 (1.3)	154 (2.3)	43 (3.1)	165 (2.6)
	28 (1.6)	140 (2.9)	35 (1.3)	152 (2.0)	37 (1.4)	153 (3.0)
States						
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE	24 (1.0)	131 (2.2)	35 (1.2)	140 (2.2)	41 (1.2)	142 (1.8)
	25 (1.3)	143 (2.8)	37 (1.5)	153 (2.0)	38 (1.4)	160 (1.6)
	24 (1.1)	140 (1.9)	40 (1.3)	144 (1.7)	37 (1.2)	152 (2.2)
	21 (1.1)	134 (1.9)	38 (1.2)	144 (1.9)	41 (1.2)	150 (1.6)
	27 (1.1)	132 (2.2)	38 (1.1)	138 (2.2)	36 (1.1)	144 (2.3)
	26 (1.1)	146 (1.6)	37 (1.0)	155 (1.2)	37 (0.9)	161 (1.2)
	26 (1.1)	146 (1.9)	33 (1.0)	153 (1.4)	41 (1.0)	164 (1.5)
	25 (1.0)	133 (1.9)	36 (1.1)	145 (1.5)	39 (1.2)	146 (1.6)
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	22 (1.1)	105(1.9)	30 (1.4)	110 (1.2)	48 (1.4)	120 (1.1)
FLORIDA	26 (1.0)	138(1.8)	37 (1.1)	143 (2.2)	36 (1.3)	146 (1.9)
GEORGIA	24 (1.2)	136 (2.3)	37 (1.0)	142 (1.7)	40 (1.4)	145 (1.7)
HAWAII	19 (1.0)	125 (2.2)	42 (1.2)	134 (1.1)	39 (1.3)	141 (1.5)
INDIANA	24 (1.2)	143 (1.8)	37 (1.1)	151 (1.6)	39 (1.6)	161 (1.6)
IOWA†	22 (1.0)	148 (1.8)	38 (1.1)	157 (1.6)	40 (1.7)	166 (1.2)
KENTUCKY	21 (0.8)	139 (1.6)	36 (1.0)	147 (1.8)	43 (1.1)	152 (1.5)
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	27 (1.1)	127 (1.9)	34 (1.0)	134 (2.0)	40 (1.2)	136 (2.1)
	21 (0.7)	153 (1.9)	36 (1.2)	161 (1.3)	43 (1.2)	169 (1.3)
	23 (1.2)	138 (2.0)	35 (1.2)	145 (1.8)	42 (1.3)	150 (2.0)
	21 (1.1)	146 (2.0)	35 (1.0)	156 (1.6)	43 (1.1)	164 (1.6)
	22 (1.2)	143 (1.8)	37 (1.1)	154 (1.6)	41 (1.5)	159 (1.9)
MINNESOTA	22 (1.3)	147 (1.7)	37 (1.1)	157 (1.7)	41 (1.5)	167 (1.4)
MISSISSIPPI	25 (1.0)	127 (1.7)	33 (1.0)	136 (2.0)	41 (1.2)	135 (1.5)
MISSOURI	25 (1.2)	145 (1.8)	35 (1.0)	151 (1.5)	39 (1.2)	156 (1.3)
MONTANA†	21 (1.3)	155 (1.8)	36 (0.8)	161 (1.9)	43 (1.3)	167 (1.3)
NEBRASKA	20 (0.9)	147 (1.6)	37 (1.2)	157 (1.3)	43 (1.2)	163 (1.2)
NEW MEXICO	23 (0.9)	132 (2.1)	37 (1.0)	139 (1.4)	40 (1.2)	149 (1.4)
NEW YORK†	27 (1.1)	139 (2.0)	33 (1.3)	147 (1.9)	40 (1.6)	152 (2.3)
NORTH CAROLINA	23 (0.8)	140 (1.6)	35 (1.1)	147 (1.6)	43 (1.4)	151 (1.4)
NORTH DAKOTA	21 (0.9)	151 (1.6)	33 (1.1)	161 (1.4)	45 (1.2)	168 (1.2)
OREGON	26 (1.0)	146 (2.3)	36 (1.0)	154 (1.9)	38 (1.1)	162 (1.7)
RHODE ISLAND	28 (1.0)	143 (1.4)	36 (0.9)	147 (1.2)	36 (1.1)	156 (1.2)
SOUTH CAROLINA†	23 (1.4)	130 (1.8)	33 (1.1)	140 (1.9)	44 (1.8)	142 (1.8)
TENNESSEE	24 (1.1)	136 (2.5)	37 (1.2)	142 (1.8)	40 (1.3)	150 (1.9)
TEXAS	24 (0.9)	141 (2.1)	38 (1.0)	145 (1.6)	38 (1.3)	151 (1.7)
UTAH	21 (0.8)	147 (1.6)	35 (1.0)	154 (1.4)	44 (1.2)	162 (1.1)
VERMONT†	23 (1.2)	149 (1.6)	34 (1.4)	154 (1.3)	44 (1.3)	164 (1.5)
VIRGINIA	26 (1.1)	141 (1.8)	34 (1.0)	150 (1.7)	40 (1.4)	156 (1.6)
WASHINGTON	28 (1.4)	140 (1.6)	34 (1.1)	150 (1.5)	37 (1.2)	158 (1.9)
WEST VIRGINIA	22 (0.9)	138 (1.6)	36 (0.9)	147 (1.2)	42 (1.1)	153 (1.0)
WISCONSIN†	23 (1.3)	153 (2.2)	35 (1.2)	159 (1.5)	41 (1.7)	166 (1.9)
WYOMING	25 (0.7)	148 (1.3)	35 (0.9)	157 (1.1)	40 (0.9)	165 (1.0)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	24 (1.7)	149 (2.5)	37 (1.9)	151 (1.9)	39 (1.6)	157 (2.0)
	27 (0.8)	151 (1.2)	39 (1.0)	155 (1.1)	34 (1.1)	159 (1.2)
	22 (1.5)	113 (2.5)	45 (1.8)	119 (1.9)	33 (1.3)	127 (2.2)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



TABLE 6.7

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: STUDENTS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students and Average Science Scale Score Their Views that Learning Science is Mostly Memorizing



To what degree do you agree with the statement: "Learning science is mostly memorizing?"	Disa	gree		Sure	Agı	ree
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)	PCT (SE)	SS (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	30 (0.8)	150 (1.3)	37 (0.5)	148 (1.1)	33 (0.9)	149 (1.1)
	32 (3.0)	151 (3.9)	33 (1.4)	150 (3.3)	35 (3.3)	148 (3.1)
	29 (1.8)	143 (2.5)	38 (1.3)	141 (2.0)	33 (1.4)	141 (2.3)
	30 (1.7)	155 (3.3)	38 (1.3)	155 (2.6)	32 (1.8)	156 (3.1)
	30 (0.8)	150 (2.4)	39 (0.6)	147 (2.5)	31 (0.9)	150 (2.3)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT†	25 (1.1) 29 (1.3) 28 (1.2) 25 (1.0) 28 (1.3) 29 (1.2) 36 (1.1) 31 (1.3) 25 (1.2) 26 (1.1) 26 (0.8) 27 (0.8) 30 (1.5) 30 (1.5) 30 (1.5) 30 (1.3) 28 (1.0) 29 (0.9) 38 (1.3) 32 (1.3) 32 (1.1) 33 (1.4) 31 (1.2) 29 (1.1) 32 (1.7) 30 (1.0) 32 (1.3) 33 (1.1) 33 (1.1) 31 (1.2) 29 (1.1) 32 (1.7) 30 (1.0) 32 (1.3) 33 (1.1) 31 (1.1) 30 (0.8) 35 (1.3)	140 (2.1) 156 (2.1) 150 (2.4) 143 (2.2) 142 (1.7) 156 (1.5) 162 (1.4) 141 (1.8) 116 (2.0) 144 (2.4) 145 (2.0) 137 (1.8) 152 (2.3) 158 (1.8) 149 (1.8) 132 (2.1) 166 (1.6) 150 (2.6) 165 (1.7) 157 (2.0) 159 (1.7) 151 (1.7) 151 (1.7) 152 (1.4) 159 (1.7) 142 (1.4) 150 (1.9) 150 (1.7) 163 (1.3) 156 (2.1) 152 (1.4) 140 (2.0) 145 (2.5) 149 (2.1) 156 (1.4) 156 (1.4) 156 (1.4)	33 (1.1) 42 (1.2) 40 (1.5) 37 (1.1) 37 (1.1) 41 (1.1) 34 (1.1) 35 (1.0) 35 (1.0) 35 (1.1) 36 (1.0) 47 (1.1) 37 (1.2) 40 (0.9) 39 (1.1) 31 (1.0) 36 (1.1) 34 (1.5) 34 (1.2) 38 (0.9) 39 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 38 (1.2) 37 (1.2) 38 (1.1) 37 (1.2) 33 (1.0) 34 (1.3) 38 (1.1) 37 (1.1) 39 (1.0) 37 (1.1) 39 (1.0) 37 (1.1)	134 (2.0) 152 (1.4) 142 (1.8) 143 (1.7) 137 (2.3) 153 (1.4) 153 (1.6) 142 (1.1) 111 (1.8) 140 (2.0) 139 (2.0) 133 (1.2) 154 (1.4) 157 (1.3) 145 (1.9) 134 (1.8) 161 (1.2) 143 (1.9) 153 (1.6) 157 (1.7) 132 (2.1) 152 (1.5) 159 (2.0) 156 (1.2) 139 (1.5) 147 (2.1) 145 (1.5) 160 (1.4) 151 (1.8) 147 (1.1) 141 (1.9) 144 (1.6) 155 (1.2) 155 (1.2) 155 (1.2)	41 (1.1) 29 (1.4) 33 (1.7) 39 (1.1) 34 (1.2) 30 (1.1) 30 (1.2) 32 (1.3) 39 (1.3) 39 (1.3) 39 (1.3) 39 (1.1) 25 (0.9) 33 (1.4) 30 (1.2) 40 (1.2) 26 (1.0) 34 (1.3) 28 (1.1) 31 (1.1) 28 (1.2) 42 (1.3) 34 (1.0) 32 (1.2) 32 (1.1) 31 (1.1) 33 (1.6) 37 (1.0) 34 (1.1) 31 (1.2) 39 (1.1) 31 (1.0) 32 (1.1) 31 (0.9) 27 (1.4)	142 (1.9) 151 (2.7) 147 (1.9) 147 (1.8) 138 (2.2) 156 (1.3) 151 (1.9) 144 (1.4) 115 (1.3) 144 (1.8) 142 (1.5) 153 (1.6) 161 (1.5) 149 (1.4) 152 (1.8) 151 (1.8) 161 (1.6) 131 (1.7) 152 (1.8) 151 (1.8) 161 (1.6) 131 (1.7) 152 (1.8) 163 (1.4) 159 (1.3) 144 (1.4) 142 (2.5) 146 (1.4) 163 (1.2) 158 (1.6) 149 (1.4) 142 (2.5) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.8) 146 (1.7) 157 (1.0) 155 (1.9)
VIRGINIA	30 (1.1)	148 (2.0)	35 (1.0)	150 (1.8)	34 (1.0)	151 (1.7)
WASHINGTON	34 (1.1)	150 (1.8)	38 (1.0)	148 (1.6)	29 (1.1)	153 (1.8)
WEST VIRGINIA	32 (0.8)	149 (1.3)	37 (0.9)	146 (1.5)	31 (1.0)	148 (1.0)
WISCONSIN†	32 (1.0)	161 (1.9)	42 (1.1)	159 (1.7)	27 (1.1)	161 (2.1)
WYOMING	33 (1.0)	155 (1.5)	35 (1.1)	158 (1.1)	31 (0.9)	159 (1.0)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	33 (1.9)	156 (2.2)	34 (1.8)	150 (1.9)	33 (2.2)	153 (2.1)
	30 (0.9)	157 (1.3)	37 (1.0)	154 (1.0)	33 (1.0)	155 (1.3)
	20 (1.4)	124 (2.6)	45 (1.6)	120 (1.9)	35 (1.3)	119 (2.1)

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Chapter 7

Teacher Preparation

Overview

Chapter 7 provides data from questionnaires completed by science teachers regarding their background and training, including their experience, certification, undergraduate and graduate course work in science and recent courses that they have taken in science or science education. Teachers were asked about their professional development activities in the use of technology and science instruction techniques as well as membership in professional organizations. Such data provide insight into the academic preparation of the instructors who teach science to the students who were assessed.

The teachers' responses were linked to their students, and the data reported are the percentages of students taught by teachers with particular characteristics.



1996 Science Assessment

TABLE 7.1
POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

Their Highest Academic Degree



What is the highest academic degree you hold?	Bachelor's Degree	Master's Degree	Educational Specialist's or Professional Diploma	Doctorate or Professional Degree
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	55 (4.2) 56 (13.2) 45 (7.0) 47 (10.9) 67 (5.9)	34 (4.0) 39 (13.2) 37 (5.8) 33 (8.6) 31 (5.9)	9 (3.4) 3 (2.0) 15 (9.2) 20 (11.1) 2 (1.2)	1 (0.5) 1 (0.5) 3 (1.6) 0 (···) 0 (···)
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA	46 (4.4) 59 (2.4) 57 (5.0) 70 (4.7) 68 (3.5) 45 (3.5) 23 (3.5) 51 (0.9) 27 (1.2) 63 (3.7) 55 (3.8) 70 (0.9) 39 (4.7) 56 (5.4) 34 (4.2) 66 (4.3) 67 (3.8) 51 (4.3) 39 (3.9) 55 (3.5) 53 (4.0) 65 (4.2) 52 (4.1) 71 (3.2) 58 (3.7) 56 (2.3) 25 (2.9) 62 (3.5) 88 (1.8) 48 (4.2) 50 (1.1) 59 (4.5) 77 (2.7) 71 (2.6) 57 (2.9) 58 (3.4)	46 (4.3) 37 (2.4) 39 (4.8) 28 (4.6) 25 (3.4) 48 (3.7) 50 (3.9) 38 (1.0) 56 (1.4) 32 (3.5) 36 (3.6) 11 (0.6) 55 (4.8) 42 (5.4) 46 (4.4) 21 (3.1) 23 (2.9) 42 (4.1) 49 (4.4) 38 (3.5) 40 (4.3) 30 (4.3) 30 (4.3) 43 (4.0) 28 (3.1) 39 (3.4) 40 (2.1) 64 (3.2) 35 (3.5) 10 (1.3) 45 (3.9) 46 (1.1) 30 (4.2) 34 (4.3) 20 (2.6) 24 (2.5) 33 (2.1) 37 (3.3)	8 (2.3) 2 (0.3) 4 (1.6) 2 () 5 (1.5) 5 (1.8) 26 (3.0) 8 (0.6) 14 (0.9) 4 (1.3) 9 (2.2) 18 (0.7) 6 (1.9) 2 (0.8) 20 (3.2) 13 (3.6) 9 (2.9) 5 (1.8) 11 (2.5) 7 (2.4) 3 (1.0) 5 (1.6) 4 (1.4) 0 () 3 (1.2) 3 (0.6) 10 (2.5) 2 (0.9) 2 () 7 (2.4) 4 (0.3) 17 (2.8) 7 (2.2) 1 (0.7) 2 (0.4) 5 (1.8) 4 (1.1)	0 () 2 (0.5) 0 () 1 () 2 (1.0) 2 (1.1) 1 (0.3) 2 (0.1) 2 (0.6) 1 (0.5) 0 () 0 () 0 () 1 (0.2) 0 () 0 () 2 (1.3) 2 (0.9) 0 () 4 () 0 () 1 (0.2) 0 () 1 (0.2) 0 () 0 () 1 (0.3) 2 (1.3) 2 (0.9) 0 () 1 (0.2) 0 () 1 (0.6) 1 () 0 () 1 (0.6) 1 () 0 () 1 (0.6) 1 () 0 () 1 (0.6) 1 () 0 () 1 (0.7) 3 (0.4) 4 (0.7) 1 (0.4)
WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	51 (3.7) 53 (3.7) 57 (4.1)	47 (3.8) 33 (3.6) 38 (4.2)	3 (1.2) 13 (2.4) 4 (1.7)	0 (···) 1 (···) 0 (···)
WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	61 (1.1)	32 (0.9)	6 (0.3)	1 ()
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	37 (1.5) 37 (0.7) 100 (···)	52 (1.4) 54 (0.8) 0 (···)	11 (0.8) 5 (0.2) 0 (···)	0 (···) 5 (0.2) 0 (···)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

TABLE 7.2 POPULATION:

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students
Their Undergraduate Majors



What were your undergraduate major fields of study?	Education	Secondary Education	Science Education	Life Science	Physical Science	Earth Science	Other
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	38 (3.7) 22 (7.1) 54 (6.7) 48 (10.5) 29 (4.2)	41 (4.5) 47 (11.0) 34 (6.4) 50 (8.3) 36 (8.5)	36 (4.2) 44 (8.4) 31 (7.7) 39 (7.8) 33 (8.4)	43 (5.1) 46 (19.0) 35 (4.3) 36 (11.3) 51 (5.7)	19 (5.0) 27 () 22 (5.3) 15 (4.8) 16 (6.8)	22 (4.1) 21 (10.3) 20 (5.6) 27 (9.9) 20 (6.7)	35 (4.7) 41 (10.6) 33 (5.9) 33 (8.6) 35 (10.4)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO	40 (4.5) 36 (2.6) 52 (5.0) 39 (4.0) 25 (3.7) 40 (3.6) 49 (3.4) 47 (0.9) 32 (1.0) 44 (3.7) 60 (2.6) 22 (1.1) 54 (4.7) 50 (4.5) 67 (4.5) 63 (4.6) 49 (4.0) 38 (4.1) 38 (4.0) 52 (3.7) 66 (3.7) 47 (4.3) 54 (3.4) 49 (2.8)	64 (3.4) 34 (3.3) 43 (4.4) 50 (4.3) 15 (2.5) 42 (3.8) 26 (3.4) 36 (0.9) 25 (2.8) 20 (2.5) 31 (1.2) 46 (4.1) 53 (4.4) 30 (3.4) 28 (4.0) 19 (3.1) 34 (4.0) 19 (2.6) 44 (4.2) 47 (4.2) 32 (3.8) 50 (4.8) 42 (4.4) 53 (3.4) 40 (2.0)	39 (4.2) 25 (2.8) 26 (4.5) 39 (5.4) 17 (2.8) 32 (3.2) 34 (3.8) 40 (0.8) 34 (1.3) 33 (3.3) 29 (3.1) 26 (1.0) 48 (4.8) 42 (4.4) 35 (5.0) 18 (2.8) 30 (4.2) 33 (3.9) 32 (2.8) 44 (4.3) 50 (4.5) 37 (3.1) 43 (3.8) 42 (3.9) 55 (3.6) 33 (1.8)	50 (4.3) 53 (2.6) 38 (5.2) 35 (5.4) 53 (3.5) 53 (3.8) 37 (3.6) 37 (0.9) 43 (1.3) 34 (2.9) 23 (2.5) 39 (1.2) 37 (4.1) 44 (5.2) 34 (4.1) 16 (3.7) 38 (3.1) 44 (4.1) 34 (3.8) 42 (4.6) 56 (5.2) 26 (3.7) 34 (4.1) 56 (3.0) 48 (3.3) 38 (1.9)	24 (3.8) 24 (1.4) 13 (2.6) 16 (3.9) 29 (3.5) 24 (2.7) 17 (2.9) 17 (0.6) 26 (1.0) 16 (2.4) 5 (1.4) 28 (0.8) 18 (3.4) 24 (4.3) 20 (3.8) 12 (3.6) 21 (3.4) 19 (3.2) 22 (3.9) 25 (3.6) 17 (3.4) 17 (3.2) 35 (3.8) 29 (3.3) 12 (1.4)	23 (3.7) 20 (2.4) 12 (3.0) 24 (4.4) 17 (2.9) 21 (3.1) 14 (2.6) 39 (0.8) 17 (0.5) 12 (2.1) 10 (1.9) 36 (0.8) 20 (3.9) 21 (3.5) 23 (4.1) 9 (1.9) 15 (2.4) 19 (3.6) 24 (3.3) 11 (2.5) 37 (3.9) 13 (2.5) 29 (4.4) 25 (3.7) 22 (3.1) 24 (2.5)	35 (4.5) 24 (2.7) 42 (3.9) 43 (5.8) 40 (3.0) 30 (2.9) 31 (2.8) 30 (0.9) 33 (1.3) 42 (3.1) 34 (1.0) 27 (4.1) 34 (4.5) 34 (4.5) 31 (3.5) 25 (3.6) 34 (3.7) 30 (3.6) 23 (3.7) 28 (3.4) 40 (4.1) 32 (3.7) 34 (3.1) 41 (2.1)
NEW YORKT NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINAT TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONTT VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSINT WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	29 (4.4) 55 (3.7) 50 (3.0) 45 (4.2) 43 (1.2) 49 (3.9) 63 (4.7) 37 (2.9) 37 (2.5) 35 (2.9) 33 (3.1) 48 (3.7) 58 (4.0) 63 (4.3) 60 (1.0)	34 (4.3) 28 (3.5) 47 (2.8) 35 (3.9) 44 (1.1) 30 (3.9) 39 (4.7) 34 (3.1) 53 (2.7) 39 (2.8) 24 (3.0) 31 (3.9) 43 (4.2) 32 (3.9) 67 (1.0)	25 (4.0) 35 (3.4) 51 (3.3) 39 (4.5) 40 (1.0) 39 (3.5) 28 (4.1) 35 (3.4) 40 (2.7) 34 (3.5) 27 (2.8) 33 (3.6) 62 (3.6) 29 (4.5) 61 (1.1)	56 (4.7) 32 (3.2) 40 (2.9) 41 (4.4) 43 (1.1) 22 (3.5) 34 (4.6) 43 (3.3) 43 (3.0) 53 (3.0) 53 (3.0) 54 (3.5) 50 (4.8) 46 (4.1) 34 (4.6) 68 (1.1)	25 (3.7) 13 (2.4) 17 (2.8) 18 (3.1) 26 (0.8) 10 (2.1) 16 (2.9) 13 (2.5) 37 (2.1) 16 (1.1) 19 (2.2) 23 (4.0) 34 (3.8) 19 (3.6) 40 (1.1) 14 (0.8)	24 (3.9) 11 (2.2) 32 (2.5) 24 (3.7) 22 (0.5) 14 (2.6) 17 (3.6) 36 (1.6) 15 (1.9) 9 (1.9) 23 (3.7) 36 (4.1) 20 (3.8) 28 (0.8)	20 (3.3) 40 (3.5) 31 (3.2) 33 (3.1) 37 (1.2) 35 (3.8) 37 (4.4) 46 (3.4) 31 (3.2) 33 (2.8) 40 (3.9) 43 (4.7) 27 (3.5) 22 (3.1) 34 (1.0)
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	48 (1.7) 30 (1.3) 67 (1.2)	36 (1.8) 41 (1.1) 81 (1.1)	52 (1.3) 27 (1.0) 85 (1.3)	46 (0.9) 41 (1.1)	21 (0.8) 11 (0.3)	16 (0.6) 52 (1.1)	39 (0.8) 46 (1.6)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



[·] Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS: TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: Percentage of Students Their Graduate Majors



What were your graduate major fields of study?	Education	Secondary Education	Science Education	Life Science	Physical Science	Earth Science	Other	No Graduate Study
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States	27 (3.8)	26 (3.4)	28 (5.0)	10 (1.8)	5 (1.5)	9 (2.4)	42 (4.5)	13 (2.4)
	26 (5.4)	51 (9.0)	41 (20.4)	6 (3.7)	3 (···)	23 (10.5)	29 (10.3)	4 (···)
	22 (4.5)	17 (5.8)	19 (5.5)	9 (3.1)	6 (3.1)	5 (2.3)	35 (9.2)	27 (6.0)
	19 (8.7)	25 (7.1)	38 (9.0)	14 (4.5)	8 (4.3)	5 (···)	59 (9.4)	9 (5.4)
	36 (7.9)	17 (4.8)	20 (4.8)	9 (3.2)	3 (1.2)	6 (2.5)	44 (5.8)	11 (3.5)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA	31 (3.7) 27 (2.3) 39 (4.3) 25 (3.8) 45 (3.8) 26 (3.5) 44 (3.9) 25 (0.9) 32 (1.1) 25 (3.2) 40 (3.2) 36 (0.9) 42 (5.0) 30 (4.4) 56 (4.0) 31 (4.1)	37 (4.2) 16 (1.3) 22 (4.0) 25 (3.6) 29 (3.1) 19 (2.8) 14 (2.7) 22 (0.6) 37 (1.0) 15 (2.3) 12 (2.1) 26 (1.0) 43 (3.8) 19 (3.9) 20 (3.3) 16 (3.4)	26 (3.8) 23 (1.2) 22 (4.5) 23 (3.9) 24 (3.6) 20 (3.0) 37 (3.7) 25 (0.8) 27 (1.1) 30 (3.2) 24 (2.9) 26 (0.8) 28 (4.4) 40 (4.1) 29 (3.6)	23 (3.5) 13 (1.6) 15 (3.3) 17 (4.0) 21 (3.0) 16 (2.6) 22 (3.1) 11 (0.6) 22 (0.8) 10 (1.7) 5 (1.5) 12 (0.7) 23 (3.5) 16 (3.6) 7 (1.4) 6 (1.6)	9 (2.7) 10 (0.9) 4 (2.4) 7 (2.4) 12 (3.3) 9 (1.8) 13 (2.9) 7 (0.6) 14 (0.6) 7 (1.3) 3 (1.1) 5 (0.6) 10 (3.1) 10 (2.7) 4 (1.5) 4 (1.3)	11 (3.2) 9 (1.4) 4 (1.4) 17 (3.9) 7 (2.1) 10 (2.5) 11 (2.6) 17 (0.7) 11 (0.5) 6 (1.2) 8 (1.7) 15 (0.8) 16 (3.7) 18 (3.3) 8 (2.3) 8 (2.0)	31 (4.4) 50 (3.0) 51 (4.3) 41 (5.4) 35 (3.1) 45 (4.1) 39 (3.8) 36 (0.9) 48 (1.4) 46 (3.5) 31 (3.1) 32 (0.9) 24 (4.0) 38 (5.3) 34 (4.1) 42 (4.2)	18 (3.1) 13 (2.0) 16 (3.5) 25 (3.7) 12 (2.4) 18 (2.6) 3 (1.5) 20 (0.8) 3 (0.2) 23 (3.0) 27 (3.5) 28 (1.1) 21 (3.3) 18 (3.6) 8 (2.4) 23 (3.6)
MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA	29 (3.2) 30 (4.4) 40 (4.5) 30 (3.0) 32 (4.1) 30 (4.0) 30 (4.2) 25 (2.7) 22 (2.8)	10 (2.0) 21 (3.3) 19 (3.7) 15 (2.7) 26 (3.9) 16 (2.8) 23 (3.6) 15 (3.0) 24 (2.9)	20 (2.8) 31 (3.6) 29 (4.2) 33 (4.4) 35 (4.3) 24 (3.4) 25 (3.8) 31 (4.2) 39 (3.3)	11 (2.4) 11 (2.4) 13 (2.7) 13 (3.3) 16 (3.1) 12 (2.1) 8 (2.1) 19 (3.3) 20 (2.7)	8 (1.9) 7 (2.2) 13 (2.6) 10 (2.3) 12 (3.8) 9 (2.5) 5 (1.8) 9 (1.3) 17 (2.2)	7 (1.8) 14 (3.3) 11 (2.3) 5 (1.5) 24 (3.2) 4 (1.6) 13 (3.2) 6 (1.4) 13 (2.7)	34 (3.7) 45 (4.1) 44 (3.8) 45 (4.5) 32 (4.7) 22 (3.1) 47 (4.4) 27 (3.2) 32 (3.0)	30 (3.2) 15 (2.9) 14 (2.4) 13 (2.5) 20 (3.3) 28 (3.6) 17 (3.4) 30 (4.2) 21 (2.4)
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	26 (2.4)	23 (1.7)	20 (1.5)	12 (1.9)	6 (1.3)	10 (1.4)	51 (2.7)	18 (1.8)
	34 (3.8)	33 (4.0)	39 (5.1)	27 (4.6)	18 (3.4)	17 (3.3)	33 (4.0)	4 (1.4)
	30 (3.3)	9 (1.7)	31 (3.5)	10 (2.2)	5 (1.5)	5 (1.4)	26 (3.0)	38 (3.7)
	17 (2.4)	14 (1.4)	26 (2.6)	14 (2.5)	11 (2.1)	12 (2.2)	34 (2.9)	38 (2.8)
	48 (4.2)	31 (3.4)	40 (4.3)	17 (3.4)	6 (1.9)	23 (3.6)	35 (3.8)	7 (2.2)
	38 (0.9)	28 (0.8)	31 (1.0)	21 (0.6)	18 (0.6)	11 (0.5)	38 (1.1)	13 (0.7)
	42 (3.4)	16 (2.7)	28 (3.9)	13 (3.1)	6 (1.9)	17 (3.1)	40 (4.2)	17 (2.9)
	36 (4.5)	17 (3.4)	13 (2.8)	5 (1.6)	5 (1.7)	6 (1.9)	51 (5.4)	26 (4.2)
	20 (3.1)	14 (2.4)	18 (2.8)	11 (2.2)	4 (1.4)	22 (3.3)	44 (3.6)	28 (3.0)
	24 (1.9)	21 (2.0)	17 (1.6)	14 (1.8)	15 (1.7)	17 (1.8)	36 (2.5)	29 (2.5)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	40 (2.5)	23 (1.9)	26 (3.2)	15 (2.4)	10 (1.1)	10 (1.9)	43 (3.1)	8 (1.2)
	28 (2.9)	14 (2.2)	29 (2.9)	13 (2.1)	13 (2.5)	11 (2.4)	38 (3.1)	19 (2.3)
	39 (4.3)	21 (3.5)	25 (3.5)	10 (2.1)	7 (1.7)	10 (2.9)	49 (4.4)	17 (3.0)
	40 (3.6)	22 (3.0)	30 (3.0)	13 (2.7)	7 (1.9)	10 (2.4)	57 (3.9)	7 (1.7)
	39 (4.4)	9 (2.1)	19 (3.5)	10 (2.4)	11 (3.2)	13 (3.6)	42 (4.4)	19 (3.7)
	37 (0.8)	30 (0.9)	30 (1.0)	29 (0.9)	16 (0.8)	20 (0.8)	41 (1.2)	11 (0.7)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	50 (1.1)	0 (···)	16 (1.3)	3 (0.7)	10 (1.0)	10 (1.0)	31 (1.4)	24 (0.9)
	37 (1.0)	16 (1.0)	20 (0.6)	23 (0.8)	9 (0.8)	20 (0.6)	54 (1.2)	3 (0.7)
	14 (1.0)	48 (0.7)	20 (1.4)	8 (1.1)	0 (···)	12 (0.9)	64 (1.1)	6 (0.9)

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



The state of the s

^{···} Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON: Their Teaching Certification in Their Main Assignment Field



What type of teaching certification do you have in this state in your main assignment field?	I Don't Have a Certificate in My Main Assignment Field	Certification by an Accreditation Body Other Than the State	Temporary, Provisional, or Emergency State Certification	Probationary State Certificate (Initial Certificate)	Regular or Standard State Certificate	Advanced Professional Certificate
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	1 (0.5) 2 (···) 2 (1.3) 0 (···) 1 (···)	0 (···) 2 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	4 (1.3) 5 (2.7) 2 (···) 3 (2.2) 5 (2.9)	3 (1.3) 7 (4.6) 3 (1.5) 3 (···) 1 (···)	79 (3.5) 80 (5.4) 62 (7.4) 80 (10.0) 89 (4.7)	13 (3.0) 5 (···) 32 (6.7) 14 (9.8) 4 (···)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE	1 (0.6) 1 () 3 (2.1) 2 (1.1) 3 (1.6) 2 (1.0) 2 (1.5) 2 (0.4)	0 () 0 () 0 () 0 () 0 () 0 () 3 (0.3)	0 () 0 (0.2) 5 (2.0) 1 (0.5) 9 (1.9) 4 (1.3) 7 (2.1) 8 (0.5)	0 () 2 (0.9) 6 (2.2) 1 () 6 (1.7) 8 (2.1) 4 (1.2) 4 (0.5)	58 (4.7) 91 (1.3) 77 (3.3) 92 (2.4) 70 (3.8) 74 (3.2) 76 (3.4) 66 (1.0)	40 (4.8) 6 (1.2) 7 (2.0) 5 (1.9) 12 (2.5) 13 (2.0) 10 (2.1) 18 (0.8)
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY	0 (···) 1 (0.5) 0 (···) 4 (0.7) 1 (···) 0 (···)	0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···) 3 (0.2) 0 (···) 0 (···)	6 (1.5) 15 (2.3) 2 (0.8) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.7) 2 (0.8) 6 (2.3)	0 (···) 3 (1.1) 1 (···) 17 (0.7) 3 (1.5) 3 (1.4) 2 (1.2)	73 (1.4) 67 (3.3) 66 (3.5) 42 (1.0) 66 (3.7) 61 (5.1) 77 (3.6)	20 (0.9) 14 (2.6) 31 (3.5) 34 (1.1) 30 (3.7) 34 (4.9) 14 (2.6)
LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA	3 (1.1) 0 (···) 0 (···) 5 (1.3) 3 (1.3) 0 (···)	0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···) 1 (···) 0 (···)	12 (3.0) 5 (1.5) 7 (2.4) 2 (0.8) 13 (2.8) 1 (···)	4 (1.7) 8 (2.3) 4 (1.4) 0 () 10 (2.5) 4 (1.4)	60 (4.4) 76 (3.2) 26 (4.3) 88 (2.4) 60 (4.3) 85 (3.0)	21 (4.4) 11 (2.6) 62 (4.5) 5 (1.7) 15 (2.6) 10 (2.5)
MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO	1 (0.8) 0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (0.0) 1 (0.1)	0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	6 (2.1) 7 (2.2) 8 (1.8) 3 (0.7) 3 (0.4)	2 (1.3) 6 (1.7) 1 (0.1) 4 (1.0) 1 (0.8)	74 (3.7) 75 (3.7) 78 (2.6) 77 (3.0) 79 (1.3)	17 (2.8) 12 (2.7) 13 (1.9) 16 (2.8)
NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	1 (0.7) 1 (0.7) 1 (···) 3 (1.3)	1 (0.5) 0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	10 (2.2) 4 (1.6) 0 (···) 0 (···)	5 (1.6) 9 (1.8) 2 (0.3) 7 (2.0)	76 (3.1) 63 (3.2) 91 (1.3) 82 (3.0)	6 (1.7) 23 (3.0) 7 (1.1) 8 (2.2)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	0 (···) 2 (1.0) 0 (···) 1 (0.5) 1 (0.1)	0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	9 (0.5) 5 (1.9) 1 (···) 7 (2.0) 3 (0.9)	10 (0.7) 1 (···) 6 (2.0) 3 (1.1) 14 (2.1)	44 (1.0) 61 (4.1) 75 (4.3) 83 (3.2) 72 (2.5)	38 (1.0) 31 (3.8) 18 (4.0) 7 (2.1) 9 (1.8)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	0 (···) 1 (0.5) 0 (···) 1 (0.4) 0 (···)	0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···) 0 (···)	0 (···) 2 (1.1) 1 (···) 2 (0.9) 1 (···) 2 (0.1)	7 (0.7) 3 (1.0) 6 (1.5) 3 (0.9) 0 (···) 1 (0.1)	78 (2.5) 62 (3.2) 80 (3.3) 63 (3.5) 89 (2.9) 81 (1.0)	15 (2.4) 32 (3.1) 13 (2.9) 31 (3.5) 10 (2.8) 17 (1.1)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	9 (0.8) 1 (0.1) 0 (···)	0 (···) 8 (0.4) 6 (0.9)	0 (···) 1 (···) 0 (···)	6 (0.8) 0 (···) 0 (···)	37 (1.9) 77 (0.9) 86 (1.4)	48 (1.8) 12 (0.6) 8 (1.1)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

Their Teaching Certification Recognized by Their State



TEACHERS REPORTS	JIV. Meir leucini	ng Cernification Recogn	ized by men state	
Do you have teaching certification in any of the following areas that is recognized by the state in which you teach?	Elementary or Middle/Junior High School Educotion	Elementary Science	Middle/Junior High School or Secondory School	Other
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Notion NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST States	66 (5.9) 63 (21.2) 68 (7.1) 52 (11.4) 77 (5.6)	25 (4.3) 15 (4.9) 11 (4.4) 21 (10.1) 45 (10.1)	95 (1.6) 96 () 89 (5.0) 97 () 97 (1.2)	51 (6.3) 25 (11.1) 62 (7.0) 58 (14.8) 59 (9.6)
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	49 (6.3) 57 (3.0) 74 (4.1) 73 (4.6) 61 (3.8) 46 (3.9) 71 (3.7) 58 (1.3) 74 (1.5)	13 (4.0) 7 (1.2) 14 (3.6) 11 (3.6) 44 (4.2) 10 (2.7) 18 (3.7) 17 (1.1) 15 (1.1)	80 (2.5) 71 (4.9) 97 (1.7) 87 (2.1) 89 (2.3) 81 (3.0) 86 (0.9) 99 ()	28 (3.7) 43 (6.3) 62 (6.5) 43 (5.0) 35 (5.1) 30 (5.2) 34 (1.8) 55 (3.3)
FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA	69 (3.5) 87 (2.1) 46 (1.5) 61 (4.4) 64 (5.8) 74 (3.8) 75 (3.7)	18 (3.4) 11 (2.6) 6 (1.6) 27 (5.7) 21 (4.5) 22 (3.9) 29 (5.4)	91 (1.8) 61 (3.6) 84 (1.0) 93 (2.7) 88 (2.6) 82 (3.2) 63 (4.6)	58 (4.7) 30 (3.7) 17 (1.1) 38 (6.5) 47 (6.5) 59 (6.8) 43 (5.9)
MAINE MARYLANDT MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGANT MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI	73 (3.9) 53 (4.6) 62 (4.9) 72 (4.5) 52 (5.4) 78 (4.0)	25 (4.2) 24 (4.3) 14 (4.1) 37 (5.2) 8 (2.5) 16 (3.3)	80 (3.0) 84 (2.5) 91 (2.0) 87 (4.2) 98 (1.4) 80 (4.1)	37 (5.9) 34 (5.1) 52 (5.7) 35 (5.2) 29 (6.0) 33 (6.4)
MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK†	64 (4.2) 48 (3.2) 52 (4.0) 59 (2.6) 57 (3.8)	21 (3.8) 13 (2.5) 9 (2.1) 20 (2.3) 14 (3.7)	94 (2.2) 84 (4.5) 95 (1.6) 83 (2.2) 92 (1.2)	51 (5.4) 17 (4.5) 36 (4.6) 50 (3.6) 27 (4.3)
NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND	71 (4.0) 49 (3.5) 56 (3.6) 55 (1.4)	37 (4.7) 9 (2.1) 21 (5.0) 8 (0.6) 28 (4.8)	86 (2.6) 92 (1.5) 85 (2.7) 99 (0.3) 82 (3.4)	64 (5.1) 23 (2.2) 43 (5.3) 50 (1.3) 49 (6.0)
SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT†	72 (3.9) 76 (4.0) 55 (3.7) 53 (3.0) 38 (2.7)	30 (4.9) 19 (3.2) 7 (1.9) 17 (3.9)	86 (3.2) 91 (2.1) 95 (0.8) 93 (1.3)	51 (6.6) 47 (4.9) 35 (3.7) 39 (5.4)
VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	61 (4.3) 80 (3.5) 73 (3.3) 69 (4.7) 71 (0.8)	22 (3.1) 47 (5.7) 26 (3.9) 33 (4.8) 11 (1.0)	89 (2.2) 87 (3.3) 94 (1.8) 81 (4.0) 94 (0.6)	41 (4.8) 54 (6.7) 47 (5.4) 40 (5.3) 44 (1.6)
Other Jurisdictions			,	
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	83 (1.2) 71 (1.0) 82 (0.6)	19 (1.7) 32 (1.0) 0 (···)	83 (1.1) 99 (0.1) 86 (1.0)	48 (1.8) 77 (1.2) 2 (···)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

TABLE 7.6 POPULATION:

1996 Science Assessment

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

Percentage of Students

Their Total Number of Years Teaching Experience



Counting this year, how many years in total have you taught at either the elementary or secondary level?	2 Years or Less	3 to 5 Years	6 to 10 Years	11 to 24 Years	25 Years or More
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	9 (2.2) 4 (2.4) 14 (3.5) 13 (7.9) 7 (2.6)	9 (1.7) 3 (1.2) 11 (3.8) 9 (4.3) 11 (3.3)	22 (3.2) 6 (2.1) 20 (7.0) 16 (6.6) 36 (7.4)	36 (4.1) 35 (8.2) 38 (5.9) 36 (11.2) 37 (6.6)	24 (3.2) 52 (9.3) 17 (3.8) 26 (9.4) 10 (3.6)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	8 (2.1) 15 (1.7) 18 (3.1) 9 (2.4) 10 (2.1) 12 (2.6) 7 (2.0) 18 (0.8) 4 (0.6) 13 (2.0) 13 (2.2) 27 (1.2) 12 (2.5) 6 (1.7) 11 (2.9) 12 (2.5) 11 (2.4) 14 (3.0) 7 (1.6) 11 (2.5) 11 (1.8) 13 (3.1) 11 (2.3) 11 (3.2) 5 (0.7) 14 (1.7) 9 (2.3) 15 (2.6) 8 (1.5) 6 (1.8) 5 (0.6) 17 (2.9) 7 (2.3) 15 (2.4) 19 (2.0) 13 (0.9) 11 (1.8) 10 (2.7) 6 (0.3)	24 (4.0) 20 (2.3) 21 (3.5) 10 (2.3) 15 (2.7) 18 (2.8) 8 (2.0) 17 (0.7) 5 (0.7) 13 (2.5) 15 (2.4) 19 (0.7) 12 (2.8) 8 (2.4) 20 (3.4) 15 (3.0) 8 (1.9) 16 (3.3) 8 (1.5) 15 (3.3) 17 (3.1) 17 (3.1) 17 (3.1) 17 (3.1) 17 (3.2) 20 (2.8) 21 (2.5) 15 (1.3) 8 (1.7) 11 (2.0) 12 (1.6) 9 (2.1) 19 (1.0) 11 (2.4) 18 (3.8) 19 (2.4) 23 (1.8) 18 (2.1) 15 (3.0) 18 (3.0) 18 (2.1) 15 (3.0) 18 (2.4) 2 (2.0) 13 (0.7)	16 (3.2) 24 (3.1) 19 (3.4) 16 (2.7) 24 (3.2) 21 (2.4) 10 (2.1) 15 (0.7) 22 (1.5) 21 (3.4) 26 (2.6) 22 (0.7) 16 (3.6) 15 (3.3) 25 (3.8) 19 (3.3) 16 (2.7) 16 (3.2) 13 (2.8) 11 (2.6) 18 (2.8) 11 (2.6) 18 (2.8) 11 (2.4) 19 (3.6) 20 (3.6) 19 (2.4) 28 (2.2) 21 (4.0) 16 (2.7) 21 (2.0) 24 (3.8) 12 (0.4) 13 (3.0) 24 (3.5) 19 (3.0) 27 (2.8) 19 (2.7) 14 (2.7) 21 (2.0) 22 (3.2) 26 (3.4) 18 (3.0) 29 (0.8)	39 (4.5) 30 (1.6) 28 (4.0) 53 (4.2) 31 (3.7) 32 (3.4) 38 (3.7) 22 (0.8) 53 (1.6) 36 (3.6) 35 (3.4) 19 (0.7) 35 (3.8) 41 (5.1) 31 (4.0) 40 (4.3) 34 (4.0) 38 (4.1) 36 (3.9) 30 (4.3) 26 (4.1) 40 (3.9) 41 (4.5) 29 (3.4) 30 (3.3) 32 (1.9) 30 (4.6) 45 (4.0) 48 (3.0) 45 (3.6) 41 (1.1) 44 (4.1) 38 (4.4) 35 (3.4) 21 (2.3) 33 (3.2) 44 (4.0) 36 (4.3) 44 (3.9) 39 (4.5) 39 (4.5) 35 (0.8)	14 (3.2) 11 (2.5) 15 (3.2) 11 (3.4) 19 (3.1) 17 (3.3) 38 (3.8) 29 (0.6) 15 (0.7) 17 (3.2) 10 (1.7) 13 (0.6) 25 (2.8) 30 (4.8) 13 (2.8) 14 (3.4) 30 (3.6) 15 (2.4) 37 (3.8) 33 (4.1) 29 (3.9) 19 (3.1) 12 (2.3) 20 (3.4) 25 (2.8) 11 (1.5) 32 (3.9) 13 (2.4) 12 (1.6) 16 (3.1) 22 (0.9) 15 (3.0) 14 (2.7) 12 (2.5) 10 (1.9) 17 (2.4) 16 (2.6) 14 (2.9) 20 (2.6) 24 (4.2) 17 (0.8)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	15 (1.1) 3 (0.7) 33 (0.7)	7 (1.1) 12 (0.5) 1 (0.3)	41 (1.7) 3 (0.3) 6 (0.9)	17 (1.5) 67 (1.0) 29 (1.5)	20 (1.0) 16 (0.7) 31 (1.3)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



TABLE 7.7 POPULATION:

1996 Science Assessment

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

Their Number of Years of Science Teaching Experience



			1		
Counting this year, how many years in total have you taught science?	2 Years or Less	3 to 5 Years	6 to 10 Years	11 to 24 Years	25 Years or More
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	13 (2.4) 7 (3.5) 18 (3.5) 19 (8.5) 9 (2.7)	11 (2.2) 8 (4.8) 13 (3.4) 3 (2.2) 16 (4.6)	30 (3.2) 12 (2.9) 28 (7.7) 29 (7.9) 44 (7.1)	26 (3.4) 20 (7.7) 33 (8.0) 24 (7.0) 25 (4.8)	20 (3.0) 52 (9.3) 9 (2.0) 25 (9.3) 5 (3.2)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN†	12 (2.5) 17 (1.9) 28 (3.4) 13 (2.9) 15 (2.4) 17 (3.2) 12 (2.6) 20 (0.9) 11 (1.5) 16 (2.1) 20 (2.4) 33 (1.2) 14 (2.5) 9 (2.4) 14 (3.2) 20 (2.8) 15 (2.7) 17 (3.3) 12 (2.0)	23 (3.8) 24 (3.1) 19 (3.4) 11 (2.3) 21 (3.4) 22 (3.3) 11 (2.1) 22 (0.9) 6 (0.5) 17 (2.7) 19 (3.0) 15 (0.6) 11 (2.7) 14 (2.8) 26 (3.5) 17 (3.3) 12 (2.2) 19 (3.8) 8 (1.7)	23 (3.8) 25 (2.8) 22 (4.0) 25 (4.3) 21 (3.2) 20 (2.8) 13 (2.6) 9 (0.7) 23 (1.1) 27 (3.7) 28 (2.7) 20 (0.8) 19 (3.9) 13 (3.4) 26 (3.9) 23 (3.2) 19 (3.2) 14 (2.4) 16 (3.2)	35 (4.6) 27 (2.8) 26 (3.6) 44 (4.4) 34 (3.9) 28 (3.3) 34 (3.5) 21 (0.8) 47 (1.5) 29 (3.5) 26 (3.0) 19 (0.7) 34 (4.2) 38 (5.2) 28 (3.7) 32 (3.9) 30 (3.8) 39 (4.1) 32 (3.9)	7 (2.0) 7 (0.6) 6 (1.8) 7 (2.5) 10 (2.6) 13 (2.8) 29 (3.9) 28 (0.6) 13 (0.5) 12 (3.0) 7 (1.4) 12 (0.6) 23 (2.7) 26 (4.8) 6 (1.7) 9 (3.0) 25 (3.4) 10 (2.0) 33 (3.8)
MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS	17 (3.4) 14 (2.4) 16 (3.2) 15 (2.9) 12 (3.3) 5 (0.5) 16 (1.8) 12 (2.6) 20 (3.1) 11 (1.8) 12 (2.4) 13 (0.8) 19 (3.1) 11 (2.8) 19 (2.8)	13 (2.9) 17 (2.8) 20 (3.5) 18 (3.2) 22 (2.8) 21 (2.3) 24 (2.0) 7 (1.6) 14 (2.3) 11 (1.4) 12 (2.8) 13 (0.8) 16 (2.9) 21 (3.8) 19 (2.3)	17 (3.0) 15 (2.9) 16 (3.1) 21 (3.9) 20 (3.6) 23 (2.7) 24 (2.4) 21 (4.1) 21 (3.2) 23 (2.1) 28 (4.2) 18 (0.6) 16 (2.8) 29 (4.0) 22 (3.0)	26 (3.4) 26 (4.2) 39 (4.1) 37 (4.2) 30 (3.4) 30 (3.2) 30 (2.0) 32 (4.4) 38 (4.1) 44 (3.1) 35 (4.2) 34 (1.0) 39 (3.6) 30 (4.5) 35 (3.4)	26 (3.6) 28 (3.8) 10 (2.2) 8 (2.3) 16 (3.4) 21 (2.9) 6 (1.2) 29 (3.6) 7 (2.0) 12 (1.6) 14 (3.4) 22 (0.9) 11 (2.8) 8 (1.9) 6 (1.8)
UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	20 (2.1) 18 (1.2) 13 (2.0) 14 (2.3) 8 (2.1) 15 (3.1) 8 (0.6) 15 (1.1) 11 (0.7) 33 (0.7)	25 (2.1) 19 (3.0) 18 (3.2) 18 (2.9) 10 (2.1) 9 (1.8) 16 (0.5) 9 (1.3) 14 (0.7) 1 (0.3)	28 (2.8) 18 (1.9) 16 (2.3) 28 (3.6) 26 (3.1) 20 (3.0) 27 (0.8) 41 (1.7) 9 (0.2) 16 (0.4)	20 (2.1) 31 (3.0) 40 (3.7) 29 (3.6) 43 (4.1) 37 (3.9) 37 (0.8) 22 (1.6) 58 (0.8) 43 (1.1)	6 (1.5) 14 (2.2) 13 (2.1) 11 (2.7) 13 (2.4) 19 (3.7) 13 (0.9) 13 (0.9) 7 (0.3) 8 (1.1)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students Recent Course Taking in Science or Science Education



science or science education?
many college or university courses have you taken in
During the last two years, how

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

TE T				
During the last two years, how many college or university courses have you taken in science or science education?	None	One	Two	Three or More
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	59 (3.4) 72 (5.3) 54 (7.0) 61 (9.0) 54 (6.3)	14 (2.8) 15 (5.6) 16 (3.1) 7 (3.8) 17 (7.1)	11 (2.4) 5 (2.9) 19 (5.2) 15 (6.7) 7 (3.2)	16 (2.8) 8 (2.8) 11 (2.8) 18 (5.3) 22 (7.0)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA	61 (4.1) 44 (2.7) 48 (3.9) 64 (4.6) 54 (4.0) 34 (3.4) 74 (2.8) 48 (1.0) 17 (1.4) 55 (3.3) 64 (2.9) 22 (1.0) 68 (4.4) 52 (4.9) 61 (4.0) 56 (3.8) 59 (3.6)	17 (3.5) 9 (1.0) 12 (3.0) 16 (3.2) 16 (2.9) 17 (2.7) 8 (2.1) 8 (0.5) 12 (1.1) 21 (2.6) 14 (1.7) 28 (1.2) 16 (3.4) 16 (2.8) 18 (3.2) 13 (2.8) 22 (2.7)	8 (2.1) 26 (2.2) 18 (3.5) 17 (3.6) 11 (2.0) 15 (2.4) 8 (1.7) 15 (0.7) 19 (1.1) 9 (1.7) 8 (1.7) 16 (0.7) 8 (2.9) 10 (2.2) 6 (1.5) 15 (2.6) 10 (2.2)	15 (2.8) 21 (1.6) 22 (4.0) 4 (1.3) 19 (3.1) 33 (3.8) 11 (2.2) 29 (1.0) 52 (1.6) 14 (2.5) 14 (2.3) 34 (1.0) 8 (2.3) 22 (4.1) 16 (3.4) 15 (2.0) 8 (2.3)
MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	59 (3.6) 47 (4.5) 55 (3.9) 67 (4.0) 58 (4.2) 58 (4.6) 42 (3.9) 39 (4.3) 50 (3.8) 57 (1.7) 69 (4.5) 65 (3.8) 27 (2.2) 49 (4.7)	15 (3.3) 19 (3.3) 10 (2.4) 14 (3.2) 15 (3.7) 16 (2.9) 20 (4.4) 20 (2.8) 16 (1.9) 8 (2.2) 16 (2.9) 21 (2.2) 15 (3.5)	19 (3.3) 13 (2.3) 9 (2.3) 9 (2.2) 10 (2.5) 22 (3.4) 21 (2.8) 13 (2.8) 12 (1.8) 8 (2.3) 6 (1.6) 15 (1.6) 13 (3.1)	19 (3.0) 14 (3.0) 13 (2.7) 20 (3.4) 17 (3.3) 20 (3.8) 17 (2.5) 15 (1.2) 14 (3.4) 13 (2.5) 36 (2.2) 23 (3.8)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING Other Jurisdictions	42 (1.0) 31 (3.7) 69 (4.6) 74 (3.4) 38 (2.4) 38 (3.2) 42 (3.0) 44 (4.6) 46 (3.9) 43 (4.4) 29 (0.7)	19 (0.9) 21 (2.8) 15 (4.0) 9 (2.0) 9 (1.3) 27 (2.9) 28 (3.2) 15 (3.0) 22 (3.7) 22 (4.0) 24 (1.1)	21 (0.8) 23 (3.7) 8 (2.1) 6 (1.6) 16 (1.7) 19 (2.3) 14 (2.6) 14 (2.9) 17 (3.0) 13 (2.9) 17 (0.6)	18 (0.8) 24 (3.0) 7 (2.0) 11 (1.9) 37 (2.4) 16 (1.4) 16 (2.5) 26 (3.7) 15 (2.0) 21 (3.9) 29 (0.8)
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	53 (1.4) 42 (1.2) 10 (1.1)	31 (1.8) 18 (1.3) 26 (0.7)	0 (···) 14 (0.6) 52 (1.2)	16 (1.2) 26 (0.7) 12 (0.9)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

Professional Development Activities in Science or Science Education



During the past two years, have you taken courses or participated in professional development activities in any of the following?	Methods of Teaching Science	Biology/Life Science	Chemistry	Physics	Earth Science
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	12 (2.2)	14 (2.7)	6 (1.7)	8 (1.8)	9 (2.0)
	8 (3.8)	5 (2.3)	4 (2.5)	0 (···)	4 (2.1)
	16 (5.1)	15 (5.2)	13 (5.0)	18 (5.1)	16 (5.2)
	13 (6.0)	12 (4.8)	3 (···)	4 (···)	7 (3.8)
	12 (2.9)	20 (6.6)	6 (2.8)	10 (3.0)	9 (3.6)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII	12 (2.7)	12 (2.9)	5 (1.6)	3 (1.2)	8 (2.3)
	14 (1.6)	10 (1.8)	2 (1.2)	6 (1.3)	4 (1.4)
	22 (3.8)	15 (3.0)	8 (2.1)	10 (2.8)	11 (2.3)
	12 (3.0)	13 (3.2)	6 (1.7)	4 (1.9)	10 (2.9)
	16 (3.2)	14 (2.5)	6 (1.5)	8 (1.6)	9 (2.0)
	23 (3.7)	19 (2.6)	15 (2.9)	10 (2.0)	21 (2.9)
	9 (2.3)	7 (1.8)	5 (1.5)	5 (2.0)	7 (2.0)
	20 (0.9)	21 (0.7)	6 (0.4)	5 (0.4)	24 (1.0)
	32 (1.7)	26 (1.3)	3 (0.2)	11 (0.5)	7 (1.2)
	16 (2.7)	11 (2.2)	8 (1.8)	5 (1.2)	8 (1.6)
	21 (2.6)	6 (1.4)	4 (1.1)	8 (1.7)	9 (1.8)
	29 (1.0)	11 (0.8)	8 (0.5)	12 (0.6)	23 (0.9)
INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA	19 (4.3)	10 (2.7)	7 (2.5)	6 (2.0)	9 (2.5)
	19 (3.9)	13 (3.1)	6 (2.4)	7 (2.3)	18 (3.9)
	20 (3.3)	9 (2.7)	6 (2.1)	9 (2.7)	15 (3.1)
	24 (3.4)	14 (2.2)	12 (2.4)	10 (2.2)	16 (2.7)
	14 (2.8)	6 (2.1)	4 (1.7)	4 (1.8)	2 (1.1)
	16 (2.9)	16 (2.7)	12 (2.8)	13 (2.6)	15 (3.1)
	18 (3.2)	12 (2.9)	6 (1.8)	6 (1.9)	6 (1.8)
	15 (2.6)	11 (2.9)	7 (2.5)	7 (1.7)	10 (2.7)
	19 (3.0)	15 (3.1)	5 (1.8)	5 (1.9)	12 (2.1)
MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	17 (3.1)	17 (3.4)	11 (3.1)	7 (2.0)	9 (2.6)
	18 (3.1)	13 (2.6)	5 (1.5)	15 (2.8)	14 (2.8)
	15 (3.3)	13 (3.5)	8 (2.6)	6 (1.7)	12 (3.2)
	16 (2.3)	10 (1.6)	12 (2.2)	7 (1.6)	10 (2.3)
	16 (1.9)	16 (1.2)	6 (1.3)	5 (1.1)	14 (1.5)
	11 (2.5)	11 (2.9)	7 (2.2)	6 (1.7)	8 (2.1)
	15 (2.8)	8 (2.0)	5 (1.6)	7 (1.8)	7 (1.9)
	12 (1.9)	15 (1.5)	9 (0.9)	9 (1.5)	16 (2.2)
	19 (3.8)	14 (2.6)	4 (1.7)	8 (2.7)	16 (3.4)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROUNAT TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONTT VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSINT WYOMING	15 (0.7) 29 (4.0) 15 (2.9) 9 (2.1) 25 (2.8) 31 (3.0) 18 (2.7) 17 (3.4) 24 (3.5) 20 (3.8) 24 (0.6)	19 (0.8) 20 (3.6) 10 (2.7) 8 (1.9) 17 (1.7) 17 (2.7) 8 (1.7) 13 (2.9) 9 (2.3) 9 (2.5) 16 (1.1)	6 (0.6) 12 (2.7) 6 (2.3) 8 (2.0) 16 (2.0) 6 (1.0) 7 (1.6) 6 (1.7) 10 (2.5) 6 (2.3) 7 (1.0)	11 (0.7) 10 (2.5) 5 (1.8) 4 (1.0) 22 (2.2) 11 (3.1) 17 (2.3) 7 (2.2) 8 (2.1) 7 (2.3) 9 (0.3)	11 (0.7) 23 (3.6) 6 (2.1) 9 (1.9) 20 (2.4) 12 (1.7) 8 (1.4) 13 (3.3) 17 (2.6) 11 (2.9) 9 (0.5)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	32 (1.7)	25 (1.4)	0 (···)	9 (0.8)	38 (1.7)
	23 (0.5)	13 (0.5)	8 (0.4)	9 (0.4)	23 (0.7)
	35 (0.9)	29 (1.1)	0 (···)	0 (···)	29 (1.1)

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

Percentage of Students

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

Professional Development in Technical Areas Related to Science



During the past five years, have you taken courses or participated in professional development activities in any of the following?	Use of Computers for Data Acquisition	Use of Computers for Data Analysis	Use of Multimedia for Science Education	Laboratory Management or Safety	Integrated Science Instruction
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	50 (4.6)	54 (4.4)	54 (4.5)	28 (3.8)	46 (4.2)
	66 (9.6)	67 (10.2)	30 (11.2)	37 (10.1)	16 (4.6)
	57 (6.2)	48 (6.2)	58 (7.9)	30 (8.2)	49 (6.6)
	45 (10.8)	53 (8.5)	50 (10.3)	15 (9.3)	34 (11.2)
	40 (7.7)	52 (8.3)	68 (6.2)	30 (5.3)	70 (7.2)
States ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	49 (4.2) 47 (2.9) 45 (4.5) 38 (5.0) 50 (4.0) 56 (3.5) 57 (1.1) 64 (1.0) 58 (3.5) 47 (3.5) 41 (1.1) 41 (4.5) 55 (4.6) 61 (4.0) 37 (4.2) 39 (3.3) 58 (4.3) 46 (4.0) 39 (4.1) 50 (4.7) 34 (4.0) 51 (4.1) 57 (3.8) 56 (3.6) 44 (2.9) 50 (4.3) 51 (4.1) 49 (2.7) 38 (4.3)	43 (3.9) 56 (3.1) 46 (4.0) 22 (4.0) 45 (3.3) 52 (3.9) 53 (3.5) 36 (0.9) 59 (1.1) 57 (3.5) 48 (3.1) 45 (1.2) 47 (5.0) 57 (5.2) 69 (3.7) 31 (3.9) 47 (3.7) 54 (4.0) 49 (4.2) 37 (4.2) 49 (4.2) 32 (4.4) 46 (4.1) 48 (3.7) 48 (3.2) 48 (2.2) 45 (4.6) 67 (3.6) 48 (2.8) 34 (3.9)	50 (3.9) 52 (2.7) 53 (4.6) 27 (3.6) 62 (3.5) 51 (3.3) 49 (3.6) 46 (0.9) 54 (1.0) 62 (3.6) 54 (3.2) 58 (1.1) 42 (4.7) 51 (4.9) 62 (4.1) 39 (4.5) 30 (3.9) 46 (4.1) 41 (4.1) 39 (4.3) 50 (4.3) 31 (3.2) 57 (4.4) 35 (3.6) 52 (3.0) 45 (2.1) 49 (4.1) 52 (3.7) 53 (3.4) 43 (4.0)	31 (4.3) 26 (2.1) 20 (3.6) 18 (3.5) 22 (3.2) 25 (3.9) 38 (3.7) 12 (0.8) 28 (1.3) 35 (2.9) 20 (2.8) 32 (1.2) 16 (3.2) 19 (3.3) 28 (3.3) 23 (3.2) 21 (2.7) 26 (3.7) 24 (3.6) 15 (2.4) 28 (4.0) 23 (3.6) 20 (3.3) 22 (3.4) 27 (3.0) 22 (1.6) 25 (4.2) 22 (3.1) 28 (3.1) 23 (4.2)	61 (3.9) 54 (2.7) 41 (4.4) 43 (5.3) 57 (3.8) 38 (2.7) 48 (4.0) 35 (1.0) 57 (1.4) 52 (3.1) 38 (3.2) 62 (1.1) 42 (5.2) 50 (4.6) 51 (4.4) 37 (3.9) 30 (3.5) 42 (3.7) 43 (3.9) 42 (4.3) 35 (4.1) 60 (4.3) 45 (4.3) 31 (3.7) 39 (3.9) 39 (2.6) 24 (3.7) 51 (3.8) 30 (2.5) 41 (4.0)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	45 (1.1)	43 (1.0)	38 (1.1)	13 (0.5)	36 (0.9)
	35 (3.7)	32 (3.8)	44 (4.1)	20 (2.7)	42 (4.3)
	50 (4.3)	48 (4.5)	53 (4.6)	28 (4.3)	36 (4.5)
	50 (3.4)	51 (3.6)	56 (3.7)	33 (3.6)	61 (3.3)
	50 (2.3)	43 (2.2)	50 (2.4)	30 (3.2)	39 (2.9)
	49 (2.8)	63 (2.8)	50 (3.1)	14 (2.1)	47 (2.6)
	58 (3.5)	55 (3.4)	58 (3.9)	28 (3.9)	37 (3.6)
	48 (4.9)	54 (4.6)	60 (4.1)	28 (4.0)	47 (4.5)
	44 (3.8)	30 (3.4)	56 (3.8)	31 (3.1)	78 (2.9)
	38 (4.2)	43 (4.6)	30 (4.1)	22 (3.4)	25 (4.1)
	70 (0.8)	55 (1.1)	57 (0.9)	22 (1.1)	40 (0.9)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	58 (1.9)	69 (1.4)	62 (1.6)	13 (0.9)	22 (1.3}
	65 (1.2)	53 (0.9)	36 (1.1)	28 (0.6)	41 (1.1)
	58 (1.5)	75 (1.0)	74 (0.9)	11 (0.3)	24 (0.9)

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



1996 Science Assessment

POPULATION:

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students

REPORTED STATISTICS:

TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:

Percentage of Students

Time Spent on Professional Development in Science



During the lost year, how much time in total have you spent in professional development workshops or seminors in science or science education?	None	Less than Six Hours	6 to 15 Hours	16 to 35 Hours	More than 35 Hours
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)
Nation NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	8 (2.5) 30 (12.3) 4 (1.5) 3 (2.3) 2 (1.2)	16 (4.2) 26 (···) 19 (6.9) 14 (4.4) 7 (2.1)	19 (2.7) 14 (5.9) 28 (5.0) 16 (5.8) 19 (5.9)	26 (4.1) 23 (11.8) 29 (8.8) 25 (8.8) 26 (6.3)	31 (3.5) 6 (2.6) 19 (3.5) 42 (8.7) 46 (7.7)
<u>States</u>					
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CALIFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	4 (1.6) 12 (2.6) 10 (2.8) 7 (2.3) 4 (1.1) 8 (1.6) 3 (1.5) 7 (0.5) 1 (0.0)	10 (2.5) 18 (2.4) 23 (3.5) 18 (3.9) 10 (2.4) 19 (3.1) 11 (2.1) 18 (0.6) 8 (1.3)	29 (3.7) 20 (3.0) 23 (3.6) 22 (4.2) 23 (3.5) 29 (3.4) 34 (3.5) 29 (0.9) 36 (1.4)	23 (3.7) 17 (1.7) 17 (3.1) 24 (4.3) 19 (3.0) 21 (3.2) 27 (3.3) 24 (0.9) 19 (0.9)	34 (3.9) 33 (2.0) 27 (4.0) 29 (4.5) 44 (3.5) 23 (3.1) 24 (3.4) 21 (0.8) 36 (1.3) 36 (3.5)
FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA	3 (1.0) 7 (1.7) 11 (0.8) 8 (2.4) 11 (3.0) 3 (1.2) 8 (1.9)	11 (3.1) 22 (2.5) 10 (0.7) 20 (3.9) 17 (3.5) 10 (2.6) 19 (3.4)	24 (3.1) 30 (2.7) 24 (0.9) 34 (4.4) 26 (3.9) 24 (4.1) 33 (3.7)	25 (2.9) 20 (2.6) 10 (0.6) 20 (3.9) 22 (3.6) 28 (3.4) 14 (2.7)	21 (2.9) 46 (1.2) 19 (3.5) 24 (5.0) 35 (3.8) 26 (3.8)
MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA	5 (2.1) 5 (1.6) 8 (2.6) 7 (1.9) 7 (2.6)	16 (2.7) 20 (3.2) 7 (1.8) 18 (3.0) 16 (2.7)	31 (3.4) 28 (3.9) 19 (2.8) 35 (3.9) 23 (3.1)	19 (2.9) 20 (3.4) 26 (4.0) 22 (3.2) 22 (3.7)	29 (3.5) 27 (3.6) 41 (4.6) 19 (3.9) 32 (4.3)
MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO	9 (2.0) 3 (1.4) 4 (1.2) 7 (2.3) 19 (1.8)	18 (3.6) 12 (2.3) 12 (3.1) 19 (2.1) 17 (1.7)	32 (3.7) 28 (4.0) 30 (2.4) 31 (3.3) 28 (2.0)	26 (3.7) 30 (3.4) 24 (2.7) 15 (2.7) 16 (2.3)	16 (2.6) 27 (4.1) 29 (3.4) 27 (3.2) 20 (1.6)
NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA OREGON	13 (3.5) 10 (2.2) 7 (2.3) 9 (2.7) 7 (0.6)	14 (2.8) 13 (2.5) 28 (1.8) 12 (2.6) 19 (0.9)	32 (4.6) 33 (3.5) 27 (2.8) 32 (4.1) 25 (0.9)	17 (2.9) 25 (3.2) 16 (2.0) 24 (3.3) 26 (1.0)	24 (3.9) 19 (3.4) 22 (2.3) 23 (3.4) 24 (0.7)
RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	9 (2.2) 10 (2.2) 4 (1.3) 7 (2.1)	19 (3.6) 16 (3.2) 9 (2.0) 18 (1.6)	23 (3.4) 35 (4.7) 30 (3.5) 32 (2.0)	22 (3.6) 21 (4.2) 32 (3.4) 22 (1.9)	27 (3.5) 19 (3.8) 25 (3.5) 21 (1.5)
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN†	8 (2.2) 6 (1.5) 12 (2.4) 4 (1.7) 9 (2.4)	13 (1.9) 16 (2.5) 12 (2.7) 9 (2.4) 15 (2.3)	18 (1.7) 37 (3.3) 20 (3.3) 27 (3.2) 24 (3.3)	15 (2.3) 19 (2.6) 23 (4.0) 25 (3.7) 20 (2.9)	45 (3.1) 22 (2.9) 33 (4.4) 34 (3.7) 34 (4.1)
WYOMING	2 (0.1)	18 (1.0)	30 (0.8)	22 (0.7)	27 (0.8)
Other Jurisdictions DDESS DoDDS GUAM	7 (1.0) 24 (1.2) 10 (1.1)	30 (1.3) 13 (0.8) 45 (0.7)	32 (1.4) 31 (0.7) 45 (1.2)	11 (0.6) 6 (0.3) 0 (0.2)	19 (1.2) 26 (1.1) 0 (···)

[†] State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A).

Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.
 SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



TABLE 7.12
POPULATION: REPORTED STATISTICS:

1996 Mathematics Assessment

1996 Grade 8 Public School Students **Percentage of Students**



TEACHERS' REPORTS ON:	N: Membership in Professional Organizations		
Do you belong to one or more professional organizations related to science?	Yes	No	
JURISDICTIONS	PCT (SE)	PCT (SE)	
Nation			
NATION NORTHEAST SOUTHEAST CENTRAL WEST	57 (4.5) 57 (14.1) 52 (9.0) 75 (7.3) 48 (5.9)	43 (4.5) 43 (14.1) 48 (9.0) 25 (7.3) 52 (5.9)	
States			
ALABAMA ALASKA† ARIZONA ARKANSAS† CAUFORNIA COLORADO CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	46 (4.0) 56 (2.7) 49 (3.6) 41 (4.6) 54 (3.1) 44 (3.8) 46 (3.2) 59 (0.8) 81 (1.1)	54 (4.0) 44 (2.7) 51 (3.6) 59 (4.6) 46 (3.1) 56 (3.8) 54 (3.2) 41 (0.8) 19 (1.1) 55 (3.1)	
FLORIDA GEORGIA HAWAII INDIANA IOWA† KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE MARYLAND† MASSACHUSETTS	45 (3.1) 46 (4.2) 41 (1.1) 62 (4.6) 47 (4.4) 60 (4.1) 54 (3.7) 42 (4.2) 50 (4.8) 56 (3.4)	54 (4.2) 59 (1.1) 38 (4.6) 53 (4.4) 40 (4.1) 46 (3.7) 58 (4.2) 50 (4.8) 44 (3.4)	
MICHIGAN† MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA† NEBRASKA NEW MEXICO NEW YORK† NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA	60 (4.5) 62 (4.9) 41 (4.3) 50 (4.7) 52 (3.3) 53 (3.5) 38 (2.5) 56 (4.7) 52 (3.4) 49 (3.7)	40 (4.5) 38 (4.9) 59 (4.3) 50 (4.7) 48 (3.3) 47 (3.5) 62 (2.5) 44 (4.7) 48 (3.4) 51 (3.7)	
OREGON RHODE ISLAND SOUTH CAROLINA† TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH	52 (4.3) 58 (1.0) 62 (4.0) 40 (4.3) 52 (3.5) 69 (2.1)	48 (4.3) 42 (1.0) 38 (4.0) 60 (4.3) 48 (3.5) 31 (2.1) 49 (2.4)	
VERMONT† VIRGINIA WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN† WYOMING	51 (2.4) 52 (2.9) 52 (4.6) 49 (3.8) 48 (5.6) 58 (1.0)	49 (2.4) 48 (2.9) 48 (4.6) 51 (3.8) 52 (5.6) 42 (1.0)	
Other Jurisdictions	57 (1 0)	43 (1.9)	
DDESS DoDDS GUAM	57 (1.9) 39 (1.3) 41 (1.2)	43 (1.9) 61 (1.3) 59 (1.2)	

State or other jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the 1996 school participation rate guidelines for the school sample(s) presented in this table (see Appendix A). SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



Technical Appendix

Introduction

Conducting a large-scale assessment such as the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) entails the successful coordination of numerous projects, committees, procedures, and tasks. This appendix provides an overview of the NAEP 1996 science assessment's primary components: framework, instrument development, administration, scoring, and analysis. A more extensive review of the procedures and methods used in the science assessment will be included in two technical reports: NAEP 1996 Technical Report and Technical Report of the NAEP 1996 State Assessment Program in Science.

The NAEP 1996 Science Assessment

The science framework for the 1996 National Assessment of Educational Progress was produced under the auspices of the National Assessment Governing Board through a consensus process managed by the Council of Chief State School Officers, who worked with the National Center for Improving Science Education and the American Institutes for Research. The framework was developed over a ten-month period between October 1990 and August 1991. The following factors guided the process for developing consensus on the science framework:

- The active participation of individuals such as curriculum specialists, science teachers, science supervisors, state assessment developers, administrators, individuals from business and industry, government officials, and parents;
- The representation of what is considered essential learning in science, and the recommendation of innovative assessment techniques to probe the critical abilities and content areas; and
- The recognition of the lack of agreement on a common scope of instruction and sequence, components of scientific literacy, important outcomes of learning, and the nature of overarching themes in science.

¹ National Assessment Governing Board. (1995). Science framework for the 1996 National Assessment of Educational Progress. Washington, DC: Author.



While maintaining some conceptual continuity with the NAEP 1990 science assessment, the 1996 framework takes into account the current reforms in science education, as well as documents such as the science framework used for the 1991 International Assessment of Educational Progress. In addition, the Framework Steering Committee recommended that a variety of strategies be used for assessing students' performance. These included:

- Performance tasks that allow students to manipulate physical objects and draw scientific understanding from the materials before them,
- Constructed-response questions that provide insights into students' levels of
 understanding and ability to communicate in the sciences as well as their ability to
 generate, rather than simply recognize, information related to scientific concepts
 and their interconnections, and
- Multiple-choice questions that probe students' conceptual understanding and ability to connect ideas in a scientifically sound way.

Percentage of Assessment Time by Major Dimensions of Framework

The framework for the 1996 science assessment can be represented as a matrix with two dimensions represented by three fields of science (earth, physical, and life) and three elements of knowing and doing science (conceptual understanding, scientific investigation, and practical reasoning). In addition, there are two overarching domains that describe science, nature of science and themes. Figures A.1a, A.1b, and A.1c describe, respectively, the fields of science, the elements of knowing and doing, and the overarching domains that guided the development of the 1996 science assessment.



Figure A.1a

Descriptions of the Three Fields of Science



Earth Science

The earth science content assessed centers on objects and events that are relatively accessible or visible. The concepts and topics covered are solid Earth (lithosphere), water (hydrosphere), air (atmosphere), and the Earth in space. The solid Earth consists of composition; forces that alter its surface; the formation, characteristics and uses of rocks; the changes and uses of soil; natural resources used by humankind; and natural forces within the Earth. Concepts and topics related to water consist of the water cycle; the nature of oceans and their effects on water and climate; and the location of water, its distribution, characteristics, and effect of and influence on human activity. The air is broken down into composition and structure of the atmosphere (including energy transfer); the nature of weather; common weather hazards; and air quality and climate. The Earth in space consists of setting of the Earth in the solar system; the setting and evolution of the solar system in the universe; tools and technology that are used to gather information about space; apparent daily motions of the Sun, the Moon, the planets and the stars; rotation of the Earth about its axis, and the Earth's revolution around the Sun; and tilt of the Earth's axis that produces seasonal variations in the climate.

Physical Science

The physical science component relates to basic knowledge and understanding concerning the structure of the universe as well as the physical principles that operate within it. The major sub-topics probed are matter and its transformations, energy and its transformations, and the motion of things. Matter and its transformations are described by diversity of materials (classification and types and the particulate nature of matter); temperature and states of matter; properties and uses of material (modifying properties, synthesis of materials with new properties); and resource management. Energy and its transformations involve different forms of energy; energy transformations in living systems, natural physical systems, and artificial systems constructed by humans; and energy sources and use, including distribution, energy conversion, and energy costs and depletion. Motion is broken down into an understanding of frames of reference; force and changes in position and motion; action and reaction; vibrations and waves as motion; general wave behavior; electromagnetic radiation; and the interactions of electromagnetic radiation with matter.

Life Science

The fundamental goal of life science is to attempt to understand and explain the nature and function of living things. The major concepts assessed in life science are change and evolution, cells and their functions (not at grade 4), organisms, and ecology. Change and evolution includes diversity of life on Earth; genetic variation within a species; theories of adaptation and natural selection; and changes in diversity over time. Cells and their functions consists of information transfer; energy transfer for the construction of proteins; and communication among cells. Organisms are described by reproduction, growth and development; life cycles; and functions and interactions of systems within organisms. The topic of ecology centers on the interdependence of life—populations, communities, and ecosystems.

SOURCE: National Assessment Governing Board. (1995). Science framework for the 1996 National Assessment of Educational Progress. Washington, DC: Author.



. 9*£* 85

Figure A.1b

Descriptions of Knowing and Doing Science



Conceptual Understanding

Conceptual understanding includes the body of scientific knowledge that students draw upon when conducting a scientific investigation or engaging in practical reasoning. Essential scientific concepts involve a variety of information including facts and events the student learns from science instruction and experiences with the natural environment and scientific concepts, principles, laws, and theories that scientists use to explain and predict observations of the natural world.

Scientific Investigation

Scientific investigation probes students' abilities to use the tools of science, including both cognitive and laboratory tools. Students should be able to acquire new information, plan appropriate investigations, use a variety of scientific tools, and communicate the results of their investigations.

Practical Reasoning

Practical reasoning probes students' ability to use and apply science understanding in new, real-world applications.

SOURCE: National Assessment Governing Board. (1995). Science framework for the 1996 National Assessment of Educational Progress. Washington, DC: Author.



Figure A.1c

Description of Overarching Domains



The Nature of Science

The nature of science incorporates the historical development of science and technology, the habits of mind that characterize these fields, and methods of inquiry and problem-solving. It also encompasses the nature of technology that includes issues of design, application of science to real-world problems, and trade-offs or compromises that need to be made.

Themes

Themes are the "big ideas" of science that transcend the various scientific disciplines and enable students to consider problems with global implications. The NAEP science assessment focuses on three themes: systems, models, and patterns of change.

- Systems are complete, predictable cycles, structures or processes occurring in natural phenomena. Students should understand that a system is an artificial construction created to represent, or explain a natural occurrence. Students should be able to identify and define the system boundaries, identify the components and their interrelationships and note the inputs and outputs to the system.
- Models of objects and events in nature are ways to understand complex or abstract phenomena. As such they have limits and involve simplifying assumptions but also possess generalizability and often predictive power. Students need to be able to distinguish the idealized model from the phenomenon itself and to understand the limitations and simplified assumptions that underlie scientific models.
- Patterns of change involve students' recognition of patterns of similarity and differences, and recognize how these patterns change over time. In addition, students should have a store of common types of patterns and transfer their understanding of a familiar pattern of change to a new and unfamiliar one.

SOURCE: National Assessment Governing Board. (1995). Science framework for the 1996 National Assessment of Educational Progress. Washington, DC: Author.



Table A.1 summarizes the distribution of assessment time for grade 8 for the three fields of science (earth, physical, and life), the three elements of knowing and doing science (conceptual understanding, scientific investigation, and practical reasoning) as well as the two overarching domains that describe science (nature of science and themes). The three fields of science provide the basis for the content area scales. Care was taken to insure congruence between the percentages used in the assessment (actual) and those indicated in the assessment specifications (recommended). A number of the questions that assess each of the fields of science and each of the ways of knowing and doing science also probe the nature of science and themes (systems, models, and patterns of change). Actual and recommended percentages of assessment time for these two overarching domains are also presented in the table.

Table A. I	stribution of Assessmen r Grade 8	THE NATION'S REPORT CARD 1996 State Assessment
	Actual	Recommended*
Fields of Science		
Earth	30%	30%
Physical	30%	30%
Life	40%	40%
Knowing and Doing Science		
Conceputual Understanding	45%	45%
Scientific Investigation	29%	30%
Practical Reasoning	26%	25%
Nature of Science	21%	≥15%
Themes	49%	50%

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



^{*} National Assessment Governing Board. (1995). Science framework for the 1996 National Assessment of Educational Progress. Washington, DC: Author.

The Assessment Design

Each student in the assessment received a booklet containing six sections. Three of the sections were blocks² of cognitive questions that assessed the knowledge and skills outlined in the framework. The other three sections were sets of background questions. Two of the three cognitive sections contained only paper-and-pencil questions, and the third section consisted of a hands-on task with related paper-and-pencil questions. Students at grade 8 were allowed 30 minutes to complete each cognitive section.

There were 15 different sections or blocks of cognitive questions usually consisting of both multiple-choice and constructed-response questions. Each student's booklet contained three of these blocks of cognitive questions. Short constructed-response questions required a few words or a sentence or two for an answer (e.g., briefly stating how nutrients move from the digestive system to the tissue) while extended constructed-response questions generally required a paragraph or more (e.g., outlining an experiment to test the effect of increasing the amount of available food on the rate of increase of the hydra population). Some extended constructed-response questions also required diagrams, graphs, or calculations. It was expected that students could adequately answer the short constructed-response questions in about two to three minutes and the extended constructed-response questions in about five minutes.

Other features were built into the blocks of questions. Four of the blocks were handson tasks where students were given a set of equipment and asked to conduct an investigation
and answer questions relating to the investigation. Every student conducted a hands-on task
that was always presented as the third cognitive section. A second feature was the inclusion
of theme blocks — one assessing systems, one assessing models, and one assessing patterns
of change. For example, students were shown a simplified model of part of the solar system
with a brief description, and then asked a number of questions based on this scenario. Theme
blocks were placed randomly in the student booklets, but not in every booklet. No student
received more than one theme block.

Each booklet in the assessment also included three sets of student background questions. The first, consisting of general background questions, asked students about their race/ethnicity, mother's and father's level of education, reading materials in the home, homework, and school attendance. The second, consisting of science background questions, asked students questions about their classroom learning activities such as hands-on exercises, courses taken, use of specialized resources such as computers, and views on the utility and value of science. (Students were given five minutes to complete each of these sets of questions.) The third set contained five questions about students' motivation to do well on the assessment, their perception of the difficulty of the assessment, and their familiarity with the types of cognitive questions asked; this section took three minutes or less to complete.

² "Blocks" are collections of questions grouped, in part, according to the amount of time required to answer them.



The data in Table A.2 reflect the number of questions by type and by grade level for the 1996 national NAEP assessment. The assessment pool for grade 8 contained 194 questions — 74 multiple-choice (MC), 100 short constructed-response (SCR), and 20 extended constructed response (ECR). Of the 74 MC items, 9 were administered to grades 4 and 8 and 21 were administered to grades 8 and 12, leaving 44 of the multiple-choice items unique to the grade 8 assessment. Similarly, there were also some SCR items that were common between the different grades. Of the 100 SCR items, 16 were common between grades 4 and 8, and 26 were common between grades 8 and 12. The grade 8 assessment had 58 unique short constructed-response items. Likewise, there were also ECR items that were common between the different grades. Four of the ECR items were common between grades 4 and 8, and 3 were common between grades 8 and 12, thus leaving 13 of the extended constructed-response items unique to the grade 8 assessment.

Using information gathered from the field test, the booklets were carefully constructed to balance time requirements for the question types in each block. More information on the design of the assessment is presented in the forthcoming *NAEP 1996 Technical Report*.

Table A.2	Distribution of Questions by Type THE NATION'S REPORT CARD 1996 State Assessment				
		Grade 8			
	Multiple-Choice	Short Constructed-Resonse	Extended Constructed-Resonse		
	0	16	4		
Grades 4 & 8 Overlap	9	10	4		
Grade 8 Only	44	58	13		
Grades 8 & 12 Overlap	21	26	3		
TOTAL by Grade	74	100	20		

In addition to the student assessment booklets, three other instruments provided data relating to the assessment: a teacher questionnaire, a school characteristics and policy questionnaire, and a questionnaire designed to gather information about students with disabilities (SD) and limited English proficient (LEP) students.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science

BEST COPY AVAILABLE



90

Assessment.

The teacher questionnaire was administered to the science teachers of the eighth-grade students participating in the assessment. The questionnaire consisted of three sections and took approximately 20 minutes to complete. The first section focused on the teacher's general background and experience; the second section focused on the teacher's background related to science; and the third section focused on classroom information about science instruction.

The school characteristics and policy questionnaire was given to the principal or other administrator in each participating school and took about 20 minutes to complete. The questions asked about school policies, programs, facilities, and the demographic composition and background of the students.

The SD/LEP student questionnaire was completed by a school staff member knowledgeable about those students who were selected to participate in the assessment and who were identified as (1) having an Individual Education Plan (IEP) or equivalent plan (for reasons other than being gifted or talented) or (2) being limited English proficient (LEP). A questionnaire was completed for each SD/LEP student sampled regardless of whether the student participated in the assessment. Each questionnaire took approximately five minutes to complete and asked about the student and the special programs in which he or she participated.

National and State Samples

The national and regional results presented in this report are based on nationally representative probability samples of eighth-grade students. The samples were selected using a complex multistage sampling design that involved sampling students from selected schools within selected geographic areas across the country. The sample design had the following stages:

- 1. Selection of geographic areas (a county, group of counties, or metropolitan statistical area)
- 2. Selection of schools (public and nonpublic) within the selected areas
- 3. Selection of students within the selected schools

Each selected school that participated in the assessment and each student assessed represents a portion of the population of interest. Sampling weights are needed to make valid inferences between the student samples and the respective populations from which they were drawn. In addition, NAEP oversamples nonpublic schools and schools in which more than 15 percent of the student population is non-White. Sampling weights adjust for disproportionate representation due to such oversampling.



Table A.3 provides a summary of the weighted and unweighted student sample sizes for the grade 8 national NAEP 1996 science assessment. The numbers reported include public and nonpublic school students.

National School and Student Sample Sizes for the NAEP 1996 Science Assessment	THE NATION'S REPORT CARO 1996 State Assessment
---	--

	Number of Schools	Unweighted Student Sample Size	Weighted Student Sample Size
Grade 8	202	7,774	3,568,034

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.

The results of the 1996 state assessment program in science provided in this report are based on state-level samples of eighth-grade students. The samples of both public and nonpublic school eighth-grade students were selected based on a two-stage sample design that entailed selecting schools within participating jurisdictions and selecting students within schools. The first-stage samples of schools were selected with a probability proportional to the eighth-grade enrollment in those schools. Special procedures were used for jurisdictions that had many small schools and for jurisdictions that had a small number of schools. In addition, each jurisdiction was provided with a list of substitute schools. For each sampled school, a substitute school was designated that was matched as closely as possible to the characteristics of the sampled school. States were permitted to replace a sampled school that refused to participate with its designated substitute school.



As with the national samples, the jurisdiction samples were weighted to allow for valid inferences about the populations of interest. Tables A.4a and A.4b contain, for public and nonpublic schools respectively, the unweighted numbers of participating schools and students as well as weighted school and student participation rates. Two weighted school participation rates are provided for each jurisdiction. The first rate is the weighted percentage of schools participating in the assessment before substitution. This rate is based only on the number of schools that were initially selected for the assessment. The numerator of this rate is the sum of the number of students represented by each initially selected school that participated in the assessment. The denominator is the sum of the number of students represented by each of the initially selected schools that had eligible student enrolled. This rate included both participating and nonparticipating schools.

The second school participation rate is the weighted participation rate after substitution. The numerator of this rate is the sum of the number of students represented by each of the participating schools, whether originally selected or substituted. The denominator is the same as that for the weighted participation rate for the initial sample. This statement means that for a given jurisdiction, the weighted participation rate after substitution is at least as great as the weighted participation rate before substitution.

Also presented in Tables A.4a and A.4b are the weighted percentages of students who participated after make-up sessions were completed. This rate reflects the percentage of the eligible student population from participating schools within the jurisdiction, and this percentage represents the students who participated in the assessment in either an initial session or a make-up session. The numerator of this rate is the sum, across all assessed students, of the number of students represented by each selected student who was eligible to participate, including students who did not participate.



:00

Table A.4a

NAEP 1996 School and Student Participation Rates by Jurisdiction: Grade 8, Public Schools



	Weighted School F	articipation Rate	Total Number of	Weighted Student	Total Number of
	Before Substitutes	After Substitutes	Schools Participating	Participation Rate	Students Assessed
Nation	80	80	128	93	6,376
Alabama	84	90	96	93	2,186
Alaska ‡	93	93	55	82	1,517
Arizona	87	87	94	90	2,151
Arkansas ‡	<i>7</i> 0	<i>7</i> 1	76	92	1,858
California	83	94	101	92	2,292
Colorado	100	100	108	91	2,514
Connecticut	100	100	102	93	2,489
Delaware	100	100	30	89	1,903
District of Columbia	100	100	33	85	1,700
Florida	100	100	105	90	2,353
Georgia	99	99	100	92	2,470
Hawaii	100	100	51	90	2,153
Indiana	87	90	96 %	92	2,313
lowa ‡	73	83	91	94	2,172
Kentucky	87	92	100	94	2,459
Louisiana	100	100	111	90	2,615
Maine	91	91	95	92	2,254
Maryland ‡	86	86	89	89	2,092
Massachusetts	92	92	98	91	2,287
Michigan ‡	70	8 <i>7</i>	92	90	2,186
Minnesota	86	88	95	92	2,383
Mississippi	89	95	103	92	2,469
Missouri	93	96	105	92	2,389
Montana ‡	70	76	79	92	2,029
Nebraska	99	100	120	92	2,724
Nevada ‡	37	38	28	92	964
New Hampshire ‡	66	68	64	90	1,710
New Jersey ‡	63	64	67	93	1 <i>,57</i> 3
New Mexico	100	100	90	90	2,377
New York ‡	70	78	82	90	1,876
North Carolina	100	100	107	91	2,616
North Dakota	80	93	108	94	2,489
Oregon	86	92	100	89	2,275
Rhode Island	90	90	43	89	2,087
South Carolina ‡	86	87	91	90	2,162
Tennessee	92	92	99	91	2,287
Texas	91	96	102	92	2,300
Utah	100	100	94	90	2,715
Vermont ‡	74	75	78	93	1,914
Virginia	100	100	106	90	2,552
Washington	94	95	105	90	2,501
West Virginia	100	100	105	93	2,602
Wisconsin ‡	78	78	90	90	2,148
Wyoming	100	100	67	93	2,619
DDESS	100	100	111	95	602
DoDDS	100	100	58	93	2,223
Guam	100	100	6	90	930
				L	

National results are based on the national assessment sample, not on aggregated state assessment program samples.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



[‡] Indicates that the jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the guidelines for public school participation rates.

DDESS: Department of Defense Domestic Dependent Elementary and Secondary Schools

DoDDS: Department of Defense Dependents Schools (Overseas)

Table A.4b

NAEP 1996 School and Student Participation Rates by Jurisdiction: Grade 8, Nonpublic Schools



	Weighted School Porticipation Rate		Total	Weighted	Total Number of
	Before Substitutes	After Substitutes	Number of Schools Participating	Student Porticipation Rate	Number of Students Assessed
Nation	77	77	81	97	1,398
Alabama‡	60	60	10	95	144
Arkansas ‡	74	74	6	99	89
Califarnia ‡	80	80	14	96	206
Cannecticut ‡	63	65	20	96	263
Delaware ‡	42	44	13	96	313
District af Calumbia ‡	52	52	19	95	259
Geargia	88	88	9	96	232
lawa	94	94	14	96	246
Kentucky ‡	82	82	13	97	260
Lauisiana ‡	75	75	21	96	424
Maryland ‡	61	64	19	94	322
Massachusetts ‡	75	77	21	94	335
Michigan ‡	80	87	21	97	332
Minnesata ‡	84	84	19	94	247
Missauri	94	100	24	95	365
Mantana	93	97	13	93	154
Nebraska ‡	78	84	20	96	333
Nevada	90	90	8	91	133
New Hampshire ‡	83	83	12	95	179
New Jersey ‡	62	64	20	96	287
New Mexica	95	95	13	95	230
New Yark ‡	84	87	28	97	514
Narth Dakata ‡	70	<i>7</i> 8	10	93	160
Oregan ‡	26	26	4	86	54
Rhade Island ‡	68	68	22	96	340
Sauth Caralina ‡	69	69	8	95	138
Texas ‡	79	79	7	98	130
Utah ‡	64	64	4	93	93
Vermant ‡	72	80	10	91	115
Washingtan	86	86	11	95	215
Wiscansin ‡	65	69	27	96	380
Wyaming ‡	92	92	6	94	47
Guam ‡	79	79	8	94	198

National results are based on the national assessment sample, nat an aggregated state assessment pragram samples.



[‡] Indicates that the jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the guidelines for nanpublic school participation rates.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.

Participation Rate Guidelines

In carrying out the 1996 state assessment program, the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) established participation rate standards that jurisdictions were required to meet in order for their results to be reported. NCES also established additional standards that required the annotation of published results for jurisdictions whose sample participation rates were low enough to raise concerns about their representativeness.

Three states (Nevada, New Hampshire, and New Jersey) failed to meet the initial public school participation rate of 70 percent. For these states, results for eighth-grade public school students are not reported in this or any report of NAEP 1996 science findings. Several other jurisdictions whose results were published received a notation to indicate possible nonresponse bias.

A jurisdiction has its nonpublic school results published in this report and in other reports that include all state-level results if its weighted participation rate for the initial sample of nonpublic schools is greater than or equal to 70 percent AND it meets minimum sample size requirements. Twelve jurisdictions failed to meet one or both of these guidelines at grade 8: Alabama, Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Maryland, New Jersey, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Utah, Wisconsin, and Wyoming. As with public schools, several other jurisdictions whose nonpublic school results were published received a notation to indicate possible nonresponse bias.

NCES standards require weighted school participation rates before substitution of at least 85 percent to guard against potential bias due to school nonresponse. The NCES standards do not explicitly address the use of substitute schools to replace initially selected schools that declined to participate in the assessment. However, considerable technical consideration has been given to this issue. Even though the characteristics of the substitute schools were matched as closely as possible to the characteristics of the initially selected schools, substitution does not entirely eliminate the possibility of bias because of the nonparticipation of initially selected schools. Thus, for the weighted school participation rates that included substitute schools, the guideline was set at 90 percent. This is expressed in the following guideline:

A jurisdiction will receive a notation if its weighted participation rate for the initial sample of schools was below 85 percent <u>and</u> the weighted school participation rate after substitution was below 90 percent.

Seven jurisdictions did not meet this guideline for public schools at grade 8: Arkansas, Iowa, Michigan, Montana, New York, Vermont, and Wisconsin. Fourteen jurisdictions did not meet this guideline for nonpublic schools at grade 8: Arkansas, California, Guam, Kentucky, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New York, North Dakota, Texas, and Vermont.



To help ensure adequate sample representation for each jurisdiction participating in the 1996 state assessment program, NAEP provided substitutes for nonparticipating public and nonpublic schools. (When possible, a substitute school was provided for each initially selected school that declined participation.) For jurisdictions that used substitute schools, the assessment results were based on the student data from all schools participating from both the original sample and the list of substitutes (unless an initial school and its substitute eventually participated, in which case only the data from the initial school were used). For jurisdictions that did not use substitute schools, the participation rates were based on participating schools from the original sample.

The NCES standards specify that attention should be given to the representativeness of the sample coverage. Thus, inadequate representation of an important segment of a jurisdiction's population is of concern, regardless of the overall participation rate. At grade 8, Maryland and South Carolina (for public schools) failed to meet this NCES guideline.

A jurisdiction that is not already receiving a notation for problematic overall school or student participation rates will receive a notation if the sampled students within participating schools included a class of students with similar characteristics that had a weighted student response rate of below 80 percent, and from which the nonresponding students together accounted for more than five percent of the jurisdiction's weighted assessable student sample. Student groups from which a jurisdiction needed minimum levels of participation were determined by the age of the students, whether or not the student was classified as a student with a disability (SD) or of limited English proficiency (LEP), and the type of assessment session (monitored or unmonitored). In addition, for public schools, classes of schools were determined by school level of urbanization, minority enrollment, and median household income of the area in which the school is located. For nonpublic schools, classes of schools were determined by type and location of schools.

This guideline addresses the concern that if nonparticipating schools were concentrated within a particular class of schools, the potential for substantial bias remained, even though the overall level of school participation appeared to be satisfactory. Nonresponse adjustment cells for schools were formed within each jurisdiction, and the schools within each cell were similar in terms of minority enrollment, degree of urbanization, and/or median household income for public schools, and school type and location for nonpublic schools, as appropriate for each jurisdiction. If more than 5 percent (weighted) of the sample schools (after substitution) were nonparticipants from a single adjustment cell, then the potential for nonresponse bias was too great.

In one state (Alaska), the public school student participation rate for grade 8 fell below the NCES-prescribed criterion of 85 percent. No other notations related to student participation rates appear in NAEP 1996 science reports.



104

Students with Disabilities (SD) and Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students

It is NAEP's intent to assess all selected students. Therefore, every effort is made to ensure that all selected students who are capable of participating in the assessment are assessed. Some students sampled for participation in NAEP can be excluded from the sample according to carefully defined criteria. These criteria are described in Chapter 4 of the *NAEP 1996 Science Report Card for the Nation and the States*. Participation information for the SD and LEP populations for the reporting samples is presented in Tables A.5a and A.5b.



Table A.5a

NAEP 1996 Reporting Sample SD and LEP Participation Rates: Grade 8, Public Schools



				f Students — 5D		of Students — LEP
	Identified	Excluded	Identified	Excluded	Identified	Excluded
Nation	14	5	10	4	4	2
Alabama	11	7	11	7	0	0
Alaska	16	5	13	4	5	1 1
Arizana	16	6	9	5	7	2
Arkansas	11	7	10	6	1	1
Califarnia	21	9	8	4	14	6
Calarada	12	7	10	5	3	3
Cannecticut	15	9	13	8	2	2
Delaware	11	2	10	2	1	1 1
District of Calumbia	12	9	10	7	3	2
Flarida	18	10	15	8	4	2
Geargia	11	6	10	5	1	1
Hawaii	11	5	9	4	2	1
Indiana	11	6	11	6	1	0
lawa	15	6	14	5	1	0
Kentucky	9	4	9	4	0	0
Lauisiana	11	6	10	6	0	0
Maine	13	7	13	7	1	0
Maryland	11	5	10	5	2	1 1
Massachusetts	18	8	15	6	3	2
Michigan	10	5	9	5	1	0
Minnesata	12	4	11	4	2	1 1
Mississippi	10	6	10	6	0	0
Missauri	13	6	13	6	1	0
Mantana	9	3	,9	3	0	0
Nebraska	12 20	4 9	11	4	1	0
New Mexica New Yark	-+	9	15	7	7	3
Narth Caralina	16 9	5	8 9	4 5	8	5
Narth Dakata	7	2	7	2	1	1 1
Oregan	12	5	9	4	0 3	0
Rhade Island	17	7	13	5	5	2 2
Sauth Caralina	10	6	10	6	0	0
Tennessee	12	4	12	4	1	1 1
Texas	18	8	11	6	8	3
Utah	9	4	8	4	1	i
Vermant	14	6	13	5	j	il
Virginia	13	7	10	6	4	i i
Washingtan	11	4	8	3	3	il
West Virginia	13	7	13	7	ő	Ö
Wiscansin	12	8	ii	7	2	ĭ
Wyaming	11	5	10	4	โ	o l
DDESS	10	7	8	5	3	3
DaDDS	8	3	6	2	2	ı i
Guam	11	8	7	5	5	3

National results are based on the national assessment sample, not on aggregated state assessment program samples.

DDESS: Department of Defense Domestic Dependent Elementary and Secondary Schools

DoDDS: Department of Defense Dependents Schools (Overseas)

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



SD = Students with Disabilities (the term previously used was IEP).

LEP = Limited English Proficient Students.

To be excluded, a student was supposed to be classified as SD or as LEP and judged incapable of participating in the assessment.

A student reported as belonging to both SD and LEP classifications is counted once in the overall rate (first column), once in the overall excluded rate (second column), and separately in the remaining columns.

Table A.5b

NAEP 1996 Reporting Sample SD and LEP Participation Rates: Grade 8, Nonpublic Schools



	Total Percentage of Students — SD and LEP		Percentage of Students — SD		Percentage of Students — LEP	
	Identified	Excluded	Identified	Excluded	Identified	Excluded
Nation	3	0	2	0	0	0
Arkansas	2	o	2	0	0	0
California	1	0	1	0	0	0
Georgia	0	0	0	0	0	0
lowa	1	0	1	0	0	0
Kentucky	0	0	0	0	0	0
Louisiana] 1	5	1	0	
Massachusetts	5 5	2	1	0	4	0 2 2 0
Michigan	4	2 2	3	0	2	2
Minnesota		0	0	0	0	0
Missouri	0 5 13 2	0	5	0	0	0
Montana	13	1	1	1	12	0
Nebraska	2	0	1	0	0	0
Nevada	2	2	2	2 0	0	0
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0	0	0
New Mexico		0	4	0	0	0
New York	4 2] 1	2	1	0	0
North Dakota	15	1	6	1	10	1
Texas	4	0	4	0	0	0
Vermont	1	1	0	0	1	1
Washington	1	0	0	0	1	0
Guam	0	0	0	0	0	0

National results are based on the national assessment sample, not on aggregated state assessment program samples.

To be excluded, a student was supposed to be classified as SD or as LEP and judged incapable of participating in the assessment.

A student reported as belonging to both SD and LEP classifications is counted once in the overall rate (first column), once in the overall excluded rate (second column), and separately in the remaining columns.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1996 Science Assessment.



SD = Students with Disabilities (the term previously used was IEP).

LEP = Limited English Proficient Students.

Scoring

Materials from the 1996 assessment were shipped to National Computer Systems, where trained staff evaluated the responses to the constructed-response questions using scoring rubrics or guides prepared by Educational Testing Service (ETS). Each constructed-response question had a unique scoring guide that defined the criteria used to evaluate students' responses. The extended constructed-response questions were evaluated with four- or five-level guides, while the short constructed-response questions were rated according to two- or three-level guides.

For the national and state science assessments, more than 4.1 million constructed responses were scored. This number includes rescoring to monitor inter-rater reliability. The overall percentage of agreement for the 1996 national reliability sample was 94 percent at grade 8.

Data Analysis and IRT Scaling

Subsequent to the professional scoring, all information was transcribed to the NAEP database at ETS. Each processing activity was conducted with rigorous quality control. After the assessment information had been compiled in the database, the data were weighted according to the population structure. The weighting for the national and state samples reflected the probability of selection for each student as a result of the sampling design, adjusted for nonresponse. Through stratification, the weighting assured that the representation of certain subpopulations corresponded to figures from the U.S. Census and the Current Population Survey.³

Analyses were then conducted to determine the percentages of students who gave various responses to each cognitive and background question. In determining these percentages for the cognitive questions, a distinction was made between missing responses at the end of a block (i.e., missing responses following the last question the student answered) and missing responses prior to the last observed response. Missing responses before the last observed response were considered intentional omissions. Missing responses at the end of the block were considered "not reached" and treated as if the questions had not been presented to the student. In calculating response percentages for each question, only students classified as having been presented the question were included in the denominator of the statistic.

Item response theory (IRT) was used to estimate average science scale scores for the nation, for various subgroups of interest within the nation, and for the jurisdictions. IRT models the probability of answering a question in a certain way as a mathematical function of proficiency or skill. The main purpose of IRT analysis is to provide a common scale on which performance can be compared across groups — for example, those defined by characteristics such as gender and race/ethnicity.

³ For additional information about the use of weighting procedures in NAEP, see Johnson, E. G. (1989). Considerations and techniques for the analysis of NAEP data. *Journal of Educational Statistics*, 14(4), 303-334.



Because of the BIB-spiraling design used by NAEP, students do not receive enough questions about a specific topic to provide reliable information about individual performance. Traditional test scores for individual students, even those based on IRT, would lead to misleading estimates of population characteristics, such as subgroup means and percentages of students at or above a certain scale score level. Consequently, NAEP constructs sets of plausible values designed to represent the distribution of performance in the population. A plausible value for an individual is not a scale score for that individual but may be regarded as a representative value from the distribution of potential scale scores for all students in the population with similar characteristics and identical patterns of item response. Statistics describing performance on the NAEP science scale are based on the plausible values. They estimate values that would have been obtained had individual scale scores been observed — that is, had each student responded to a sufficient number of cognitive questions so his or her individual scores could be precisely estimated.⁴

Three distinct scales were created at each grade to summarize students' abilities in the three defined fields of science: earth, physical, and life. The scales summarize student performance across all three question types in the assessment (multiple-choice, short constructed-response, and extended constructed-response).

The 1996 science assessment was developed using a new framework. Because it was not appropriate to compare results from the 1996 assessment to those of previous NAEP science assessments, no attempt was made to link or align scores on the new assessment to those of previous assessments. Therefore, it was necessary to establish a new scale for reporting. NAEP assessments developed earlier (such as the 1994 reading assessment) were developed with a cross-grade framework, in which the trait being measured is conceptualized as cumulative across the grades of the assessment. Accordingly, a single 0-to-500 scale was established for all three grades in each of these assessments.

In 1993, the National Assessment Governing Board (NAGB) determined that future NAEP assessments should be developed using within-grade frameworks. This removes the constraint that the trait being measured is cumulative. It also means that there is no need for overlap of questions across grades. Consistent with this view, NAGB also declared that scaling be performed within-grade. Any questions which happened to be the same across grades in the assessment were scaled separately for each grade, thus making it possible for common questions to function differently in the separate grades. The NAEP 1994 history and geography assessments were developed and scaled within-grade. After scaling, the scales were aligned so that grade 8 had a higher mean than grade 4, and grade 12 had a higher mean than grade 8. The results were reported on a final 0-to-500 scale that looked similar to those used in reading, in spite of the differences in development and scaling. This definition of the reporting scale was the source of potential confusion and misinterpretation.

Therefore, for the NAEP 1996 science assessment — which was also developed and scaled using within-grade procedures — a new reporting metric was adopted. The results are

For computational details, see Johnson, E. G., & Zwick, R. (1990). Focusing the new design: The NAEP 1988 technical report (No. 19-TR-20). Princeton, NJ: Educational Testing Service, National Assessment of Educational Progress, and Johnson, E. G., & Allen, N. L. (1992). The NAEP 1990 technical report (No. 21-TR-20). Princeton, NJ: Educational Testing Service, National Assessment of Educational Progress.



⁴ For theoretical and empirical justification of the procedures employed, see Mislevy, R. J. (1991). Randomization-based inference about latent variables from complex samples. *Psychometrika*, 56, 177-196.

reported on 0-to-300 scales and the means for each of the grades are identical. For each grade, the mean for each field of science was set at 150 and the standard deviation was 35. Constraining the mean and standard deviation of the scales to 150 and 35 also constrained, to some degree, the locations of the percentiles for the total group of students at each grade. However, within-grade comparisons of percentiles across subgroups can still provide valuable comparative information. The reporting metric was developed using data from the national assessment program, and the results for the state assessment program were linked to these scales.

In addition to the plausible values for each scale, a composite of the three fields of science scales was created as a measure of overall science performance. This composite was a weighted average of the plausible values for the three science scales, in which the weights were proportional to the relative importance assigned to each field of science in the assessment framework.

In producing the science scales, three distinct IRT models were used. Multiple-choice questions were scaled using the three-parameter logistic (3PL) model; short constructed-response questions rated as correct or incorrect were scaled using the two-parameter logistic (2PL) model; and short constructed-response questions rated according to a three-level rubric, as well as extended constructed-response questions rated on a four- or five-level rubric, were scaled using a generalized partial-credit (GPC) model. Developed by ETS and first used in 1992, the GPC model permits the scaling of questions scored according to multipoint rating schemes. The model takes full advantage of the information available from each of the student response categories used for these more complex constructed-response questions.

The science scale is composed of three types of questions: multiple-choice questions, constructed-response questions scored dichotomously as correct or incorrect, and constructed-response questions scored according to a partial-credit model. One query about the scale concerns the amount of information contributed by each type of question. Unfortunately, there is no simple answer for the NAEP science assessment, due to the complex procedures used to form the composite science scale.

The information provided by a given question is determined by the IRT model used to scale the question and is a function of its item parameters. Thus, the answer to the query, "How much information do the different types of questions provide?" will differ for each level of science performance. When considering the composite science scale, the answer is even more complicated. The science data are scaled separately by the three fields of science. The composite scale is a weighted combination of these scales. IRT information functions are only strictly comparable when they are derived from the same calibration. Because the composite scale is based on three separate calibrations, there is no direct way to compare the information provided by the questions on the composite scale.

Onnoghue, J. R. (1994). An empirical examination of the IRT information of polytomously scored reading items under the Generalized Partial Credit Model. *Journal of Educational Measurement*, 31(4), 295-311.
Muraki, E. (1993). Information functions of the generalized partial credit model. *Applied Psychological Measurement*, 17(4), 351-362.



Muraki, E. (1992). A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm. Applied Psychological Measurement, 16(2), 159-176.

NAEP Reporting Groups

In this report, results are provided for groups of students defined by shared characteristics — region of the country, gender, race/ethnicity, parental education, type of school, participation in Title I programs, and eligibility for the free/reduced-price school lunch program. As described later in this appendix, results are reported for subpopulations only when sufficient numbers of students are assessed and adequate school representation criteria are met. For public school students, the minimum requirement is 62 students in a particular subgroup from at least 5 primary sampling units (PSUs). For nonpublic school students, the minimum requirement is 62 students from at least 6 different schools for the state assessment program or from at least 5 PSUs for the national assessment. The data for all students, regardless of whether their subgroup was reported separately, were included in computing overall results. Definitions of the subpopulations referred to in this report are presented below.

Region

Results are reported for four regions of the nation: Northeast, Southeast, Central, and West. Figure A.2 shows how states are subdivided into these regions. All 50 states and the District of Columbia are listed. Territories and the two Department of Defense Educational Activities jurisdictions are not assigned to any region.

Regional results are based on national assessment samples, not on aggregated state assessment program samples. Thus, the regional results are based on a sample that is different and separate from that used to report the state results.

Figure A.2	Regions	of the Country	THE NATION'S REPORT TREP CARD 1996 State Assessment
Northeast	Southeast	Central	West ·
Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Maine Maryland Massachusetts New Hampshire New Jersey New York Pennsylvania Rhode Island Vermont Virginia*	Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Virginia* West Virginia	Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Michigan Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota Ohio South Dakota Wisconsin	Alaska Arizona California Colorado Hawaii Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Oklahoma Oregon Texas Utah Washington Wyoming

Note: The part of Virginia that is included in the Washington, DC metropolitan area is included in the Northeast region; the remainder of the state is included in the Southeast region.

⁷ For the national assessment, a PSU is a selected geographic region (a county, group of counties, or metropolitan statistical area). For the state assessment program, a PSU is most often a single school.



Gender

Results are reported separately for males and females.

Race/Ethnicity

The race/ethnicity variable is derived from two questions asked of students and, where necessary, school records, and it is used to compare the performance of race/ethnicity subgroups. Two questions from the set of general student background questions were used to determine race/ethnicity:

If you are Hispanic, what is your Hispanic background?	-
OI am not Hispanic	
O Mexican, Mexican American, or Chicano	
O Puerto Rican	
O Cuban	
O Other Spanish or Hispanic background	

Students who responded to this question by filling in the second, third, fourth, or fifth oval were considered Hispanic. For students who filled in the first oval, did not respond to the question, or provided information that was illegible or could not be classified, responses to the following question were examined to determine their race/ethnicity.

<i>y</i>	
Which best describes you?	
O White (not Hispanic)	
O Black (not Hispanic)	
O Hispanic ("Hispanic" means someone who is Mexican, Mexican American, Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish or Hispanic background)	
O Asian or Pacific Islander ("Asian or Pacific Islander" means someone who is from a Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Filipino, Vietnamese, or other Asian or Pacific Islander background.)	
O American Indian or Alaskan Native ("American Indian or Alaskan Native" means someone who is from one of the American Indian tribes or one of the original people of Alaska.)	
O Other (specify)	
	J

Students' race/ethnicity was then assigned on the basis of their responses. For students who filled in the sixth oval ("Other") and provided illegible information or information that could not be classified, or who did not respond at all, race/ethnicity was assigned as determined by school records.8

Race/ethnicity could not be determined for students who did not respond to either of the demographic questions and whose schools did not provide information about race/ethnicity.

⁸ The procedure for assigning race/ethnicity was modified for Hawaii. For details, see Allen, N. L., Swinton, S. S., Isham, S. P., & Zelenak, C. A. (1997). Technical report of the NAEP 1996 state assessment program in science. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Statistics.



Details of how race/ethnicity classifications were derived are presented so that readers can determine how useful the results are for their particular purposes. Also, some students indicated that they were from a Hispanic background (e.g., Puerto Rican or Cuban) and that a racial/ethnic category other than Hispanic best described them. These students were classified as Hispanic based on the rules described above. Furthermore, information from the schools did not always correspond to how students described themselves. Therefore, the racial/ethnic results presented in this report attempt to provide a clear picture based on several sources of information.

Parents' Highest Level of Education

The variable representing the level of parental education is derived from responses to two questions from the set of general student background questions. Students were asked to indicate the extent of their mother's education.

How far in school did your mother go?	
O She did not finish high school.	
O She graduated from high school.	l
O She had some education after high school.	
O She graduated from college.	
OI don't know.	

Students were asked a similar question about their father's education level.

	How far in school did your father go?
	O He did not finish high school.
	O He graduated from high school.
	O He had some education after high school.
	O He graduated from college.
	OI don't know.
1	

The information was combined into one parental education reporting variable through the following process. If a student indicated the extent of education for only one parent, that level was included in the data. If a student indicated the extent of education for both parents, the higher of the two levels was included in the data. If a student did not know the level of education for both parents or did not know the level for one parent and did not respond for the other, the parental education level was classified as "I don't know." (Nationally, 9 percent of eighth graders reported that they did not know the education level of either of their parents.) If the student did not respond for either parent, the student was recorded as having provided no response. Approximately 2 percent of the students provided no response.



Type of School

Results are reported by the type of school that the student attends — public or nonpublic. Nonpublic schools include Catholic and other private schools. Although Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) schools and Department of Defense Domestic Dependent Elementary and Secondary Schools (DDESS) are not included in either the public or nonpublic categories, they are included in the overall national results. (A separate sample for DDESS was included as a jurisdiction in the state assessment.)

Students from the overseas Department of Defense Schools (DoDDS) and from the five U.S. Territories (American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands) are not included in NAEP national assessment samples. These jurisdictions are eligible, however, to participate in NAEP's state assessment program. Two of these jurisdictions, DoDDS and Guam, as well as DDESS schools, participated as separate jurisdictions, in the 1996 state NAEP program.

Title I Participation

Based on available school records, students were classified either as currently participating in a Title I program or receiving Title I services, or as not receiving such services. The classification applies only to the school year when the assessment was administered (i.e., the 1995-96 school year) and is not based on participation in previous years. If the school did not offer any Title I programs or services, all students in that school were classified as not participating.

Eligibility for the Free/Reduced-Price School Lunch Program

Based on available school records, students were classified as either currently eligible for the free/reduced-price lunch component of the Department of Agriculture's National School Lunch Program or not eligible. The classification applies only to the school year when the assessment was administered (i.e., the 1995-96 school year) and is not based on eligibility in previous years. If school records were not available, the student was classified as "Information not available." If the school did not participate in the program, all students in that school were classified as "Information not available."

Cautions in Interpretations

As described earlier, the NAEP science scale makes it possible to examine relationships between students' performance and various background factors measured by NAEP. However, a relationship that exists between achievement and another variable does not reveal its underlying cause, which may be influenced by a number of other variables. Similarly, the NAEP assessments do not capture the influence of unmeasured variables. The results are most useful when they are considered in combination with other knowledge about the student population and the educational system, such as trends in instruction, changes in the schoolage population, and societal demands and expectations.



Guidelines for Analysis and Reporting

This report describes science performance of eighth-graders and examines the results for various groups of students within this population (e.g., those who have certain demographic characteristics or who responded to a specific background question in a particular way). It also examines the results for individual demographic groups and individual background questions. However, it does not include an analysis of the relationships among combinations of these subpopulations or background questions.

Estimating Variability

Because the statistics presented in this report are estimates of group and subgroup performance based on samples of students rather than the values that could be calculated if every student in the nation answered every question, the degree of uncertainty associated with the estimates should be taken into account. Two components of uncertainty are accounted for in the variability of statistics based on student ability: (1) the uncertainty due to sampling only a relatively small number of students and (2) the uncertainty due to sampling only a relatively small number of cognitive questions. The first component accounts for the variability associated with the estimated percentages of students who had certain background characteristics or who answered a certain cognitive question correctly.

Because NAEP uses complex sampling procedures, conventional formulas for estimating sampling variability that assume simple random sampling are inappropriate. NAEP uses a jackknife replication procedure to estimate standard errors. The jackknife standard error provides a reasonable measure of uncertainty for any student information that can be observed without error. However, because each student typically responds to only a few questions within any content area, the scale score for any single student would be imprecise. In this case, plausible values technology can be used to describe the performance of groups and subgroups of students, but the underlying imprecision involved in this step adds another component of variability to statistics based on NAEP scale scores.⁹

When the standard error is based on a small number of students or when the group of students is enrolled in a small number of schools, the amount of uncertainty associated with the standard errors may be quite large. Throughout this report, estimates of standard errors subject to a large degree of uncertainty are followed by the "!" symbol. In such cases, the standard errors — and any confidence intervals or significance tests involving these standard errors — should be interpreted cautiously. Additional details concerning procedures for identifying such standard errors are discussed in the forthcoming *NAEP 1996 Technical Report*.

The reader is reminded that, like findings from all surveys, NAEP results are subject to other kinds of error, including the effects of imperfect adjustment for student and school nonresponse and unknowable effects associated with the particular instrumentation and data collection methods. Nonsampling errors can be attributed to a number of sources — inability to obtain complete information about all selected schools in the sample (some students or

⁹ For further details, see Johnson, E. G., & Rust, K. F. (1992). Population inferences and variance estimation for NAEP data. *Journal of Educational Statistics*, 17, 175-190.



schools refused to participate, or students participated but answered only certain questions); ambiguous definitions; differences in interpreting questions; inability or unwillingness to give correct information; mistakes in recording, coding, or scoring data; and other errors in data collecting, data processing, and sampling, and in estimating missing data. The extent of nonsampling error is difficult to estimate, and because of their nature, the impact of such errors cannot be reflected in the data-based estimates of uncertainty provided in NAEP reports.

Drawing Inferences from the Results

Because the percentages of students in these subpopulations and their average scale scores are based on samples rather than on the entire population of eighth-graders in the nation or a jurisdiction, the numbers reported are estimates. As such, they are subject to a measure of uncertainty, reflected in the standard error of the estimate. When the percentages or average scale scores of certain groups are compared, the standard errors should be taken into account, and observed similarities or differences should not be relied on solely. Therefore, the comparisons discussed relating to the assessment are based on statistical tests that consider the magnitude of the difference among the averages or percentages and the standard errors of those statistics.

The results from the sample, taking into account the uncertainty associated with all samples, are used to make inferences about the population. Using confidence intervals based on the standard errors provides a way to make inferences about the population averages and percentages in a manner that reflects the uncertainty associated with the sample estimates. An estimated sample average scale score ± 2 standard errors approximates a 95 percent confidence interval for the corresponding population quantity. This statement means that one can conclude at the 95 percent confidence level that the average performance of the entire population of interest (e.g., all eighth-grade students in public schools in a jurisdiction) is within ± 2 standard errors of the sample average.

As an example, suppose that the average science scale score of the students in a particular group was 156 with a standard error of 1.2. A 95 percent confidence interval for the population quantity would be as follows:

Average \pm 2 standard errors 156 \pm 2 x 1.2 156 \pm 2.4 153.6, 158.4

Thus, one can conclude at the 95 percent level of confidence that the average scale score for the entire population of students in that group is between 153.6 and 158.4.

Similar confidence intervals can be constructed for percentages, if the percentages are not extremely large or extremely small. For extreme percentages, confidence intervals constructed in the above manner may not be appropriate, and accurate confidence intervals can be constructed only by using procedures that are quite complicated.

Extreme percentages, defined by both the magnitude of the percentage and the size of the sample from which it was derived, should be interpreted with caution. (The forthcoming *NAEP 1996 Technical Report* contains a more complete discussion of extreme percentages.)



Analyzing Group Differences in Averages and Percentages

The statistical tests determine whether the evidence, based on the data from the groups in the sample, is strong enough to indicate that the averages or percentages are actually different for those groups in the population. If the evidence is strong (i.e., the difference is statistically significant), the report describes the group averages or percentages as being different (e.g., one group performed higher than or lower than another group), regardless of whether the sample averages or percentages appear to be approximately the same. If the evidence is not sufficiently strong (i.e., the difference is not statistically significant), the averages or percentages are described as being not significantly different, regardless of whether the sample averages or percentages appear to be approximately the same or widely discrepant.

Again, the reader is cautioned to rely on the results of the statistical tests rather than on the apparent magnitude of the difference between sample averages or percentages when determining whether the sample differences are likely to represent actual differences among the groups in the population.

To determine whether a real difference exists between the average scale scores (or percentages of a certain attribute) for two groups in the population, one needs to obtain an estimate of the degree of uncertainty associated with the difference between the averages (or percentages) of these groups for the sample. This estimate of the degree of uncertainty, called the standard error of the difference between the groups, is obtained by taking the square of each group's standard error, summing the squared standard errors, and taking the square root of that sum.

Standard Error of the Difference =
$$SE_{A-B} = \sqrt{SE_A^2 + SE_B^2}$$

Similar to how the standard error for an individual group average or percentage is used, the standard error of the difference can be used to help determine whether differences among groups in the population are real. The difference between the averages or percentages of the two groups \pm two standard errors of the difference represents an approximate 95 percent confidence interval. If the resulting interval includes zero, there is insufficient evidence to claim a real difference between the groups in the population. If the interval does not contain zero, the difference between the groups is statistically significant (different) at the 0.05 level.

Group	Average Scale Score	Standard Error
A	118	0.9
В	116	1.1

As an example, to determine whether the average science scale score of Group A is higher than that of Group B, suppose that the sample estimates of the average scale scores and standard errors were as follows:



The difference between the estimates of the average scale scores of Groups A and B is two points (118 - 116). The standard error of this difference is

$$\sqrt{0.9^2 + 1.1^2} = 1.4$$

Thus, an approximate 95 percent confidence interval for this difference is Difference ± 2 standard errors of the difference

$$2 \pm 2 \times 1.4$$

 2 ± 2.8
 $-0.8, 4.8$

The value zero is within the confidence interval; therefore, there is insufficient evidence to claim that Group A outperformed Group B.

The procedures described in this section and the certainty ascribed to intervals (e.g., a 95 percent confidence interval) are based on statistical theory that assumes that only one confidence interval or test of statistical significance is being performed. In sets of confidence intervals, statistical theory indicates that the certainty associated with the entire set of intervals is less than that attributable to each individual comparison from the set. To hold the significance level for the set of comparisons at a particular level (e.g., 0.05), adjustments called multiple comparison procedures must be made to the methods described in the previous section. One such procedure, the Bonferroni method, was used in the analyses of the 1996 assessment to adjust the confidence intervals for the differences among groups when sets of comparisons were considered. Thus, the confidence intervals for these sets of comparisons are more conservative than those described on the previous pages.

For example, most of the multiple comparisons in the *NAEP 1996 Science Report Card for the Nation and the States* pertain to relatively small sets or families of comparisons. For discussions concerning comparisons of parents' level of education, six comparisons were conducted — that is, all pairs of the four parental education levels were compared. In these situations, Bonferroni procedures were appropriate. However, for the cross-state comparisons with a large family of comparisons, the False Discovery Rate (FDR) procedure¹¹ was used to control the certainty level.

Unlike the Bonferroni procedure, which controls the familywise error rate (i.e., the probability of making even one false rejection in the set of comparisons), the FDR procedure controls the expected proportion of falsely rejected hypotheses. Furthermore, Bonferroni procedures are considered conservative for large families of comparisons. Therefore, the FDR procedure is more suitable for cross-state comparisons. A detailed description of the Bonferroni and FDR procedures appears in the NAEP 1996 Technical Report and Technical Report of the NAEP 1996 State Assessment Program in Science.

¹²Williams, V. S. L., Jones, L. V., & Tukey, J. W. (1994, December). Controlling error in multiple comparisons with special attention to the National Assessment of Educational Progress. Research Triangle Park, NC: National Institute of Statistical Sciences.



¹⁰Miller, R. G. (1966). Simultaneous statistical inference. New York: McGraw-Hill.

¹¹Benjamini, Y., & Hochberg, Y. (1994). Controlling the false discovery rate: A practical and powerful approach to multiple testing. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, Series B*, 57(1), 289-300.

ISBN 0-16-049565-2

9 0 0 0 0

7 780 160 495656

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

Acknowledgments

This report is the culmination of the effort of many individuals who contributed their considerable knowledge, experience, and creativity to the NAEP 1996 science assessment. The NAEP 1996 science assessment was a collaborative effort among staff from the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), the National Assessment Governing Board (NAGB), Educational Testing Service (ETS), Westat, Inc., and National Computer Systems (NCS). In addition, the program benefited from the contributions of hundreds of individuals at the state and local levels — governors, chief state school officers, state and district test directors, state coordinators, and district administrators — who tirelessly provided their wisdom, experience, and hard work. Most importantly, NAEP is grateful to the students, teachers, and administrators who made the completion of the science assessment possible.

The NAEP 1996 science assessment was funded through NCES, in the Office of Educational Research and Improvement of the U.S. Department of Education. The Commissioner of Education Statistics, Pascal D. Forgione, and the NCES staff — Janis Brown, Peggy Carr, Arnold Goldstein, and Steven Gorman — worked collegially with the authors to produce this report. In particular, the authors are indebted to Arnold Goldstein of NCES for coordinating the activities of the many people who contributed to this report.

The NAEP project at ETS is housed in the Center for the Assessment of Educational Progress under the direction of Paul Williams. The NAEP 1996 assessments were directed by Stephen Lazer and John Mazzeo. Tom Corley, Lee Jones, Tim Ligget, Beth Nichols, Christine O'Sullivan, Amy Pearlmutter, Will Pfeiffenberger, Mario Yepes-Baraya, and Ann Marie Zolandz worked with the Science Instrument Development committee to develop the assessment instrument. Sampling and data collection activities were conducted by Westat under the direction of Rene Slobasky, Nancy Caldwell, Keith Rust, and Dianne Walsh. Printing, distribution, scoring, and processing activities were conducted by NCS under the direction of Brad Thayer, Patrick Bourgeacq, Charles Brungardt, Jay Happel, Mathilde Kennel, Linda Reynolds, and Brent Studer.

The complex statistical and psychometric activities necessary to report results for the NAEP 1996 Science Assessment were directed by Nancy Allen, John Barone, James Carlson, and Juliet Shaffer. The analyses presented in this report were led by John Donoghue and Steven Isham with assistance from Spencer Swinton, Lois Worthington, Inge Novatkoski, Kate Pashley, David Freund, and Norma Norris.

Jennifer Nelson was responsible for the development and creation of the computer-generated tables, with assistance from Stephen Szyszkiewicz, Norma Norris, and Sharon M. Davis-Johnson. Other NAEP staff members at ETS who contributed by checking the data, text, and tables in this report are Karen Damiano, Katonya Davis, Sharon M. Davis-Johnson, and Craig Pizutti.

Cover design and production of the print version was directed by Carol Errickson, with the assistance of Loretta Casalaina and Sharon M. Davis-Johnson. The World Wide Web version of the compendium was produced by Pat O'Reilly and Phillip Leung, with assistance from Debbie Kline. The NAEP 1996 Science Cross-State Data Compendium for all participating jurisdictions is available via http://nces.ed.gov/naep.

Many thanks are due to the numerous reviewers, both internal and external to NCES and ETS. The comments and critical feedback of the following reviewers are reflected in this report and the science state report on which it is based: Peggy Carr, Mary Frase, Arnold Goldstein, Andrew Kolstad, Michael Ross, and Shi-Chang Wu of NCES; Rolf Blank of CCSSO; Audrey Champagne of the State University of New York in Albany; Michelle Leon of the Connecticut Department of Education; Will Pfeiffenberger of ETS; Senta Raizen of the National Center for Improving Science Education; and Mistilina Sato of Stanford University.



United States
Department of Education
Washington, DC 20208-5653

Official Business Penalty for Private Use, \$300 Postage and Fees Paid U.S. Department of Education Permit No. G-17

Standard Mail (B)







U.S. Department of Education

Office of Educational Research and Improvement (OERI)
National Library of Education (NLE)
Educational Resources Information Center (ERIC)



NOTICE

REPRODUCTION BASIS

This document is covered by a signed "Reproduction Release (Blanket) form (on file within the ERIC system), encompassing all or classes of documents from its source organization and, therefore, does not require a "Specific Document" Release form.
does not require a "Specific Document" Release form.



This document is Federally-funded, or carries its own permission to reproduce, or is otherwise in the public domain and, therefore, may be reproduced by ERIC without a signed Reproduction Release form (either "Specific Document" or "Blanket").



